THE NEW TESTAMENT*

* For the Greek Text of the New Testament, see Ap. 94. For the New Testament and the order of its books, see Ap. 95.

THE INTER-RELATION OF THE FOUR GOSPELS.*
THEIR STRUCTURE AS A WHOLE.
GOD SPEAKING "BY HIS SON" (Heb. 1. 2).+
THE PROCLAMATION OF THE KING AND THE KINGDOM.
THE REJECTION OF THE KINGDOM AND THE CRUCIFIXION OF THE KING.
(Alternation.)
A ¹ MATTHEW. The Lord presented as Jehovah's KING. "Behold THY KING" (Zech. 9. 9). "Behold 1 will raise unto David a Righteous BRANCH, [‡] and a KING shall reign and prosper" (Jer. 23. 5,6; 33. 15). Hence the <i>royal</i> genealogy is required from Abraham and David downward (1. 1-17): and He is presented as what He is—before MAN (relatively)— the highest earthly position, the King.
B ¹ MARK. The Lord presented as Jehovah's SERVANT. "Behold MY SERVANT" (Isa. 42. 1). "Behold, I will bring forth My Servant THE BRANCH" [‡] (Zech. 3. 8). Hence No genealogy is required : and He is presented as what He is—before God (rela- tively)—the lowest earthly position, the ideal Servant.
A ² LUKE. The Lord presented as Jehovah's MAN. "Behold THE MAN Whose name is THE BRANCH "‡ (Zech. 6. 12). Hence the <i>human</i> genealogy is required upward to Adam (Luke 3. 23-33): and He is presented as what He is-before MAN (intrinsically)—the ideal man.
(Isa. 40.9). "In that day shall Jehovah's BRANCH‡ (i.e. Messiah) be beautiful and glorious" (Isa. 4.2). Hence No genealogy is required; and He is presented as what He is—before GoD (intrinsically)—Divine.
* For the order of the Gospels and the other books of the N.T., see Ap. 95. II.
+ For the "sundry times " and " divers manners" in which God has spoken to mankind, see Ap. 95. I.
[†] There are twenty-three Hebrew words translated "Branch" in the Old Testament. This word (zemach) occurs twelve times (see Ap. 10); but in the passages here quoted it refers specially to the Messiah, and forms a link which connects the four characteristics of "the Branch" with the four presentations of the Messiah, as set forth in the subject-matter of each of the four Gospels respectively.
In Jer. 23. 5, 6, and 33. 15, Christ is presented as "the Branch", the KING raised up to rule in righteousness. This forms the subject-matter of MATTHEW'S Gospel.
In Zech. 3. s, Christ is presented as "the Branch." the SERVANT brought forth for Jehovah's service. This forms the subject-matter of MARK'S Gospel. He is seen as Jehovah's servant, entering at once on His ministerial work without any preliminary words.
In Zech. 6. 12, Christ is presented as "the Branch" growing up out of His place. This is the characteristic of LUKE'S Gospel, in which this growing up forms the subject-matter of the earlier (and separate) portion of the Gospel, and brings out the perfections of Christ as "perfect man".
In Isa. 4. 2, Christ is presented as "the Branch of Jehovah" in all His own intrinsic beauty and glory. This is the great characteristic of the subject-matter of JOHN'S Gospel.
The Four Gospels thus form one complete whole, and are not to be explained by any "synoptic" arrangement.
The four are required to set forth the four aspects of the LIFE of Christ, as the four great offerings are required to set forth the four aspects of His DEATH.
No one Gospel could set forth the four different aspects of the life and ministry of the Lord Jesus, as no one offering could set forth all the aspects of His death. Hence, it is the Divine purpose to give us, in the four Gospels, four aspects of His life on earth. God has so ordered these that a "Harmony" is practically impossible; and this is the reason why, out of
more than thirty attempts, there are scarcely two that agree, and not one that is satisfactory. The attempt to make <i>one</i> , is to ignore the Divine purpose in giving <i>four</i> . No one view could give a true idea of any building; and no one Gospel "Harmony" can include a complete
 presentation of the Lord's life on earth. See further on "the Diversity" and "the Unity" of the Four Gospels in Appendixes 96 and 97. Through failure to recognize this fourfold Divine presentation of the Lord, the term "Synoptic Gospels" has been given to the first three, because they are supposed to take one and the same point of view, and thus to differ from the fourth Gospel: whereas the difference is caused by the special object of John's Gospel, which is to present the Lord from the Divine standpoint. John's Gospel is thus seen from the Structure above to be essentially one of the four, and not one standing apart from the three.

	THE GOSPEL
	ACCORDING TO
	MATTHEW.
	THE STRUCTURE OF THE BOOK AS A WHOLE.
	"BEHOLD THY KING" (Zech. 9.9).
	(Introversion.)
A'	A 1. 1-2. 23. PRE-MINISTERIAL.
	B 3. 1-4. THE FORERUNNER.
	C 3. 5-17. THE BAPTISM : WITH WATER.
	D 4.1-11. THE TEMPTATION : IN THE WILDERNESS.
	E F 4. 12-7. 29. THE KINGDOM PROCLAIMED. THE FOURFOLD
	G 8. 1-16. 20. THE KING)
	$G \mid 16, 21-20.34$. THE KING REJECTED. THE LORD.
	F 21. 1—26. 36. THE KINGDOM)
	$D \mid 26.36-46$. THE AGONY: IN THE GARDEN. $C \mid 26.47-28.15$. THE BAPTISM: OF SUFFERING (DEATH, BURIAL, AND RESURREC-
	TION, 20. 22).
	B 28.16-18. THE SUCCESSORS.
	A 28. 19, 20. POST-MINISTERIAL.
1	For the New Testament, and the order of the Books, see Ap. 95. For the Diversity of the Four Gospels, see Ap. 96. For the Unity of the Four Gospels, see Ap. 97.
1	For the Fourfold Ministry of the Lord, see Ap. 119.
]	For words peculiar to Matthew's Gospel, see some 110 recorded in the notes.

1		
NOTES ON MATTHEW'S GOSPEL.		
The Divine purpose in the Gospel by MATTHEW is to set forth the Lord as Jehovah's KING. Hence those events in His ministry are singled out and emphasized which set forth His claims as the Messiah—sent to fulfil all the prophecies concerning Him.		
Compared with Mark and Luke, Matthew has no less than thirty-one sections which are peculiar to his Gospel; and all more or less bearing on the King and the Kingdom, which are the special subjects of this Gospel		
I. Four events connected with His infancy :		
The Visit of the Wise Men (2. 1-15). The Massacre at Bethlehem (2. 16-18).		
The Flight into Egypt (2. 19-22).		
The Return to Nazareth (2. 23).		
II. Ten Parables :		
The Tares (13. 24-30).The Labourers in the Vineyard (20. 1-16).The Hid Treasure (13. 44).The Two Sons (21. 28-32).		
The Pearl (13. 45). The Marriage of the King's Son (22. 1-14).		
The Drag-net (13. 47). The Ten Virgins (25. 1-13). The Unmerciful Servant (18. 23-35). The Talents (25. 14-46).		
III. Two Miracles:		
The Two Blind Men (20. 30-34).		
The Coin in the Fish's Mouth (17. 24-27).		
IV. Nine Special Discourses :		
The Sermon on the Mount (5-7). The Invitation to the Weary (11. 28-30).		
Idle Words (12. 36, 37).		
The Revelation to Peter (16, 17-19). See Ap. 147. Humility and Forgiveness (18, 15-35).		
His Rejection of that Generation (21. 43). The Eight Woes (23. See Ap. 126).		
The Prophecy on Olivet (24. 1-25. 46). See Ap. 155.		
The Commission and Promise (28. 18-20). See Ap. 167.		
V. Six events in connection with His Passion:		
The Conspiracy and Suicide of Judas (26, 14-16; 27, 3-11). The Dream of Pilate's Wife (27, 19).		
The Resurrection of Saints after His Resurrection (27, 52, 53).		
The suggested Plot about His Body (27. 62–64). The Watch at the Sepulchre (27. 65, 66).		
The Earthquake on the Resurrection Morning (28. 2).		
Most of these have to do with the special object of this Gospel. The words and expressions peculiar to this		
Gospel have the same purpose: such as "the kingdom of heaven", which occurs thirty-two times, and not once in any other Gospel; "Father in heaven", which occurs fifteen times in Matthew, only twice in Mark,		
and not once in Luke*; "son of David", ten times in Matthew, three in Mark, and three in Luke; "the end of the age", only in Matthew; "that it might be fulfilled which was spoken", nine times in Matthew, and		
nowhere else; "that which was spoken", or "it was spoken", fourteen times in Matthew, and nowhere else.		
Altogether, Matthew has sixty references to the Old Testament, for the Law and the Prophets were fulfilled in the coming of the Messiah. The verb <i>rheo</i> occurs twenty times in Matthew (fourteen times of the prophets,		
and six times in the Sermon on the Mount, rendered "say", Matt. 5. 21, 27, 31, 33, 38, 43).		
The question of modern critics as to the source whence the Evangelists got their material does not arise; for,		
as in the case of Luke (1.3), it was revealed to them "from above" (Gr. anothen); see note there. Hence the Divine purpose in Luke is to present the Lord not merely as "perfect God" (as in Luke 1. 32-35 and in John);		
but as "perfect man", full of human tenderness and compassion. Hence also the early chapters concerning;		
His birth and infancy in Luke's Gospel.		

* Luke 11. 2, "which is in heaven", being omitted by all the critical texts. See Ap. 94. VII.
+ Mark 13. 14, "spoken of by Daniel the prophet", being omitted by all the critical texts. See Ap. 94. VII.

°THE °GOSPEL ° ACCORDING TO MATTHEW. ° THE ° book of the ° generation of ° Jesus | TITLE. The. The titles of the N.T. books in the A.V. AACa 1 Christ, and R.V. form no part of the books themselves in the (p. 1307) original text. ° the Son of David. b **Gospel.** Anglo-Saxon Godspell = a narrative of God: i.e. a life of Christ. The English word "Gospel" ° the Son of Abraham. с has no connection with the Greek euaggelion, which $2\ ^\circ Abraham\ ^\circ begat\ Isaac\ ;\ and\ Isaac\ ^\circ begat\ ^\circ$ Jacob ;\ and\ Jacob\ ^\circ begat\ ^\circ Judas\ ^\circ and\ his D denotes good news, and was in use as = joyful tidings, &c., B. C. 9, in an inscription in the market-place of brethren: Priene (now Samsun Kalê, an ancient city of Ionia, 3 And ² Judas ² begat ^o Phares and Zara of near Mycale), and in a letter (papyrus) 250 years later; "Thamar; and Phares ² begat "Esrom; and both are now in the Royal Library in Berlin. Esrom ² begat [°]Aram; 4 And Aram ² begat [°]Aminadab; and Aminaaccording to=i.e. recorded by. Gr. kata. Ap. 104, x. The title "Saint", as given in the A.V. and R.V., is a mistranslation of the headings found only in the later dab ² begat ^o Naasson; and Naasson ² begat MSS., which are derived from Church lectionaries; and should have been rendered "THE HOLY GOSPEL Salmon ; 5 And Salmon ² begat ^o Booz of ^o Rachab; ACCORDING TO MATTHEW". The R.V. reads and Booz ² begat ^o Obed of Ruth; and Obed "The Gospel according to Matthew"; L Tr. T and ² begat ^o Jesse ; WH read "according to Matthew"; B omits the word 6 And Jesse ² begat ^o David the king; hagion = holy.Matthew. See Ap. 141. 1. 1-2. 23 (A, p. 1305). PRE-MINISTERIAL. (Alternation.) A | A | 1. 1-17. Concerning others. Ancestors. B | 1. 18-25. Concerning Jesus Christ. Birth in the Land. A | 2. 1-12. Concerning others. The Wise Men. B | 2. 13-23. Concerning Jesus Christ. Flight from the Land. 1. 1-17 (A, above). CONCERNING OTHERS. ANCESTORS. (Introversion.) A | C | a | 1-. Jesus Christ. b | -1-. David. In Sum. Ascent. c | -1. Abraham.) D | 2-6-. The Lay Ancestors: Abraham to David (1 Sam. 16. 13). Fourteen Generations (v. 17). E -6-11. The Royal, or Crowned, Ancestors: David (2 Sam. 5. 3-5) to Josiah. In Detail. Fourteen Generations (v. 17). $D \mid 12-16$. The Lay Ancestors : Jeconiah to Christ. Fourteen Generations (v. 17). $c \mid 12-10$, $c \mid 17-$, Abraham. David In Sum. Descent. Cb | -17-. David. a | -17. Jesus Christ. 1 The. No Art. in the Greek, but required in English. book = scroll, as in Gen. 5. 1 (Sept.). See notes on Gen. 2. 4, and 5.1; and on the Structure of Genesis, p. 1. Occurs only in connection with the first man and the second man (Gen. 5, 1 and Matt. 1. 1). generation - genealogy or pedigree. See Ap. 99. The same meaning as the Heb. expression (Gen. 5. 1). Jesus Christ: i.e. the humbled One now exalted. See Ap. 98. XI. the Son of David. Because promised directly to David (2 Sam. 7. 12, 16). Jesus Christ: i.e. the humbled One now The expression occurs nine times of Christ in Matt. (1. 1; 9. 27; 12. 23; 15. 22; 20. 30, 31; 21. 9, 15; 22. 42). Cp. Ps. 132, 11. Isa. 11. 1. Jer. 23. 5. Acts 13. 23. Rom. 1. 3. David, heir to the throne. Ap. 98. XVIII. The name of David is in the commencement of the N.T. and in the end also (Rev. 22. 16). the Son of Abraham. Because promised to him (Luke 1.73), and received with joy by him as by David (John 8. 56. Matt. 22. 43). Cp. Gen. 12. 3; 22. 18. Gal. 3. 16. Heir to the land (Gen. 15. 18). Ap. 98. XVII. 2 Abraham. Gen. 21. 2, 3. Rom. 9. 7, 9. begat. Gr. gennao. When used of the father = to beget or engender; and when used of the mother it means to bring forth into the world; but it has not the intermediate sense, to conceive. In vv. 2-16- it is translated begat, and should be so in vv. -16 and 20 also. In 1. 1 the noun Judas = Judah. Gen. 29. 35; 49. 10. genesis means birth. Jacob. Gen. 25. 26. and his brethren. Because the promise was restricted to the house of Judah; not extended to the whole house of Abraham or of Isaac. 3 Phares and Zara. Heb. Pharez and Zarah. Twins. Gen. 38. 29, 30. Thamar. Gen. 38, 11-30. The first of four women in this genealogy. The other three were Rahab, v. 5; Ruth, v. 5; Bathsheba, v. 6. Note the Introversion :- Hebrew, Gentile; Gentile, Hebrew : showing the Ruth, J. 1
Hubb, Ram. Ruth 4. 19. 1 Chron. 2. 11.
Heb. Ram. Ruth 4. 19. 1 Chron. 2. 11.
Maasson. Heb. Nahshon. Ruth 4. 20. Ex. 6. 23.
Salmon. Heb. Salma.
Boaz. Ruth 4. 21. 1 Chron. 2. 12.
Rachab. Eng. Rahab. Josh. 2. 1; 6. 25. See note on Thamar, v.3.
Jesse. Ruth 4. 22. 1 Chron. 2. 12.
Jesse. Ruth 4. 22. 1 Chron. 2. 12.
Boarid is because of the object of Matthew's Gospel. See the Structure on p. 1305. Luke 1. 32.

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E (p. 1307)	that had been the wife of °Urias; 7 And Solomon ² begat °Roboam; and Ro- boam ² begat °Abia; and Abia ² begat °Asa; 8 And Asa ² begat °Josaphat; and Josaphat ² begat ° Joram; and Joram ² begat °Ozias; 9 And Ozias ² begat °Joatham; and Joatham ² begat °Achaz; and Achaz ² begat °Ezekias; 10 And Ezekias ² begat ° Manasses; and Ma- nasses ² begat °Amon; and Amon ² begat °Josias; 11 And Josias ² begat ° Jechonias and his brethren, about the time °they were carried away to Babylon:	 the king. Omitted by all the critical Greek texts enumerated and named in Ap. 94. VII. Solomon. 2 Sam. 12. 24. The line in Matthew is the regal line through Solomon, exhausted in Joseph. The line in Luke is the legal line through Nathan, an elder brother (2 Sam. 5. 14), exhausted in Mary. If Christ be not risen, therefore, all prophecies must fail. her, &c. See note on Thamar, v. 3. Urias = Uriah (2 Sam. 12. 24). 7 Roboam = Rehoboam (1 Kings 11. 43). Note that in this case and in the three following :Rehoboam (a bad father) begat a bad son (Asa); Asa (a good father) begat a bad son (Jehoshaphat); Jehoshaphat (a good father) begat a bad son (Jehoram).
D	12 And after ° they were brought to Babylon, ° Jechonias ² begat ° Salathiel; and Salathiel ² begat ° Zorobabel; 13 And Zorobabel ² begat Abiud; and Abiud ² begat Eliakim; and Eliakim ² begat Azor; 14 And Azor ² begat Sadoc; and Sadoc ² be- gat Achim; and Achim ² begat Eliud; 15 And Eliud ² begat Eleazar; and Eleazar ² begat Matthan; and Matthan ² begat Jacob; 16 And Jacob ² begat Joseph the husband of Mary, °of whom was ° born ° Jesus, Who is called ° Christ.	A bia = Abijam (1 Kings 14. 31); Abijah (2 Chron. 12. 16). See note on v. 7. Asa. 1 Kings 15. 8. B Josaphat = Jehoshaphat (2 Chron. 17-18). Joram = Jehoram (2 Kings 8. 16. 2 Chron. 21. 1). Three names are omitted here. All are not necessary in a royal genealogy. In v. 1 three names are sufficient. The four names are : 1. Ahaziah (2 Kings 8. 27. 2 Chron. 22. 1-9). 2. Joash or Jehoash (2 Kings 11. 2-12. 20. 2 Chron. 24. 1-25). 3. Amaziah (2 Kings 14. 8-20. 2 Chron. 25. 1, 8). 4. Jehoiakim (2 Kings 23. 36-24. 6. 2 Chron. 36. 5-8). Ozias=Uzziah (2 Chron. 26. 1), or Azariah (2 Kings
Cc	17 °So °all ° the generations from ¹ Abraham to ¹ David <i>are</i> ° fourteen generations ;	14. 21). 9 Joatham = Jotham (2 Kings 15. 7. 2 Chron. 26. 23).
ъ	and from ¹ David until the ¹¹ carrying away into Babylon <i>are</i> fourteen generations;	Achaz = Ahaz (2 Kings 15. 38. 2 Chron. 27. 9). Ezekias = Hezekiah (2 Kings 16. 20. 2 Chron. 28. 27). 10 Manasses = Manasseh. (2 Kings 20. 21. 2 Chron.
a	and from the carrying away into Babylon unto ¹⁶ Christ <i>are</i> fourteen generations.	32. 33.) Amon. (2 Kings 21. 18. 2 Chron. 33. 20.)
В F (р. 1308) 5 в.с.	18 ° Now the ° birth of ° Jesus Christ was ° on this wise: When as His mother ° Mary ° was espoused to Joseph, ° before they ° came to- gether, she was found with child of ° the Holy Ghost.	Josias = Josiah (2 Kings 21. 24. 2 Chron. 33. 25). 11 Jechonias = Jehoiachin (2 Kings 24. 8). they were carried away = removed. Gk. metoikesia = the Babylonian transference. A standing term. Occurs only in Matt. It began with Jehoiakim, was continued in Jechoniah, and completed in Zedekiah (2 Kings
	but, "no sons to sit on the throne of David". hence was the grandson of Jeconiah (1 Chron. 3. 17- real son of Pedaiah (1 Chron. 3. 19), but the legal son of 16 of whom. Gr. ex hös, fem. [Mary]. born == See note on "begat" (v. 2). Jesus. See Ap. 98. X 17 So. Verse 17 is the Fig Symperasma. Ap. 6. above. The first begins with the call of Abraham, ar The second begins with the building of the Temple, with the nation under the power of Babylon, and fourth of the world-powers of Dan. 2). the: i.e., fourteen. It is not stated that there were forty-tw as shown in the Structure above. Note the three of Daniel (Dan. 9. Ap. 91).	of Salathiel (cp. Deut. 25. 5). See Ezra 3. 2; 5. 2. Neh. 12. 1, brought forth. Gr. gennaö. Spoken, here, of the mother. Christ = Anointed. Heb. Messiah. See Ap. 98. IX. all the generations. See the Structure D, E, D, and ends with the call of David the layman (1 Sam. 16. 13). and ends with the destruction of it. The third begins ends with it under the power of Rome (the first and the generations given above, not all recorded in the O.T. o, but three fourteens are reckoned in a special manner, livisions of the whole period, as in the seventy weeks of
		ESUS CHRIST. HIS BIRTH. (Introversion.)
	$ \begin{array}{c cccc} H & 21. \\ H & 22, \\ G & 24. \\ F & 25. \\ Birth. \end{array} $	e angel of Jehovah. Prophecy delivered. 23. Prophecy quoted. e angel of Jehovah.
	 18 Now: or, But, in contrast with those mention. Christ was on this wise (for after His mother was e hagion". See Ap. 101. II. 14. birth = begetting. Father. This verse is quoted by Irenæus (A. D. 178) Messiah. So translated in John 1. 41; 4. 25. See the cases recorded in vv. 2-16. Mary. Se espoused = had been betrothed. By divine (rderin might be united and exhausted in Messiah. 14. 72. Luke 22. 61. John 4. 49; 8. 58; 14.9); print 22. 34. Acts 2. 20; 7. 2; 25. 16). In eleven of the did take place. In the other three, one was mirac absolutely certain (Acts 2. 20); the other was legall 	ed in vv. 2-16. Render: "The begetting, then, of Jesus spoused to Joseph, she was found with child) of pneuma Gr. gennēsis. Occ. only here and Luke 1. 14, used of the). Jesus (Om. by Tr. [WH] Rm.) Christ. Heb. Ap. 98. XI. on this wise: i.e. not begotten, as in see Ap. 100 for the six of this name in N.T. was ng, so that the two lines, through Solomon and Nathan, before. Gr. prin. Occ. seven times (26. 34, 75. Mark \tilde{e}_i occ. seven times (Matt. 1. 18. Mark 14. 30. Luke 2. 26; fourteen passages where this word occurs the events ulously prevented (John 4. 49); the day of the Lord is

	1. 19. MAT	THEW.	2. 1.
5 в.с.	19 Then Joseph her husband, [°] being a just <i>man</i> , [°] and [°] not [°] willing to [°] make her a publick example, [°] was minded to [°] put her away [°] privily.	19 being a just man = though he was (i. e. desirous of obeying the Law). and = yet. not. Gr. $m\bar{e}$. A not willing = not wishing. Gr. thel \bar{o} . S	Ap. 105. II.
G (p. 1308)	20 But while °he thought on ° these things, ° behold, °the °angel of ° the LORD ° appeared unto him in ° a dream, saying, "Joseph, thou ¹ son of David, ° fear ¹⁹ not to take unto thee Mary thy wife: for That Which is ° conceived in her is of ¹¹ the Holy Ghost.	to make her a publick example = to ex shame. LTTr. A WH read deigmatizō inst deigmatizō. Occurs only here and in Col. exposure would have necessitated her bei death, according to the Law (Deut. 22. 22). was minded = made up his mind, or dete	xpose her to tead of <i>para</i> - . 2. 15. This ing stoned to Cp. John 8. 5.
н		boulomai. See Ap. 102. 2. put her away=divorce her according (Deut. 24. 1).	to the Law
H	22 Now °all this was done, that it might be ° fulfilled which was ° spoken ° of ²⁰ the LORD	privily = secretly. By putting a "bill of into her hand" (Deut. 24. 1). 20 he thought: i.e. pondered about or c this step. This was Satan's assault, as he h	ontemplated
	[°] by the prophet, saying, 23 ²⁰ "Behold, [°] a virgin shall be with child, and shall ²¹ bring forth a Son, and they shall call ²¹ His name [°] Emmanuel, which being	Abraham before (Gen. 12, 11-13). See Ap. these things. The two courses open to behold. Fig. Asterismos. Ap. 6. the angel of the LORD. The first of three	23. him in v. 19.
G	interpreted is, ° God with us." 24 Then Joseph being raised from sleep did as ²⁰ the angel of ²⁰ the LORD had bidden him,	to Joseph in these chapters, G and G, p. 13 2. 13, 19). angel=messenger. The context must a	308 (1. 20, 24;
F	and took unto him his wife: 25 And °knew her °not °till she had ²¹ brought forth °her firstborn Son: and °he called ²¹ His name ²¹ JESUS.	whether human or Divine. the LORD = Jehovah. NoArt. See Ap. 98. appeared. Gr. phainō. See Ap. 105. I. a dream. Gr. onar. Occurs only in Matt 13, 19, 22; and 27. 19). Only six dreams ment	. (here; 2. 12, ioned in N.T.
A J (p. 1309) 4 b. c.	2 Now when ° Jesus was born ° in ° Bethle- hem of Judæa ° in the days of ° Herod the king, ° behold, there came ° wise men from the ° east ° to Jerusalem,	To Joseph (Matt. 1. 20; 2. 13, 19, 22); to the (Matt. 2. 12); and to Pilate's wife (Matt. 27) fear not = Be not afraid. This shows his mind. conceived = begotten. Gr. gennao, as in	7.19). condition of
	Jah prefixed = God [our] Saviour, or God Who [is] s and none other, or He is the One Who (emph.). the whole of. fulfilled. See Ap. 103 for the Gr. to rhēthen. By Isaiah to Ahaz (Isa. 7. 13-16), b 104. xviii. 1. by = through, or by means of. Gr. 7. 13-15. See the notes there. Gr. parthenos, whi Ap. 103, and 107. I. i. Emmanuel. Occurs o 25 knew her. Heb, idiom, and Fig. Metonymy (of	21 bring forth. Not the same word as i e not Joseph's son. His name. F Ap. 48. The same as the Heb. Hoshea (Num salvation. Cp. Luke 2. 21. See Ap. 98. X. sins. Gk. hamartia. See Ap. 128. II. i. first fulfilment of prophecy in the N.T. ut afterwards written. $of = by.$ Gr dia. Ap. 104. v. 1. 23 a virgin. Quo ch settles the meaning of the word in Iss nly in Matt. See Ap. 98. VII. God. S 'Adjunct) for cohabitation. Note the imper r. ou. Ap. 105. I. till. Matt. 12. 46-5 e force of this word heōs in Matt. 28. 20, "unto (A. D. 172) and twelve of the Fathers before chan and Sinaitic (cent. 4). All the Text.	in vv. 2, 16, 20. ig. Pleonasm. A. 13. 16) with §e = He, 22 all = spoken. . hupo. Ap. ted from Isa. A. 7. 14. See See Ap. 98. I. rfect tense = 0; 13. 55, 56, 0". her cent. 4; and s omit "her
	(Introversion A J 1. The Wise Men. Arriva K 2. The Star. Notificati L 3. Herod hears of the M d 4. His Question e 5, 6. Their A	on. 9 Wise Men. n to Rulers. "Where?" .nswer. on to the Wise Men. "What Time?" Vission	
	1 Jesus. See Ap. 98. X. in. Gr. en. Ap. 1 Lahm, five miles south of Jerusalem. One of the (Gen. 35. 16, 19). Herod the king. To distingu	04. viii. Bethlehem = house of bread of fenced cities of Rehoboam, originally call hish him from other Herods. See Ap. 109. men. Gr. magoi. It nowhere says they we opriests or kings. The "adoration of the resented in the Temple forty-one days after hence returned to Nazareth (Luke 2. 39). Ap. ethlehem, they found the Lord. They did n well on their way home, easily escaped f fixed on "two years" (Matt. 2. 16), which a flight to Egypt, He returned once more to Luke 2. 39 and 40. east. North and south	led Ephrath behold. ere Gentiles, Magi" must er His birth 169. There, tot return to from Herod. would have to Nazareth h are always

	2. 2. MATT	THEW. 2. 13	3.
К (р. 1309) 4 в. с.	2 Saying, ""Where is He That "is born King of the Jews? for "we have seen "His star in the least, and "are come to "worship Him."	2 Where? This is the first question in the N.T. See note on the first question in the O.T. (Gen. 3. 9). is born = has been brought forth : see note on 1. 2. we have seen = we saw : i.e. we being in the eas saw.	
L	3 ° When ¹ Herod the king ° had heard these things, he ° was troubled, and ° all Jerusalem with him.	His star. All questions are settled if we regard thi as miraculous. Cp. Num. 24, 15-19. are come = we came.	
MId	4 And when he had gathered all the °chief priests and °scribes of the People together, he °demanded of them ° where °Christ should be born.	worship = do homage. Gr. proskuneö. See Ap. 137. ; 3 When = But. had heard = on hearing. was troubled. The enemy used this for another attempt to prevent the fulfilment of Gen. 3. 15. Set	ə r
e	5 And they said unto him, ¹ "In ¹ Bethlehem of Judæa: for thus it is ° written ° by the pro- phet, 6 · And thou ¹ Bethlehem, in the land of ° Juda,	 Ap. 23. all Jerusalem. Fig. Synecdoche (of the Whole), Ap. 6 = most of the people at Jerusalem at that time. 4 chief priests, &c.: i.e. the high priest and other priests who were members of the Sanhedrin, or National Council. 	ər
	°art °not the least °among the °princes of °Juda: for °out of thee shall °come a Gover- nor, That shall °rule My People Israel.'"	scribes of the People = the $Sopherim$, denoting the learned men of the People; learned in the Scriptures and elders of the Sanhedrin. This incident show	s, vs
M d	7 Then ¹ Herod, when he had $^{\circ}$ privily called the ¹ wise men,	that intellectual knowledge of the Scriptures withou experimental delight in them is useless. Here it was used by Herod to compass Christ's death (cp. Luke 22, 66	ıs
е	 ^o enquired of them ^o diligently ^o what time ^o the star ^o appeared. 8 And he sent them to ¹ Bethlehem, and said, "Go and search ⁷ diligently ^o for the ^o young Child; and when ye have found <i>Him</i>, bring me word again, ^o that ³ may come and ² worship Him also." 	The scribes had no desire toward the person of th "Governor", whereas the wise men were truly wise, i that they sought the person of Him of Whom th Scriptures spoke and were soon found at His fee Head-knowledge without heart-love may be use against Christ. demanded = kept enquiring. where, &c. This was the first of the two importan	ne ne nt.
L	9 When they ° had heard the king, they ° departed ;	questions: the other being "what time", &c., v. 7. Christ=the Messiah. See Ap. 98. IX.	
K	and, °lo, the star, which °they saw ² in the east, °went before them, °till it °came and stood over where the ⁸ young Child was. 10 When they °saw the star, they °rejoiced with exceeding great joy. 11 And when they were come °into the house, they saw the ⁸ young °Child with °Mary His mother, and fell down, and ² worshipped °Him: and when they had opened their °trea- sures, they presented unto Him gifts; °gold, and frankincense, and myrrh.	 5 written = standeth written. Not spoken, as in v. 2: Quoted from Mic. 5. 2. See Ap. 107. II. 3 b. by = by means of. Gr. dia. Ap. 104. v. 1. 6 Juda = Judah. art not the least. Fig. Tapeinösis (Ap. 6), in order the magnify the place. not = by no means. Gr. oudamös. Occurs only here among. See Ap. 104. viii. 2. princes. Put by the Fig. Metonymy (of Subject Ap. 6, for the "thousands" (or divisions) which the led. out. Gr. ek. Ap. 104. vii. See note on Mic. 5. 2. come = come forth, not "come unto", as in Zect 	to e. t),
J $B \mathbf{N}^1 \mathbf{f}$	that they should ° not return ° to ¹ Herod, they ° departed ¹¹ into their own country ° another way.	 9. 9. rule=shepherd. Rulers were so called because th was their office. 7 privily=secretly. enquired diligently=enquired accurately. Cp. Deut. 19. 18. Gr. akriboō. Occ. only here and i 	y
(p. 1311) 13 And when they "were " departed, 'behold, 'v. 16. what time, &c. This was to star. (p. 1311) portant questions : the other being "where" (v. 4). the star appeared = to star. appeared = shone forth. See Ap. 106. I. i. 8 for = concernin Gr paidion. Ap. 108. v. that 3 may come = that I also may come. Metric the star appeared = to others, but "I also" as well as you. 9 had heard = having heard. departed. others, but "I also" as well as you. 9 had heard = having heard. departed. departed. to Bethlehem). Ap. 169. lo. Fig. Asterismos. Ap. 6 (for emphasis). the east. the east. See v. 2. went before = kept going before (Imperfect). Theref phenomenon, but a miraculous and Divine act. till. Implying both distance went: i. e. to Nazareth. See v. 1. 10 saw the star. Supply the Ellipsis for seen the star [standing over where the young child was], they rejoiced ", &c. Fig. Polyptöton (Ap. 6), for emphasis. 11 into. Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi. therefore at Bethlehem, for that would have been into the stable. See note on v. pancy" here. Child. Gr. paidion. See Ap. 108. v. Mary. See Ap. Mary. treasures = receptacles or treasure cases. gold, &c. Fro		 v. 16. what time, &c. This was the second of the appearin the star appeared = the time of the appearin the star appeared = the time of the appearin of the star appeared = the time of the appearing. I. i. 8 for = concerning. young Child is a star = that I also may come. Not "Him also" as well a star = that I also may come. Not "Him also" as well a star = that I also may come. Not "Him also" as well a star = that I also may come. Not "Him also" as well a star = that I also may come. Not "Him also" as well a star = that I also may come. Not "Him also" as well a star = that I also may come. Not "Him also" as well a star = that I also may come. Not "Him also" as well a star = that I also may come. Not "Him also" as well a star = that I also may come. Not "Him also" as well a star = that I also may come. Not "Him also" as well a star = that I also may come. Not "Him also" as well a star = that I also may come. Not "Him also" as well a star = that I also may come. Not "Him also" as well a star = that I also may come. Not "Him also" as well a star = that I also may come. Not "Him also" as well a star = that I also may come and time. came is the star. Supply the Ellipsis from v. 9 (Ap. 6) = "havin was], they rejoiced ", &c. rejoiced with joy to. Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi. into the house. Not into the stable. See note on v. 1. There is no "discret. 108. v. Mary. See Ap. 100. Him. Notes. gold, &c. From three gifts being mentione. But it does not say so, nor that they were king 12 warned of God = oracularly answered, implyin kata. Ap. 104. x. 2. a dream. Gr. onar. Set 105. II. to = unto. Gr. pros. Ap. 104. xv. ther, as in v. 5. 	n-gd.astinal = gy.te-tod s.gee
	13 were departed = had withdrawn or retired.		

	2. 13. MATTHEW. 3.		3. 1.
4 B.C.	[°] the angel of [°] the LORD ⁷ appeareth to Joseph ¹² in a dream,	2. 13-23 (B, p. 1307). CONCERNING JI CHRIST. FLIGHT FROM THE LAND	
g (p. 1311)	saying, "Arise, and °take the ⁸ young Child and His mother, and flee ¹¹ into Egypt, and be thou there until I bring thee word: for ¹ Herod ° will seek the ⁸ young Child to destroy Him."	i 15 Christ's abode. Egypt.)	Event.
h	14 When he arose, he [°] took the ⁸ young Child and His mother by night, and ¹³ departed ¹¹ into Egypt:	O ¹ -15. Prophecy fulfilled. N ² 16. Herod's wrath and crime. Event. O ² 17, 18. Prophecy fulfilled. N ³ f 19. The Angel.) +:
i	15 And was there until the °death of ¹ Herod :	$\begin{vmatrix} g \\ h \end{vmatrix}$ 20. His Command. $h \end{vmatrix}$ 21. Joseph's Obedience.	ven
O ¹	°that it might be fulfilled which was °spoken °of ¹³ the LORD ⁵ by the prophet, saying, °"Out of Egypt °have I called My Son."	$i \mid 22, 23$ Christ's abode. Nazar O ³ -23. Prophecy fulfilled. the angel. See note on 1. 20.	eth.)
N²	16 Then ¹ Herod, when he °saw that he was [°] mocked ¹⁵ of the wise men, was exceeding [°] wroth, and sent forth, and slew °all the [°] children that were ¹ in ¹ Bethlehem, and ¹ in all the [°] coasts thereof, from [°] two years old and under, according to the time which he had ⁷ diligently enquired [°] of the wise men.	the LORD. Here denotes Jehovah. See Ap. 98. V. a. 1. B. b, and 4. II. Divine interposition was needed defeat the designs of the enemy; and guidance was given only as and when needed. Cp. vv. 20, 22. See Ap. 2 take = take with [thee]. will seek = is on the point of seeking. 14 took = took with [him]. 15 death = end. Gr. teleutě. Occ. only here. that = in order that.	
O ²	17 Then was fulfilled that which was [°] spo- ken [°] by [°] Jeremy the prophet, saying, 18 ¹ " In [°] Rama was there a voice heard, [°] lamentation, and weeping, and great mourn- ing, Rachel weeping for her [°] children, and would [°] not be comforted, because they are [°] not."	spoken. As well as written. Cp. vv. 5 and 2 of = by. Gr. hupo. See Ap. 104. xviii. 1. Out of Egypt, &c. Quoted from Hos. 11. Ap. 107. I. 3. Out. Ap. 104. vii. have I called = did	1. See
N ³ f	19 But when ¹ Herod was dead, behold, an ¹⁸ angel of ¹³ the LORD ⁷ appeareth ¹² in a dream to Joseph ¹ in Egypt,	all. The number could not have been great. children == boys. Pl. of pais. Ap. 108. iv. coasts == borders. two years. Gr. dietës. Occ. only in Matthew.	Tt was
g	20 Saying, "Arise, and ¹³ take the ⁸ young Child and His mother, and go ¹¹ into the land of Israel: for °they are dead which sought the ⁸ young Child's °life."	now nearly two years since the birth at Bet Herod had inquired very accurately, v . 7. See vv. 1 and 11. The wise men found a pais, not a bre Ap. 108. iv and viii), as the shepherds did (Luk of = from. Gr. para. Ap. 104. xii. 1.	hlehem. notes on <i>phos</i> (see
h	21 And he arose, and ¹⁴ took the ⁸ young Child and His mother, and came ¹¹ into the land of Israel.	17 spoken. As well as written.	
î	22 But when he heard that °Archelaus did reign ° in Judæa ° in the room of his father ¹ Herod, he was afraid to go thither : notwith- standing, being ¹² warned of God ¹² in a dream, he ° turned aside ¹¹ into the parts of °Galilee : 23 And he came and °dwelt ° in a city called ° Nazareth :		ve miles), Ap. 6,
O ³	°that it might be fulfilled which was °spoken ⁵ by the prophets, "He shall be called a Naza- rene."	life=the soul. Gr. ē psuchē. See Ap. 110. II 22 Archelaus. See Ap. 109. in=over. Gr. epi. See Ap. 104. ix. 1. LT [Tr.] omit epi.	I. [A] WH
B P	3 °In those days ° came ° John the Baptist,	in the room of = instead of. Gr. anti. Ap. 1 turned aside = departed, as in vv. 12, 13.	1.04. 11,
(p. 1312) Q j A. d. 26	• preaching ° in the ° wilderness of Judæa,	23 dwelt=settled. in. Gr. eis. Ap. 1	Ap. 169. 04. vi.
A. D. 20	name. See Ap. 94. III. 3. See note on vv. 1, 11, 16, and not say "written". It is not "an unsolved difficult than one prophet; therefore the reference to the He by Isaiah (Isa. 11. 1; 60. 21), and it was "spoken" by	by ", as alleged. The prophecy had been uttered b. $n\bar{c}zer$ (=a branch) is useless, as it is used of Chu y "the prophets" (pl.). Note the Fig. <i>Hysterësis</i> .	It does by more ist only
	1 In = And in. Gr. en de. See Ap. 104. viii 2. (Ex. 2. 11, 23. Isa. 38. 1, &c.): while the Lord, being gr came. Gr. comes: i.e. presenteth himself. to him (Luke 3. 2). John the Baptist = John	the baptizer. preaching = proclaiming as a lderness = country parts, which were not withou So John, probably in some occupation also; Jo the prophets, and would have been reckoned as	Cp. 2. 23. ad come herald. t towns hn now

	3. 2. MATI	. MATTHEW. 3.	
26 k (p. 1312)	2 And saying, ""Repent ye: for "the king- dom " of " heaven " is at hand."	3. 1-4 (B. p. 1305). THE FORERUNN (Introversion and Alternation.)	ER.
R	3 For this is he that was $^{\circ}$ spoken of $^{\circ}$ by the prophet $^{\circ}$ Esaias,	B P 1 John. Time. Q j -1. His Proclamation. k 2. Subject. Repentance.	
Qj	saying, ° '' The voice of one crying in the ¹ wil- derness,	$\begin{vmatrix} & \mathbf{R} & \mathbf{J} \\ Q & \mathbf{J} & \mathbf{J} \\ Q & \mathbf{J} & \mathbf{J} \\ \mathbf{Q} & \mathbf{J} & \mathbf{J} \\ \mathbf{R} & \mathbf{R} \\ \mathbf{R} & $	
k	'Prepare ye the way of °the LORD, make His paths straight.' "	$k $ -3. Subject. Preparation. $P $ 4. John. Manner. 2 Repent. Gr. metanoeō. See Ap. 111. 1.	
Р	4 And the same John ° had his raiment of camel's hair, and a ° leathern girdle about his loins; and his ° meat was ° locusts and wild honey.	the kingdom of heaven. See Ap. 114. of. Gen. of origin = from. Ap. 17. 2. heaven = the heavens (pl.). See note on 6. 9 is at hand = had drawn nigh. What dra may withdraw. See 21. 43. Acts 1. 6; 3. 20.	,
CS1	5 Then went out ° to him ° Jerusalem, and ° all °Judæa, and ° all the region round about Jordan,	3 spoken. As well as written. by. Gr. hupo. Ap. 104. xviii. 1, but all t	he Greek
\mathbf{m}	6 And ° were ° baptized ° of him ¹ in Jordan, confessing their ° sins.	texts read "dia". Ap. 104. v. 1. Esaias = Isaiah. The first of twenty-one occ of the name in N.T. See Ap. 79.	
т	7 But when he °saw many of the °Pharisees and Sadducees °come °to his °baptism, he said unto them, "O °generation of °vipers, °who hath °warned gou to flee °from °the wrath °to come? 8 Bring forth therefore fruits °meet for ²re- pentance: 9 And °think °not to say °within yourselves, ° We have Abraham to <i>our</i> father :' for I say unto you, that °God is able ° of these stones to raise up °children unto Abraham.	The voice, &c. Quoted from Isa. 40. 3. there. Ap. 107. I. 1. the LORD=Jehovah in Isa. 40. 3. See Ap. a. 1. B. b. 4 had his raiment, &c. Cp. 2 Kings 1. 8. leathern girdle. Worn to-day by pea Palestine. meat=food. locusts. Locusts form the food of the p day; and, being provided for in the Law, are See Lev. 11. 22.	98. VI. i. sants in cople to-
T n o	10 And °now °also the ax °is laid °unto the root of the trees: therefore every tree which bringeth °not forth good fruit °is hewn down, and cast °into the fire. 11 3 indeed ⁵ baptize you °with water ¹⁰ unto repentance:	 3. 5-17 (C, p. 1305). BAPTISM. (Introversion and Alternation.) C S I I 5. The Coming of the People to Joh m [6. Their Baptism. T 7-9. John's Warning. T 10-12. John's Threatening. S I 13. The Coming of Messiah to John 	
р	but He That cometh °after me is mightier than I, Whose ° shoes I am ° not ° worthy to ° bear :	5 $t = 13$. The coming of Messian to John $m \mid 14-17$. His Baptism. 5 to = unto. Gr. pros. Ap. 104. xv. 3. Jerusalem Judæa. Put by Fig. Meta Subject), Ap. 6, for their inhabitants.	
	come = coming. to. Gr. epi. See Ap. 104. in tion = brood or offspring. vipers = a who? Fig. Erotēsis (Ap. 6), for emphasis. or given you the hint? from = away from. The reference is to Mal. 4. 1. The coming of M would have come to pass had the nation repented a Cp. 22. 4). The "times of refreshing", and "the followed. Hence 1 Thess. 1. 10; 2. 16; 5. 9. See 12 21. 22, 23. Acts 28. 25, 28. to come = about to think not for a moment (Aorist). This is an idiom be not of that opinion. not. Gr. mē. Ap. 1 We have, &c. Cp. John 8. 39. Rom. 4. 1-6; 9. 7. Gr. ek. Ap. 104. vii. children. Gr. pl. o	he greater part. all the region. Pr art of the country. 6 were baptiz 15. I. vii. of = by. Gr. hupo. Ap. 104 and Sadducees. See Ap. 120. II. saw. Ap t. 3. baptism. See Ap. 115. II. i. serpents. Not ordinary snakes, but venomor warned, &c. = forewarned; or who hath Gr. apo. Ap. 104. iv. the wrath the preaching of "them that heard Him" (frestiah was always connected with judgmen at the preaching of "them that heard Him" (frestiah was always connected with judgmen to be frequently met with in the Jerusalem 7 05. II. within = among. Gr. en. Ap. 16 Gal. 3. 9. God. Ap. 98. I. i. of f teknon. Ap. 108. I.	ed = were L. xviii, 1. . 133. I. 1. genera- is vipers. suggested to come. t; which Heb. 2. 3. ould have think = Calmud =
	T n 10. Warning. T 0 11 John's B p -11 Christ 0 -11. Christ's H n 12. Warning. T	S THREATENING. (Introversion.) The "Ax" and the "Fire". aptism. t and John. Baptism. The "Fan" and the "Fire". 1 the texts (Ap. 94. VII.). is laid = is	lving at
	The Jerusalem Talmud (<i>Beracoth</i> , fol. 5. 1) refers argues from Isa. 11. 1 that Messiah would be hor 104. xv. 3. is hewn down = getteth hewn do Gr. en. Ap. 104. viii. 1, and Ap. 115. I. iii. The lite Rom. 15. 6. 1 Cor. 4. 21, &c. See Ap. 115. I. iii. 1. a Ap. 105. i. worthy = fit or equal. Not the a fetch. Mark: "stoop down and unloose". Lukes	Isa. 10. 33, 34 to the destruction of Jerusal n shortly before it. $unto = at$. Gr. p own. into. Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi. ral rendering of the Heb. $\supset (Beth = B)$. Matt. 7 a. shoes = sandals. not. Gr. same word as "meet for" in v. 8. bear	em; and ros. Ap. 11 with. . 6; 9. 34. ou. See bring or
3	1	312	

	3. 11. MATTHEW. 4. 3		4. 3.
26	° $\mathfrak{H}_{\mathfrak{s}\mathfrak{t}}$ shall °baptize you ¹¹⁻ with °the Holy Ghost, and with ° fire:	Se shall baptize. "He" is emph.=He Himse and no other. See Ap. 115. See Acts 1. 4, 5; 2. 3 Is. 44. 3. Cp. Ezek. 36. 26, 27. Joel 2. 28.	lf will, ; 11. 15.
n (p. 1312)	12 Whose ° fan <i>is</i> ¹ in His hand, and He will ° throughly purge His ° floor, and ° gather His wheat ¹⁰ into the garner; but ° He will ° burn up the chaff with unquenchable fire."	baptize, with. See Ap. 115. I. iii. 1. c. the Holy Ghost=pneuma hagion, holy sp. "power from on high". No Articles. See A II. 14.	Ap. 101
Sl	13 Then ¹ cometh [°] Jesus [°] from Galilee ⁷ to [°] Jordaa ¹⁰ unto John, ⁷ to be ⁶ baptized ⁶ of him.	fire. See Acts 2.3. Note the Fig. Hendiadys (A with pneuma hagion = yea, with a burning (or pu- spirit too, separating the chaff from the wheat not mingling them together in water. "Fire" is symbolic (see Isa. 4.3. Mal. 3. 1-4; 4.1. Cp. 1	rifying) t (v. 12), in v. 11
m	14 But John ° forbad Him, saying, "J have need to be ° baptized ° of Thee, and comest Theu ⁵ to me?" 15 And ¹³ Jesus answering said ¹⁰ unto him, "Suffer ° <i>it to be so</i> now: for ° thus ° it becometh us to fulfil ° all righteousness." Then he suffered Him. 16 And ¹³ Jesus, when He was ° baptized, went up straightway ° out of the water: and, ° lo, the heavens were opened unto Him, and °He ⁷ saw ° the Spirit of °God descending ° like a ° dove, and ° lighting ° upon Him: 17 And ¹⁶ lo ° a voice ° from ² heaven, saying,	35. 5. Isa. 17. 13; 30. 24; 41. 16. Jer. 51. 2. Hot In v. 12, the "fire" is literal; for destroying, purging. Note the seven emblems of the Spirit (or of hagion) in Scripture. "FIRE" (Matt. 3. 11. Ac "WATER" (Ezek. 36. 25. John 3. 5; 7. 38, 39); " (Ezek. 37. 1-10); "OIL" (Isa. 61. 1. Heb. 1. 9); a (Eph. 1. 13; 4. 30); an "EARNEST" (Eph. 1. 14); a "(Matt. 3. 16). 12 fan = winnowing shovel. God fans to of the chaff; Satan sifts to get rid of the whea 22. 31). throughly = thoroughly. floor = threshing-floor.	s. 13, 3). not for pneuma ts 2 3); WIND" 'SEAL" 'DOVE" get rid
D 11	"This is ° My beloved Son, 'in Whom 'I am well pleased."	gather = gather together. He. The 1611 edition of the A.V. omits "He' burn up. Gr. katakaiō = burn down, or quite 13 Jesus. See Ap. 98. X.	'. up.
D U (p. 1313)	the Lord saw. the Spirit of God. No	from = away from. Gr. apo. Ap. 104. iv. Jordan = the Jordan. 14 forbad = was hindering. Gr. diak $\delta lu\delta$. Och here. 15 it to be so: or, supply the Ellipsis by 4 The Lord was now, and here, recognized by (John 1. 31-34). thus. In fulfilling this duty. it becometh us. This duty was incumbed John as the minister of that Dispensation; 1 is given in John 1. 31. mointing of Messiah (see note on v. 17), and an 29. 4-7; 40. 12. Lev. 8. 6). 16 out of terismos (Ap. 6), for emphasis. te the Articles, and see Ap. 101. II. 3. hosei = as it were (not homoios = resembling in f by form as in Mark 1. 10. In Luke 3. 22 hosei m dily form referring to the Spirit. dov	<pre>'[Me]". y John ent on ikewise ssness: ointing =away w: i.e. God. orm or ay still e. See</pre>
	voice. There were two voices: the first "Thou bodily form was descending; the second (introduce ("abode", John 1. 32). This latter speaking is me John 12. 30. Only one voice at the Transfiguration. beloved Son. Not Joseph's or Mary's son = My	art", &c. (Mark 1.11. Luke 3.22), while the Sj ed by the word "lo"), "this is", &c., after it re- ntioned by John for the same reason as that g from - out of. Gr. ek. Ap. 104. vii. Son, the beloved [Son]. See Ap. 99. in l=I have found delight. Heb. idiom, as in 2 Sam by beloved Son" was the Divine formula of an for that of Priest (Matt 17.5. See Ap. 149); and	mained iven in My n. See h. 22. 20.
	 4. 1-11 (D, p. 1305). THE TEMPTATION. (Introversion.) D U 1-3 Before the Temptation. V -3-10. The Separate Temptations. U 11. After the Temptation. 		
	the Spirit. Ap. 101. II. 3. into. Gr. eis. the garden; Messiah's trial was in the wilderness. manna and disobedient, Christ hungered and obe peirazō; from peirō, to pierce through, so as to to nights. Joined thus with "days", are complete pe came, &c. = having approached Him and said. Ap. 116. came to Him: as to our first pare Ap. 116 for the two sets of three temptations, unde pressions; and, in a different order in Matt. 4 fro "three" or only three; as it is nowhere said that t	an Adam" (1 Cor. 15. 45, 47), and in the same See Ap. 98. X. of by. Gr. hupo. Ap. 104. 3 Ap. 104. vi. wilderness. The first man and His agony in a garden. Contrast Israel: fe dient. tempted = tried, or put to the tess est. 2 forty. The number of probation (1 riods of twenty-four hours. See Ap. 144. 3 the tempter = he who was tempting Him nts, Adam and Eve. See Ap. 19. he said r different circumstances, with different words a m that in Luke 4. It is nowhere said that the	e three xviii. 1. was in ed with at. Gr. Ap. 10). when n. See d. See

4. 3.

MATTHEW.

4. 12.

V W ¹ q ¹ (p. 1314)	° "If Thou be ° the Son of God, ° command that ° these stones ° be made ° bread."	4. -3-10 (V, p. 1313). THE SEPARATE TEMPTA- TIONS. (Repeated and Extended Alternations.)
r1	4 But He answered and ^s said,	$V W^1 q^1 $ -3. Temptation. "If Thou be".
s ¹	°"It is written, ^o Man shall not live ^o by bread	r ¹ 4 Answer. "It is written". s ¹ -4. Scripture. Deut. 8. 3.
	°alone, but ° by every ° word that proceedeth	W^2 q^2 5, 6. Temptation. "If Thou be".
	° out of the mouth of ° God.'"	r ² 7–. Answer. "It is written".
$\mathbf{W}^2 \ \mathbf{q}^2$	5 ° Then the devil c taketh Him up 1 into c the	\mathbf{S}^{2} -7. Scripture. Deut. 6. 16. W ³ \mathbf{q}^{3} 8, 9. Temptation. "If Thou wilt".
	^c holy city, and setteth Him ^o on ^o a pinnacle of the ^o temple,	$\begin{bmatrix} W^3 & q^3 & s, 9. \\ r^3 & 10^ \\ Answer. \\ ``It is written". \end{bmatrix}$
	6 And saith unto Him, ³ " If Thou be ³ the Son	s ³] -10. Scripture. Deut. 6. 13; 10. 20.
	of God, cast Thyself down: for it is written,	If. Gr. ei, with the indicative mood, assuming and taking
	' He shall give His angels charge ° concerning	it for granted as an actual fact : "If Thou art?" See Ap.
1	Thee: and °in their hands they shall bear	118. II. 1.' Same as in v. 6, but not the same as in v. 9. the Son of God. Cp. this with 3. 17, on which the
	Thee up, lest at any time Thou dash Thy foot °against a stone.'"	question is based. See Ap. 98. XV.
r ²	7 'Jesus said unto him, 4"It is written again,	command that=speak, in order that.
	"Thou shalt "not "tempt "the LORD thy	these stones: in this the fourth temptation; but
s ²	God.'"	in the first temptation = "this stone" (Luke 4, 3). be made = become. bread = loaves.
₩³ q³	8°Again, the devil °taketh Him up ¹ into an °ex-	4 It is written = It standeth written. This is the
WY	ceeding high mountain, and sheweth Him all the	Lord's first ministerial utterance; three times. Cp.
	'kingdoms of the 'world, and the glory of them;	the last three (John 17. 8, 14, 17). The appeal is not to the spoken voice (3. 17) but to the written Word. Quoted
	9 And saith unto Him, ""All these things	from Deut. 8. 3. See Ap. 107. I. and 117. I.
	will I give Thee, 'if Thou 'wilt fall down and	Man. Gr. anthröpos. Ap. 123. 1,
	[°] worship me." 10 Then saith ¹ Jesus unto him, [°] " Get thee	by = upon. Gr. $epi.$ Ap. 104. ix. 2. $alone = only.word = utterance.$
r ³	hence, ° Satan:	out of = by means of, or through. Gr. dia. Ap. 104.
s ³	for ⁴ it is written, ° 'Thou shalt ⁹ worship ⁷ the	v. 1. Note the connection of the "hunger" and the
5	LORD thy 'God, and Him 'only shalt thou	"forty" days here, and the same in Deut. 8. 3. God. See Ap. 98. I. i. 1.
	serve,' "	5 Then. The fifth temptation. See Ap. 116.
U	11 Then the devil leaveth Him, and, ° behold,	
(p. 1313)	°angels came and ministered unto Him.	See the usage of $paralamban\bar{o}$, Matt. 17. 1, implying authority and constraint This is the third temptation
EFX	12 Now when 'Jesus had heard that John was cast into prison, He ° departed ' into Galilee;	in Luke (Luke 4. 9), and the difference of the order is ex-
(p. 1315)	cast into prison, ne departed into Gamee,	plained in Ap. 116. Both Gospels are correct and true.
27	11 1 Igo 48 2:52 1 Dan 9 24 The Arabs still ca	the holy city. So called in 27.53. Rev. 11.2. Neh. Il it <i>El Kuds</i> = the holy place. It was so called on account
	of the Sanctuary. holy. See note on Ex. 3. 5	5. on. Gr. epi, Ap. 104. ix. 3. a pinnacle = j
	the wing. Gr. to pterugion, used of that part of the Temple (or Holy Place) where "the abomination of deso-	
	lation" is to stand, according to Theodotion (a fourth reviser of the Sept about the middle of cent. 2). See note on Dan. 9. 27; and cp. Luke 4. 9 and Matt. 24. 15. temple = the temple buildings; not naos,	
	the house itself or Sanctuary. See note on 23.16. 6 cast Thyself down. An attempt upon His life.	
	See Ap. 23, and note on 23. 16. it is written. Satan can quote Scripture and garble it by omitting the	
	essential words "to keep Thee in all Thy ways", and by adding "at any time". Quoted from Ps. 91, 11, 12	
	(not v. 13; see note there). concerning. Gr. peri. Ap. 104. xiii 1. in = upon. Gr. epi, as "on" in v. s against. Gr. pros. Ap. 104. xv. 3. 7 Thou, &c. Quoted from Deut. 6. 16 (Ap. 107, II. 3. c.). not	
	Gr. ou. See Ap. 105. I. tempt. Note the wo	ords which follow: "as ye tempted Him in Massah". A
	the LORD = Jehovah. See Ap. VI. 1. a. 4. B. a	bubt Jehovah's presence and care. It was the same here. 8 Again, &c This should be "The devil taketh Him
	again", implying that he had taken Him there befor	re, as "It is written again" in v. 7. See Ap. 117. I. This is
	the second temptation in Luke (Luke 4.5). ta	keth. As in v. 5; not anagō, "leadeth up", as in Luke
:	4.5. exceeding. Not so in Luke 4.5; because empire (Ap. 129. 2); here it is kosmos (Ap. 129. 1).	there it is only oikoumene, the inhabited world, or Roman kingdoms. See Ap. 112. world. Gr kosmos, the
		All these. Cp. Luke 4 6 and see Ap. 116. if. See
	Ap. 118. I. 2. Not the same as in vv. 3 and 6.	wilt fall down. Not in Luke. worship=do
		o! This is the end, and the Lord ends it. In Luke 4.13, is own accord and only "for a season". Here, after the
	last. Satan is summarily dismissed, not to return.	
	Satan. Thou shalt, &c. Quoted from Deut. 1	1. 3, 4. See Ap. 107. II. 2, and 117. I. only = alone,
		ssession of the earth (v. 10) depends on loyalty to God m (vv. 17, 18). 11 behold. Fig. Asterismos (Ap. 6),
	(v. 12), Who gives it (v. 10); and on obedience to His for emphasis. angels came , &c. Thus closin	in (b). 17, 18). If benchu. Fig. Asternation (AP. 0), ing the whole of the Temptations. No such ministration
	at the end of the third temptation in Luke 4. 13.	
		OLD MINISTRY [For Structure see next page].
		Freek for "into" or "prison". No disciples had yet been
		ye been in prison; for, after the calling of disciples (John 3. 24. eis ten phulaken). There is no "inaccuracy" or "con-
	2. 2, 11) John was "not yet cast into prison" (John 3. 24, eis tēn phulakēn). There is no "inaccuracy" or "confusion". Paradidōmi is rendered "cast (or put) in prison" only here and Mark 1. 14, out of 122 occurrences	
	It means "to deliver up", and is so rendered ten times, and "deliver" fifty-three times. Cp. 5. 25; 10. 17,	
		oupō. Ap. 105. I.) implies that previous attempts and ing probably on the unofficial inquiry of John 1. 19-27.
		is departure of Jesus (Ap. 98; X, p. 1315) from Judæa.
	Christ's ministry is commenced at Matt. 4. 12. M	fark 1. 14. Luke 4. 14 and John 1. 35, before the call of
	any disciples. departed = withdrew.	

4	12
T .	10.

MATTHEW.

4.	24
·±.	24

27	13 And leaving °Nazareth, He came and dwelt °in °Capernaum, which is °upon the sea coast, °in the borders of Zabulon and Nephthalim: 14 °That it might be fulfilled which was °spoken °by °Esaias the prophet, saying, 15 °"The land of Zabulon, and the land of	 4. 12-26. 35 (E, p. 1805). THE LORD'S FOUR-FOLD MINISTRY. (Introversion.) See Ap. 119. E F 4. 12-7. 29. THE FIRST PERIOD. Subject: The Proclamation of THE KINGDOM, and Call to Repentance (4. 17). "Sermon on the Mount" unnamed (5. 1-7. 29). The Laws of the Kingdom. G 8. 1-16. 20. THE SECOND PERIOD. Sub- 	
	Nephthalim, by the way of the sea, beyond Jordan, ° Galilee of the ° Gentiles ;	ject: The Proclamation of THE KING. His Person as "Lord" (8. 2, 6, 8) and "Man" (8. 20). Miracles of Creation, manifesting	
Yt (p. 1315)	great °light; and to them which °sat ¹³ in °the region and shadow of death °light is °sprung	His Deity; and of Compassion, declaring His Humanity. G 16. 21-20. 34. THE THIRD PERIOD. Sub-	
u	up." 17 °From that time 'Jesus began to °preach, and to say, ""Repent: for °the kingdom of	ject : The Rejection of THE KING. Parabolic Miracles (Lunatic, 17. 14; Blind men, 20. 30-34).	
	"heaven "is at hand."	F 21. 1-26. 35. THE FOURTH PERIOD. Sub-	
ZAv	18 And ¹ Jesus, walking [°] by the sea of Galilee, ¹⁶ saw two brethren, Simon called Peter, and Andrew his brother, casting [°] a net ¹ into the sea: for they were fishers.	ject: The Rejection of THE KINGDOM. Parables and Teaching as to the coming change of Dis- pensation, while the Kingdom should be in <i>abeyance</i> . The Sermon on the Mount (Olives), 24. 1-25. 46. Miracles: Parabolic and Pro-	
w	19 And He saith unto them, "Follow Me, and I will make you °fishers of °men."	Phetic: Lazarus (John 11), and the withered Fig-tree (Mark 11. 12-14, 20, 21). 4. 12-7. 29 (F, above).	
x	20 And they straightway left <i>their</i> ° nets, and followed Him.	THE MINISTRY. PROCLAMATION OF THE KINGDOM.	
Av	21 And going on from thence, He ¹⁶ saw ° other two brethren, °James <i>the son</i> of ° Zebedee, and °John his brother, ¹³ in ° a ship ° with ° Zebedee their father, ° mending their ²⁰ nets;	(Extended Alternation and Introversion.) F X 4. 12-15. The Lord. Departure to Galilee. Y t 4. 16. Depth of the great darkness. The People sitting in it. u 4. 17. The Kingdom proclaimed. Words.	
w	and He called them.	Z 4. 18-22. Disciples called.	
x	22 And they immediately left the ship and their father, and followed Him.	X 4. 23 The Lord. Going about Galilee. Y u 423. The Kingdom proclaimed. Works. t 4. 24, 25. Fame of the "Great Light". The	
X	23 And ¹ Jesus went about ° all Galilee, teach- ing ¹³ in their °synagogues, and ¹⁷ preaching ° the gospel ° of ¹⁷ the kingdom,	 People following it. Z 5.1-7.29. Disciples taught. 13 Nazareth. Aramaic. See Ap. 94. III. 8, and 169. in = at. Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi. 	
Y u	and healing ° all manner of sickness and ° all manner of ° disease ° among the people.	Capernaum. Jewish authorities identify Kaphir Nakhum with Kaphir Temkhum, since corrupted into the modern Tell Hum. Ap. 169. A Synagogue has	
ť	24 And His ° fame went ° throughout all Syria: and they brought unto Him all sick people that were taken with divers ° diseases and torments, and those which were possessed	been discovered in the present ruins. For events at Capernaum see chs. 8, 9, 17, 18. Mark 1. upon the sea coast. Gr. parathalassios. Occ. only here. in = in. Gr. en. Ap. 104. viii. 14 That=In order that.	
	by-by-moone of On dig An 104 - 1 Finite	spoken. As well as written.	
	=was sitting. saw. Ap. 133. I. 1. light. Ap. (Ap. 6)="darkness, [yea] the dark shadow of death	", or death's darkness. sprung up=risen for them.	
	4. 18-22 (Z, above). DISCIPLES CALLED. (Extended Alternation.)		
	$\begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{Z} \\ \mathbf{A} \\ \mathbf{W} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 18, & \mathbf{Two Br} \\ \mathbf{W} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 19, & \mathbf{Their} \end{bmatrix}$	ethren (Peter and Andrew). Call.	
	x 20. The	ir Obedience.	
	$w \mid -21$. Their		
	17 From. Gk. apo. Ap. 104. iv. From that time. Each portion of the Lord's fourfold ministry had a		
	Repent. Gr. metanoeö. Ap. 111. I. 1. the ki heavens. See notes on 6.9, 10. is at hand = is	E (above). preach = proclaim. See Ap. 121. 1. ingdom of heaven. See Ap. 114. heaven = the drawn nigh	
	xii. 3. a net = a large net. Gr. amphiblestron. of men. A Talmudic expression : "A fisher of the of anthrōpos. Ap. 123. I. 20 nets.	Not the same word as in v. 20, or 18. 47. 19 fishers Law" (Maimonides, <i>Torah</i> , cap. I). men. Gr. pl. Pl. of diktuon. Not the same word as in v. 18, or 18. 47.	
	a = the. These calls were to discipleship, not apostle setting in order. See Ap. 125. 8. 23 all=th	n. See Ap. 141. Zebedee. Aram. See Ap. 94. III. 3. ship. with. Gr. meta. Ap. 104. xi. 1. mending = e whole. Put by Fig. Synecdochē (of the Whole) for all	
	See Ap. 17. 5. all manner of = every. Put all kinds. disease. Gr. malakia. Occ. only i	the gospel = the glad tidings. of = relating to. by Fig. Synecdochē (of the Whole), Ap. 6, for some of m Matthew: here: 9. $35 \cdot 10$	
	Ap. 104. viii. 2. 24 fame = hearing. Put heard. throughout = unto. Gr. eis. Ap. 104. v	by Fig. Metonymy (of the Adjunct). An. 6. for what was	

	4. 24. MATT	'HEW. 5. 1	2.
27	with ° devils, and those which ° were lunatick, and those that had the palsy; and He healed them. 25 And there followed Him great multitudes of people ° from ° Galilee, ° and from Decapolis, and from Jerusalem, and from Judæa, and from beyond Jordan.	devils=demons. Cp. 12. 26, 27. Mark 3. 22, 26. were lunatick. Gr. selëniazomai. Occ. only her and 17. 15. From selënë=the moon. 25 from. Gr. apo. Ap. 104. iv. Galilee. Ap. 169. and. Note the Fig. Polysyndeton. Ap. 6. 5. 1-7. 29 (Z, p. 1315). DISCIPLES TAUGHT.	
Z B (p. 1316)	5 And °seeing the multitudes, He went up °into°a mountain: and when He was °set, His °disciples came unto Him: 2 And He °opened His mouth, and °taught them, saying,	"THE SERMON ON THE MOUNT". (Introversion $Z \mid B \mid 5, 1-2$. Introduction. $C \mid 5, 3-12$. Characters. True Happiness. $D \mid 5, 13-16$. True Disciples. $E \mid 5, 17-7, 12$. THE KINGDOM. Its LAWS. $E \mid 7, 13, 14$. THE KINGDOM. ENTRANCE into $D \mid 7, 15-23$. False Teachers.	3.
Са	3 ° "Blessed are the ° poor in ° spirit: for theirs is ° the kingdom of ° heaven.	C 7. 24-27. Characters. True Wisdom. B 7. 28, 29. Conclusion. 1 seeing. Ap. 133. I. 1.	
b	4 °Blessed are they that mourn: ³ for they shall be comforted.	into. Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi. a mountain = the mountain. Well known an	
c	5 'Blessed are the 'meek : 'for they shall in- herit 'the earth.	therefore unnamed, but corresponds with the Mount Olives in the Structure of the Gospel as a whole C T and F , p. 1315. There is a reference also to Sina	Cp.
đ	6 Blessed are they which do °hunger and thirst after righteousness: ³ for they shall be filled.	set. The posture of the Oriental teacher to-day. disciples. Note this fact in interpreting the member 2 opened His mouth. Heb. idiom. Fig. <i>Metonymy</i> Adjunct), Ap 6, for speaking (Job 3.1. Dan. 10.16. Acts 8.3	(of
đ	7 4Blessed are the ° merciful: ³ for they shall obtain ° mercy.	taught them. See note on 7. 39, and the Structure above. The Structure is the commentary showing the this teaching is connected with the proclamation of t	hat
С	8 'Blessed are the °pure in heart: 'for they shall see 'God.	kingdom (v. 3), and is to be interpreted by it. As t kingdom was rejected and is now in abeyance, so likewi this discourse is in abeyance with all its commands, &	the vise
Ь	9 'Blessed are the ° peacemakers: 'for they shall be called the ° children of 'God.	until "the gospel of the kingdom" is again proclaime to herald its drawing nigh. Parts of this address we repeated at different times and on different occasion	ed, ere
a	10 'Blessed are they which °are persecuted °for righteousness' sake: ³ for theirs is ³ the kingdom of ³ heaven. 11 Blessed are ye, when men shall °revile you, and persecute you, and shall say all manner of °evil ° against you °falsely, for My sake. 12 °Rejoice, and be exceeding glad: ³ for great is your reward °in ³ heaven: ° for so persecuted they the prophets which were before you.	Luke nowhere professes to give the whole address in in chronological setting or entirety. Only some thir separate verses are so repeated by Luke out of 1 verses in Matthew. The later repetitions in Luke we given in "a plain" (Luke 6. 17) and after the calling the Twelve (Luke 6. 13); here the whole is given befor the calling of the Twelve (Matt. 9. 9). These are mar of accuracy, not of "discrepancy" as alleged. Mode critics first assume that the two accounts are identica and then say: "No one now expects to find chron logical accuracy in the evangelical records"! For t	its rty 107 ere fore rks ern cal, no- the
	5. 3-12 (C, above). C	Ap. 70; and to the seven "wees" of ch. 23, see Ap. 12 HARACTERS. (Introversion.)	20.
	c 5. Inheritan d 6. True ri d 7. Fruits c 8. Inheritan	Reward for Mourners. nce. Earthly. ghteousness. of righteousness. nce. Heavenly. rs. Reward for Peacemakers.	
	occurs in nineteen Psalms twenty-six times; elsew Prov., Job, Ecc., and Dan.). The Aramaic equivalent and Ap. 63. vi. Gr. makarios = happy (not eulogeto. Luke 1, 68. Rom. 1. 25; 9. 5; 2 Cor. 1. 3; 11. 31. equivalent for the Aramaio (Ap. 94. III. 3, p. 135) ^c this world (as in Luke 6. 20), in contrast with the p Gr. pneuma. See Ap. 101. II. 8. the kinn nigh (3. 2; 4. 17). See Ap. 114. heaven=t Note the Fig. Anaphora (Ap. 6). The eight Beat the eight "woes" of 28. 13-33. See Ap. 126. land. Gr. gē. See Ap. 129. 4. 6 hunger ar 42. 1, 2; 119. 103. 7 merciful=compassionat the manifestation of the kingdom, Jas. 2. 13 (cp. He 24. 4; 73.1. Grod. Ap. 98. I. i. 1. 9 peace children=sons. Gr. huios. See Ap. 108. III.	gdom of heaven. Then proclaimed as having draw he heavens. See notes on 6. 9, 10.4 Blesseitudes are to be contrasted with and understood 15 meek. Cp. Ps. 37. 11.the earth: or, thd thirst, &c. The idiom for a strong desire. Cp. Fe. Cp. Ps. 41. 1.mercy. Not merely now, but 1b. 4. 16; 8. 12; 10. 28).8 pure in heart. Cp. Fmakers. Cp. Ps. 133. 1. Gr. eirënopoios. Occ. only her10 are persecuted = have been persecuted. Cp. Pshteousness' sake. Not otherwise.11 revileAp. 128. IV. 1.against. Gr. kata. Ap. 104. x.	sa., . 3, 61. 61. 61. 61. 61. 61. 61. 61. 61. 61.

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 De 13° 9° are the 'sait of the 'earth : but 'if the person of the second where with shall be alsed to be cast out, and to be trodden under food 'for men. A they have 'n be light of the 'world. * A city that is set on an hill 'cannot be hid. * A city that is set on an hill 'cannot be hid. * A city that is set on an hill 'cannot be hid. * A city that is set on an hill 'cannot be hid. * A city that is set on an hill 'cannot be hid. * Neither do men light a 'candle, and put if. 's mean set. Fig. Adaptor, A, 0.6. * Meither do men light a 'candle, and put if. 's mean.' Hat the set of the s		5. 13. MATT	`HEW.	5. 2 2.
 a by are the "light of the "world. a 'A try that is set on an hill 'cannot be hid. b 'S neither do men light a 'canalle, and put if 'under 'a bushel, but 'on 'a canalle and put if 'under 'a bushel, but 'on 'a canalle it is stored on the stare earth, or is exposed in the book can dit giveth light unto all that are 'lisht's is the start of the law, the set of the 'lisht's the set of the	(p. 1317)	salt have lost ° his savour, wherewith shall it be salted? it is thenceforth good ° for nothing, but to be cast out, and to be trodden under foot	(Alternation.) D e 13. In the earth. Salt. f 14 The Light. e -14. In the earth. A City.	LES.
 ⁴ A city that is set on an hill °cannot be hid. ⁴ I of °Neither do men light as °cancle, and the C. pM ark 9. A. Lake 14. 34, 35. ⁴ and t giveth light unto all that are "in the house. ⁴ B Let your "light' so shine before "men, °that they may 'see your good works, and glorify your Father Which is "in 'heaven. ¹ J ° Think °not that °I am come to °destrop ⁴ destroy, but to hilf. ⁴ I of rof 's carly I say unto you, "Till 'heaven ⁴ destroy, but to hilf. ⁵ in no wise pass ° from "the law, till all be ⁶ destroy, but to hilf. ⁴ in owise pass ° from "the law, till all be ⁶ these least commandments, and shall teach ⁴ men so, he shall be called the least °il the ⁴ these least commandments, and shall teach ⁴ men so, he shall be called the least °il the ⁴ these least commandments, and shall teach ⁴ men so, he shall be called the least °il the ⁴ these least commandments, and shall teach ⁴ men so, he shall be called the least °il the ⁴ these least commandments, and shall teach ⁴ men so, he shall be called the least °il the ⁴ these least commandments, and shall teach ⁴ men so, he shall be called the least °il the ⁴ these least commandments, and shall teach ⁴ men so, he shall be called the least °il the ⁴ these least commandments, and shall teach ⁴ mono d'heaven: ² 20 For I say unto you, That except prut ⁴ rightcourses shall exceed °the righteourses of the scrubes and ?Pharisees, ye shall ¹ and ⁴ whosoever shall ke lind danger of the 'if was said °b the there of the law, of the scrubes and ?Pharisees, ye shall ¹ and ⁴ the scrube shall ke lind danger of the 'if was said °b the law of the scrubes and ?Pharisees, ye shall ¹ and ⁴ the scrube shall ke lind danger of the 'if was said or the 'if was sai	f			nd 4. 17.
 15 Meinter do mein light a "challe, and put if. See Ap. 118. 1b, expressing a real contingency if it water in the intervent in the sait is stored on the bare earth or is expeeded and it given light use all that are "in the intervent in the sait is stored on the bare earth or is expeeded in the bare earth or is expression in the sait is stored on the bare earth or is expression if the sait is stored on the bare earth or is expression if the sait is stored on the bare earth of is the sait is stored on the bare earth of it is the sait is stored on the bare earth of it is the sait is stored on the bare earth of it is the sait is stored on the bare earth of it is the sait is stored on the bare earth of it is the sait is stored on the bare earth of it is the sait is stored on the bare earth of it is the sait is stored on the bare earth of it is the sait is stored on the bare earth of it is the sait is stored on the bare earth of it is the sait is stored on the bare earth of it. The same of the sait is stored on the bare earth of it. The same of the sait is stored on the bare earth of the sait is stored on the bare earth of the sait is stored on the bare earth of the sait is stored on the bare earth of the sait is stored on the bare earth of the sait is stored on the bare earth of the sait is stored on the same earth of the sait is stored on the same earth of the sait is stored on the same earth of the sait is stored on the same earth of the same earth of the sait is stored on the same earth of the same earthof the same earth of the same earth of the same earth of			are=represent. Fig. Metaphor. Ap. 6.	
 F F 17 ° Think ° not that ° I am come to ° destroy "the law, or the prophets: I am ° not come to ° destroy but to fulfil. I S For ° verily I say unto you, ° Till ° heaven and ° earth pass, one ° jot or one "tittle shall ° in no wise pass ° from "the law, till all be 'in filled. I P ° Whosoever therefore shall break one of ° these least commandments, and shall teach ° these least commandments, and shall teach ° mens. A low probability of the same shall be called the least ° in ° into and teach them, the same shall be called great ° in ° into and teach them, the same shall be called great ° in ° into and teach them, the same shall be called great ° in ° into and teach them, the same shall be called great ° in ° into and the called great ° in ° into and teach them, the same shall be called great ° in ° into an other of old time. Thoou shalt " not kill; and '' whosoever shall do and teach them, the same shall be called great ° in ° into an other into ° the kingdom of ° heaven. 20 For I say unto you, That except pout the one odd time. Thoou shalt " not kill; and '' whosoever shall do '' the same shall be one dang of the ° indgment : and '' whosoever shall do ''. A low of the state shall e ''. I and the called great ''. The ''. The state is the same shall be ''. I define the state same the ''. The ''.'. The ''.'. The ''.'. The ''.'. The ''.'. The ''.'. The ''.'.	f	it ° under ° a bushel, but ° on ° a candlestick; and it giveth light unto all that are ¹² in the house. 16Let your ¹⁴ light ° so shine before ¹³ men, ° that they may ¹ see your good works, and glorify	if. See Ap. 118. 1 b, expressing a real cont for, if the salt is stored on the bare earth, or i to the air or sun, it <i>does</i> lose its savour and is place but the streets (see Thomson's <i>The Law</i> <i>Book</i> , Lond., 1869, p. 381). his=its. for. Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi.	s exposed fit for no
 G H¹ 21 Ye have "heard that "it was said "by them of old time, Theu shalt "not kill; and "b whosever shall kill shall be in danger of the judgment:" 22 But 3 say unto you, That ¹⁹ whosever is an gry with his "brother "without a cause shall be "in danger of the "judgment: and "let "b a not kill; and "for mark with his "brother "without a cause shall be "in danger of the "judgment: and "let "b a not mark the the fore the kingdom proclaimed in and from 4, 17. not. Gr. mä. See Ap. 105. II. I and come = I have come. Implying former existence. Cp. 8, 10. destroy = pull down, as in 26, e1. the law. The first of fitteen refs. to the Law by Christ (5, 17, 18; 11, 15; 12, 6; 12, 22, 6; 22, 32. Lake 10. 26; 16, 16, 17; 12, 44. John 7, 19, 19, 23; 8, 17; 10, 34; 16, 29), five of these coupled with "Moses". not. Gr. ou. Ap. 105. I. 18 verily. Gr. andth. Used only by the Lord. Same as Heb. 'amen, preserved in all languages. Should be so given at the beginning of sentences. Always (except once) double in John; twenty-five times. See note on John 1, 22. Till. With A. V. implying a possibility, not a certainty. heaven = the heaven. Always in sing, when connected with the earth. (See notes on 6, 9, 10) earth = the earth. Ap. 129. 4. Joir = yod. Gr. ida. Oce. only here. The smallest Heb. letter (=Y). The Massorites numbered 66, 420. tittle = the merest or ament. Not the difference between two similar Hobe. letters, e. g. 7 (Resh = B) and 7 (D (Beth = D), or 2 (Beth = B) and 3 (D (Beth = D), or 2 (Beth = B) and 3 (D (Beth = D), or 2, C (Beth = B) and 3 (D (Beth = D), and 3 (D (Be	EF	17 °Think ° not that °I am come to °destroy °the law, or the prophets: I am ° not come to °destroy, but to fulfil. 18 For °verily I say unto you, °Till °heaven and °earth pass, one °jot or one °tittle shall °in no wise pass ° from ¹⁷ the law, till all be fulfilled. 19 °Whosoever therefore shall break one of ° these least commandments, and shall teach ¹³ men so, he shall be called the least ¹² in ³ the kingdom of ³ heaven: but °whosoever shall do and teach <i>them</i> , the same shall be called great ¹² in ³ the kingdom of ³ heaven. 20 For I say unto you, That except your righteousness shall exceed ° <i>the righteousness</i> of the scribes and °Pharisees, ye shall ° in no	 of men. Belongs to former clause, as wel Ellipsis, Ap. 6. men. Pl. of anthropos. Ap 14 light. Gr. phos = light. See Ap. 130. 1 world. Gr. kosmos. See Ap. 129. 1. A city. Safed, so placed, was within sight. cannot. Verb with ou. See Ap. 105. I. 15 Neither = and not (Gr. ou). Ap. 105. I. 15 Neither = and not (Gr. ou). Ap. 105. J. a bushel = the measure. Gr. modion = a dry See Ap. 51. III. 3. (2): i.e. any measure th happen to be in the house. on = upon. Gr. epi. Ap. 104. ix. 3. a candlestick = the lampstand. Gr. luch 130. 5. 16 so = thus. that = so that. 5. 17-7. 12 (E, p. 1316). THE KINGDO 	measure. here may nia. Ap.
the "I" is not emphatic (as it is here). See Ex. 20. 13. Deut. 5. 17. Ap. 117. by them = or to them. 22 brother. An Israelite by nation and blood; while a neighbour was an Israelite by religion and worship (= a Proselyte). Both distinct from the heathen. So the Talmud defines them.	G Η,	21 Ye have "heard that "it was said "by them of old time, Thou shalt "not kill; and ¹⁹ whosoever shall kill shall be in danger of the judgment:" 22 But \Im say unto you, That ¹⁹ whosoever is angry with his "brother "without a cause shall be "in danger of the "judgment: and not. Gr. mē. See Ap. 105. II. I am come destroy = pull down, as in 26. 61. the law. 7. 12; 11. 13; 12. 5; 22. 40; 23. 23. Luke 10. 26; 1 five of these coupled with "Moses". not. Gr. by the Lord. Same as Heb. 'amen, preserved in a sentences. Always (except once) double in John; With A. V. implying a possibility, not a certainty. with the earth. (See notes on 6. 9, 10.) earth = there. The smallest Heb. letter ('=Y). The Masson Not the difference between two similar Heb. letters (Kaph = K), as alleged, but a small ornament place The Eng. "tittle" is diminutive of tille (Lat. titulus) to mark an abbreviation. in no wise. (Ap. 104. iv. 19 Whosoever = every one that (v. 18. Note the Fig. Anaphora (Ap. 6). the might thus distinguish, but to the difference made 20 the righteousness. Supply "[that]". Ap. 105. III. 2. 5. 21-48 (G, above). THEY TRANSO G H ¹ 21-26. The Law of Murder. H ² 27-32. The Law of Adultery. H ³ 33-37. The Law of Adultery. H ⁴ 33-42. The Law of Retailatio H ⁵ 43-48. The Law of Love. (1) H ¹ THE LA 21 heard. In the public reading of the Law. the "I" is not emphatic (as it is here). See Ex. them. 22 brother. An Israelite by nati	E F [5. 17-20. They fulfil the Law and the F G [5. 21-48. They transcend the Law of G [6. 1-7. 11. They excel the Tradition Elders. F [7. 12. They fulfil the Law and the Prop 17 Think not, &c. = Deem not for a moment necessary warning against making this mount Sinai, and promulgating the laws of the king claimed in and from 4. 17. = 1 have come. Implying former existence. The first of fifteen refs. to the Law by Christ 6. 16, 17; 24. 44. John 7. 19, 19, 23; 8. 17; 10. 3. ou. Ap. 105. I. 18 verily. Gr. amén. M Il languages. Should be so given at the beg twenty-five times. See note on John 1. 52. heaven = the heaven. Always in sing. when co he earth. Ap. 129. 4. jot = yod. Gr. idta. cites numbered 66,420. tittle = the merest of the earth. Ap. 129. 4. jot = yod. Gr. idta. cites numbered 66,420. tittle = the merest of the earth. Ap. 129. 4. jot = yod. Gr. and purp fr. ou mē. See Ap. 105. III. 2. from. (with Gr. an. Supposing the case). See note of by the Lord between the whole Law and its Phariseos. See Ap. 120. II. in no ca CEND THE LAW OF MOSES. (Division.) Com. VI. Com. VI. Com. III. n. (Ex. 21. 25. Lev. 24. 20. Deut. 19. 21.) Lev. 19. 18.) W OF MURDER. it was said. Opp. to "I say". Cp. 19. 8, 20. 13. Deut. 5. 17. Ap. 117. by the on and blood : while a neighbour was an Lay	f Moses, on of the ohets. t. A very t another gdom pro- Cp. 8. 10. (5. 17, 18; 4; 15. 25), Used only inning of Till. Onnected Occ. only rnament. = B) and 5 p. 93. III. osse: e.g. Gr. apo. n "Till", what men minutiae. ase. See

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27 H² (p. 1317)	 ¹⁹ whosoever shall say to his brother, ° Raca,' shall be ° in danger of ° the council: but ¹⁹ whosoever shall say, ° 'Thou fool,' shall be ° in danger ° of ° hell fire. ²³ Therefore ¹⁸ if thou ° bring thy ° gift ° to the altar, and there rememberest that thy ²² brother hath ought ¹¹ against thee; ²⁴ ° Leave there thy ²³ gift before the altar, and go thy way; first ° be reconciled to thy ²⁸ brother, and then come and offer thy gift. ²⁵ °Agree with thine ° adversary quickly, whiles thou art ¹² in the way ° with him; lest at any time the ° adversary deliver thee to the judge, and the judge deliver thee to the ° officer, and thou be cast ¹ into prison. ²⁶ Te Verily I say unto thee, Thou shalt ° by no means come out thence, till thou hast paid the ° uttermost ° farthing. ²⁷ Ye have heard that it was said ²¹ by them of old time, ° Thou shalt ¹⁷ not commit adultery:' ²⁸ B But ° say unto you, That ° whosoever ° looketh on °a woman ° to lust after her hath committed adultery with her already ¹² in his heart. ²⁹ And ° if ° thy right eye ° offend thee, pluck it out, and cast <i>it</i> ¹⁸ from thee: for it is profitable for thee that one of thy members should perish, and ¹⁷ not <i>that</i> thy whole body should be cast ¹ into ²² hell. ³⁰ And ²⁹ if ° thy right hand ²⁹ offend thee, cut it off, and cast <i>it</i> ¹⁸ from thee: for it is profitable for thee that one of thy members should perish, and ¹⁷⁻ not <i>that</i> thy whole body should be cast ¹ into ²² hell. ³¹ ° It hath been said, ²³ ' Whosoever shall put away his wife, let him give her a writing of divorcement:' ³² But ° say unto you, That ²⁸ whosoever shall put away his wife, saving for the cause of fornication, causeth her to commit adultery : 	 Raca. In 1611 edition spelt "Racha"; changed in 1638 edition to "Raca". An Aramaic word, see Ap. 94. III. 3; not a contumelious epithet, but a contemptuous interjection, expressing the emotion or scorn of a disdainful mind (so Augustine), like Eng. "You!" Cp. Lat. Heus tu, Gr. raka. Occ. only here. in danger of=liable to. the council = the Sanhedrin. The supreme national court. See Ap. 120. Thou fool. Gr. möros. Heb. nabal. Always = awicked reprobate, destitute of all spiritual or Divine knowledge (cp. John 7. 49). of = to or unto. Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi. hell fire = the gehenna of fire, from Heb. göy Hinnom = the valley of Hinnom, profaned by the fires of Moloch worship (2 Chron. 33. 6), and defiled by Hezekiah. Also called "Tophet", Isa. 80. 33. Here the refuse of Jerusalem was continually being burnt up by the perpetual fires (cp. Jer. 7. 31-33. 2 Kings 23. 10. Mark 9. 48. Isa. 66. 24). See Ap. 131. 2. 23 bring = offer, as in v. 24. gift: i.e. sacrifice. to = up to. Gr. epi. Ap. 104. ix. 3. 24 Leave. An unusual practice. be reconciled. Gr. dialattomai. Occ. only here. 25 Agree = Be well-minded. Gr. eunoeö. Occ. only here. 26 by no means. Gr. ou mē. Cp. 105. III. 2. uttermost = last. farthing: which shows it to be a case of debt. See Ap. 51. I. 2. H² THE LAW OF ADULTERY. 27 Thou, &c. Quoted from Ex. 20. 14. Deut. 5. 19. Ap. 117. 28 whosoever = every one that. looketh = keeps looking. See Ap. 133. I. 5. a woman = a married woman. to. Gr. pros to. Ap. 104. xr. 3. 29 if. Gr. ei. Ap. 114. II. 1. thy right eye: i.e. thy choicest possession. Fig. Hypocatastasis. Ap. 6.
	and whosoever shall marry her that is divorced committeth adultery.	1 Cor. 1, 23. 30 thy right. See note on v. 29.
H3	33 Again, ye have heard that "it hath been	31 It hath been said. It was said. See Deut. 24. 1.
	said ²¹ by them of old time, ° Thou shalt – ¹⁷ not ° forswear thyself, but shalt perform unto ° the	H ³ . THE LAW OF PERJURY.
H*	LORD thine oaths:' 34 But 3 say unto you, Swear ²⁹ not ° at all; neither ° by ¹⁸ heaven; for it is ° God's throne: 35 Nor ³⁴ by the ⁵ earth; for it is His foot- stool: neither ° by Jerusalem; for it is ° the city of the great King. 36 Neither shalt thou swear ³⁴ by thy head, because thou canst ¹⁷ not make one hair white or black. 37 But let your ° communication be, ° Yea, yea; ° Nay, nay, for ° whatsoever is more than these ° cometh ° of ¹¹ evil. 38 Ye have heard that ° it hath been said, 'An eye for an eye, and a tooth for a tooth :'	 forswear = swear falsely. Gr. epiorkeō. Occ. only here. the LORD. See Ap. 98. VI. i. a. 1. A. 34 at all. Fig. Synecdochē (of Genus), Ap. 6; i.e. not lightly. The particulars given in vv. 35, 36. by. Gr. en. Ap. 104. viii. God's. Ap. 98. I. i. 35 by. Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi. the city of the great King. Only here in N.T. Cp. Ps. 48. 2, referring to Zion. Contrast 2 Kings 18. 19, 28. See note on 4. 5. 37 communication = word. Gr. logos. Omit "be". Yea, yea = Yes, [be] yes. Fig. Epizeuxis. Ap. 6. Nay, nay = Nay, [be] nay.
	39 But \Im say unto you, That ye resist ¹⁷ - not ¹¹ evil: but ²⁸ whosoever shall ° smite thee ¹⁵ on thy right cheek, turn to him the ° other also. 40 And ° if any man ° will sue thee at ¹⁷ the law, and take away thy ° coat, let him have thy ° cloke also. and 26. 67). other. Ap. 124. 1. 40 if any	 whatsoever=what. cometh=is. of=out of. Gr. ek. Ap. 104. vii. H⁴. THE LAW OF RETALIATION. 38 it hath been said=it was said. Quoted from Ex. 21. 24. Cp. Lev. 24. 20. Deut. 19.21. See Ap. 107. II. 2 and 117. 39 smite. Gr. rapizo. Occ. only in Matthew (here man, &c. = to him who, wishing to go to law with thee. now called the sulta = an outer jacket or tunic, Gr. chiton.

5. 41.

27	41 And ²⁸ whosoever shall ° compel thee ° to go ° a mile, go ²⁵ with him twain. 42 Give to him that asketh thee, and ¹⁸ from him that ° would borrow ° of thee turn -17 not	service or transport. See 27. 32. Mark 15. 21. Cp. Luke 3. 14. to go: i.e. to carry his baggage. Cp. Luke 3. 14.
H^5	thou away. 43 Ye have heard that ° it hath been said,	a mile. Gr. milion(from Lat. miliarium). Occ. only here. 42 would = would fain. Gr. thelō. Ap. 102. 1. of from Gr. and Ap. 104 in:
(p. 1317)	fillion shalf lows the notable sent 1.1.1	of = from. Gr. apo. Ap. 104. iv. H ⁵ . THE LAW OF LOVE.
	44 But 3 say unto you, Love your enemies,	43 it hath been said = it was said. Quoted from Lev. 19. 18, see Ap. 117. I.
	° bless them that curse you, do good to them that ° hate you, and ° pray ° for them which	thineenemy = thyfoe. Personal, political, or religious. 44 bless them hate you. This clause is omitted
	despitefully use you, and persecute you; 45 That ye may 'be the 'children of your	by all the critical Greek texts. See Ap. 94. VII. pray. Gr. proseuchomai. Ap. 134. I. 2.
	Father Which is ¹² in ³ heaven : for He mak- eth His sun to rise ¹⁵ on the ¹¹ evil and ¹⁵ on the	for=on behalf of. Gr. huper. Ap. 104. xvii. 1. 45 be=become.
	good, and sendeth rain 15 on the just and on the unjust.	46 what reward, &c. The Lord varies the wording of this when repeating it later in Luke 6. 35.
	46 For ¹³ if ye love them which love you, "what reward have ye? do "not even the	not. Gr. ouchi. A strengthened form of ou. Ap. 105. publicans = tax-gatherers. Hence, extortioners.
	[°] publicans the same? 47 And ¹³ if ye salute your brethren only,	47 publicans. L. with Vulg. and some codices read
	what do ye more <i>than others</i> ? do 46 not even the ° publicans so?	"Gentiles". The publican was despised; Gentiles were detested.
	48 Be ge therefore ° perfect, even as ° your Father Which is ¹² in ³ heaven is ° perfect.	48 perfect. In thus acting on the principles of grace, in conformity with the laws of the kingdom here promulated. Car taking for the laws of the kingdom here because the set of the set
		promulgated. Gr. teleios. See Ap. 125. 1. yourheaven. All the texts read "your heavenly Father". See note on 6. 14.
Int. (p. 1319)	6 Take heed that ye do onot your oalms before omen, oto be oseen of them : other-	6. 1-7. 11 (G, p. 1317). THEY EXCEL THE
	wise ye have $^{\circ}$ no reward $^{\circ}$ of your Father Which is $^{\circ}$ in $^{\circ}$ heaven.	TRADITION OF THE ELDERS. (Division.)
G Jι	2 Therefore when thou doest <i>thine</i> alms, do ¹ not sound a trumpet before thee, as the	6. 1. INTRODUCTION. $G \mid J^1 \mid 6.2-4$. As to Almsgiving.
	[°] hypocrites do ¹ in the synagogues and ¹ in the streets, [°] that they may have glory [°] of	J^2 6.5-15. As to Prayer. J^3 6.16-18. As to Fasting.
	¹ men. [°] Verily I say unto you, [°] They have their reward.	J^{4} 6, 19–24. As to Riches. J^{5} 6, 25–7. 11. As to Cares, &c.
	3 But when thou doest alms, let 1 not thy left hand $^{\circ}$ know what thy right $^{\circ}$ hand doeth :	1 not. Gr. mē. Ap. 105. II. alms = an alms. All the critical texts read "righteous-
	4 ² That thine alms may be ¹ in secret: and thy Father Which [°] seeth ¹ in secret Himself	ness", referring to all the subjects that follow, $J^1 - J^5$. But this is conjecture, because "alms" is the first
79	shall reward thee [°] openly.	subject (v. 2). Dikaiosunē, "righteousness", was sub- sequently substituted for eleēmosunē, "alms".
]3	be as the ² hypocrites are: for they [°] love to	to = in order to. Gr. pros to. Ap. 104. $xv. 3$.
	° pray standing ¹ in the synagogues and ¹ in the corners of the °streets, °that they may °be	I 12. of by (dat. not gen. case). no. Gr. ouk. Ap. 105. I.
	seen of ¹ men. ² Verily I say unto you, ² They have their reward.	of = from. Gr. para. Ap. 104. xii. 2. in. Gr. en. Ap. 104. viii.
	6 But thou, when thou ⁵ prayest, enter [°] into thy [°] closet, and when thou hast shut thy door,	heaven = heavens (pl.). See note on $vv.$ 9, 10.
	⁵ pray to thy Father Which is ¹ in secret; and thy Father Which ⁴ seeth ¹ in secret shall re-	J ¹ . AS TO ALMSGIVING (vv. 2-4). 2 hypocrites = actors: i.e. those who speak or act
	ward thee 'openly. 7 But when ye 'pray, 'use 'not vain repeti-	from under a mask. Used later of actual impiety, to which it led. Cp. 23, 28; 24, 51. Mark 12, 15.
	tions, as the ° heathen do: for they think that they shall be heard ° for their ° much speaking.	Verity. See note on 5. 18.
	8 Be ¹ not ye therefore like unto them: for	They have = They receive. Gr. $apech\bar{o}$. In the Papyri, (Ap. 94. IV.) used constantly in formal receipts, $as = it$ is received : i.e. those men who desired to be seen of
	men, were seen, and had received all they looked come. So in vv. 5, 16. Luke 6. 24. Cp. Phil. 4. 18.	for. They got their reward, and had nothing more to
	Ap. 132. I. ii. hand. Omitted in the 1611 ed	
		PRAYER (vv. 5-15).
		ouk. Ap. 105. I. $love = are fond of. Gr. phileo.$
	stored. Occ. only here, 24.26, and Luke 12. 3, 24.	hamber. Hence a secret chamber where treasures were
i	here. heathen=Gentiles. Gr. ethnikos. (104. viii. much speaking. Gr. polulogia.	Occ. only here, and 18. 17. for = in. Gr. en . Ap.

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MATTHEW.

27	your Father °knoweth what things ye have need of, ° before ye ask Him. 9 °After this manner therefore ⁵ pray pe: °Our	8 knoweth. Gr. oida. See Ap. 132. I. 1. Very significant in this connection. before. Gr. pro. Ap. 104. xiv. 9 After the Cn "When" Inte 11 a. (
	Father ° Which art $\frac{1}{1}$ in ° heaven, ° Hallowed be ° Thy name.	9 After, &c. Cp. "When". Luke 11. 2-4. Our Father. See Ex. 4. 22. Deut. 32. 6, &c. The
	10 ° Thy °kingdom ° come. Thy ° will ° be done ° in ° earth, as <i>it is</i> 1 in ° heaven.	idolater could say to his idol "Thou art my father", so Israel was bound to do so (Isa. 63. 16; 64. 8). The
	11 Give us this day our ° daily bread.	Talmud so teaches. Which = Who. heaven = heavens. See note on $v. 10$.
	12 And forgive us °our debts, as ° we ° forgive our debtors.	Hallowed = Sanctified. Thy. Note that the first three petitions are with
	13 And °lead us ¹ not ⁶ into °temptation, but	respect to God, while the next four concern those who
	[°] deliver us [°] from [°] evil: [°] For Thine is the ¹⁰ kingdom, and the power, and the glory, [°] for	pray. God is to be put first in all prayer. 10 Thy kingdom come. This is the great subject
	ever. Amen. 14 For °if ye forgive ¹ men their °trespasses,	of the first period of the Lord's ministry. See Ap. 119, also Ap. 112, 113, 114, and the Structure on pp. 1804,
	your ° heavenly Father will ° also forgive you:	1805, and 1315. kingdom. See Ap. 112. come. It was then being proclaimed, but was afterward
	15 But ¹⁴ if ye forgive ¹ not ¹ men their ¹⁴ trespasses, neither will your Father forgive your	rejected, and is now in abeyance. See App. 112-114, and
	¹⁴ trespasses.	cp. Ap. 63. ix. Hence this same petition is now correct, not the usual prayers for the "increase" or "extension"
(p. 1319)	16 Moreover when ye fast, ^o be ¹ not, as the ² hypocrites, of a sad countenance: for they	of it. will=desire. Gr. thelo. See Ap. 102. 1. be done=be brought to pass, come to pass, be ac-
(10-)/	[°] disfigure their faces, that they may [°] appear unto ¹ men to fast. [°] Verily I say unto you,	in=upon. Gr. epi. Ap. 104. ix. 4.
	² They have their reward.	earth = the earth. Gr. gē. Ap. 129. 4. All the texts (Ap. 94. VII.) omit the article.
	17 But thou, when thou fastest, anoint thine head, and $^{\circ}$ wash thy face;	heaven. Here it is sing. because it is in contrast with
	18 That thou ¹⁶ appear ¹ not unto ¹ men to fast,	earth. Had it been sing in v . 9, it would have implied that our Father was in heaven, but not on earth. In
	but unto thy Father Which is 1 in secret: and thy Father, Which 4 seeth 1 in secret, shall	the Gr. the two clauses are reversed : "as in heaven [so] upon earth also".
TA	reward thee ⁴ openly. 19 ° Lay ¹ not up for yourselves treasures	11 daily. Gr. epiousios. A word coined by our Lord, and used only here and Luke 11.3, by Him. Compounded
J4	° upon ¹⁰ earth, where moth and rust doth ° cor-	from $epi = upon(Ap. 104. ix.)$, and $ousios = coming$. This is derived from $eimi = to$ come or go, which has the parti-
	rupt, and where thieves break through and steal: 20 But ¹⁹ lay up for yourselves treasures ¹ in	ciple epiousa (not from $eimi = to$ be, which would make the participle $= epousa$). Therefore it means coming or
	¹⁰ heaven, where neither moth nor rust doth corrupt, and where thieves do ⁵ not break	descending upon, as did the manna, with which it is
	through nor steal:	contrasted in John 6. 32, 33. It is the true bread from heaven, by which alone man can live—the Word of God,
	21 For where your treasure is, there will your [°] heart be also.	which is prayed for here. <i>Epiousion</i> has the article and is separated from "this day" by the words "give
1	22 The °light of the body is the eye: 14 if therefore thine eye be °single, thy whole body	to us"; "daily" here is from the Vulgate. <i>Epiousios</i> has been found in the <i>Papyri</i> (Codd. Sergii), but as these
	shall be full of light.	are, after all, not Greek (as shown by Prof. Nestlé in 1900) but Armenian; the evidence for the word being
	23 But μ if thine eye be ¹³ evil, thy whole body shall be full of darkness. ° If therefore the	Greek is still wanting. 12 our debts. Sin is so called because failure in the
	light that is ¹ in thee [°] be darkness, how great <i>is</i> that darkness!	obligation involves expiation and satisfaction.
	24 °No man ° can ° serve two ° masters : for	is thus emphatic ("also" is ignored by the A.V.).
	either he will °hate the one, and love the °other: or else he will hold to the one, and despise the	forgive. All editions read "have forgiven". That prayer and plea was suited for that dispensation of the
	°other. Ye °cannot serve °God and °mammon.	kingdom, but is <i>reversed</i> in this present dispensation. See Eph. 4. s2. <i>Then</i> , forgiveness was conditioned; <i>now</i> ,
	we forgive because we have been forgiven on accou same word as in 4. 1. temptation=trial. Cp. J	
	Gr. apo. Ap. 104. iv. evil=the evil [one]. See	
1	also in the Syriac, Æthiopic, Armenian, Gothic, Scl	
	Forgiveness was conditional in that dispensation of	the kingdom. trespasses = lapses, varying in degree.
	used, instead of the noun, in regimen. It occ. only h	Here the emphasis is on Father, the adj. ouranios being ere, vv. 26, 32; 15. 13. Luke 2. 13. Acts 26. 19; and in the
	critical texts, additional in 5. 48; 18. 35; 23. 9.	also forgive you = forgive you also (emph. on "you"). ASTING (vv. 16-18).
	16 be=become. disfigure appear. Not	e the Fig. Paronomasia (Ap. 6), aphanizousin phanosin.
	appear. Ap. 106. I. 17 wash. Gr. niptō. J ⁴ . AS TO E	Ap. 136. i. IICHES (vv. 19-24).
	19 Lay. up=Treasure up. In the Elepha	antinë Papyri=establish a credit (J. of Bib. Lit., 1912,
	also be. 22 light=lamp. Gr. luchnos. Ap.	
	able to. serve. As a bondservant. mas	nan=No one. Gr. oudeis. See Ap. 105. I. can=is ters. Gr. kurios. See Ap. 98. VI. i. a. 4. B. hate:
	or care not for. other. Gr. <i>heteros.</i> See A God. Ap. 98. I. i. 1. mammon=riches. Ar	Ap. 124. 2. cannot = are not (Ap. 105. I) able to. a Aramaic word. See Ap. 94. III. 3. Luke 16. 13.
1		

(p. 1319)

25 ° Therefore I say unto you, ° Take ° no thought for your ° life, what ye shall eat, or what ye shall drink; nor yet for your body, what ye shall put on. Is 5 not the ° life ° more \mathbf{J}^5

than meat, and the body than raiment? 26 °Behold the fowls °of the °air: for they sow not, neither do they reap, nor gather 6 into barns; yet ° your ¹⁴ heavenly Father feedeth them. Are p_{ℓ} not much better than they? 27 Which ° of you by ²⁵ taking thought can °add one ° cubit ° unto his ° stature?

28 And why 25 take ye thought ° for raiment? °Consider the lilies of the field, how they

grow; they °toil ⁵ not, neither do they ° spin: 29 And yet I say unto you, That even Solomon¹ in all his glory was ⁵ not arrayed like one of these.

30 Wherefore, ° if God so clothe the grass of the field, which to day is, and to morrow is cast ⁶ into the oven, shall He ⁵ not much more

clothe you, °O ye of little faith ? 31 Therefore ²⁵take ²⁵ no thought, saying, 'What shall we eat?' or, 'What shall we drink?' or, 'Wherewithal shall we be clothed?' 32 (For after all these things do the °Gentiles seek:) for ¹⁴ your heavenly Father knoweth that ye have need of all these things.

33 But seek ye first ° the kingdom of God, and °His righteousness; and all these things °shall be added unto you.

34 ²⁵ Take therefore ²⁵ no thought for the morrow: for the morrow ° shall take thought for ° the things of itself. ° Sufficient unto the day ° is the 23 evil thereof.

7 Judge ° not, that ye be ° not judged.

2 For ° with what judgment ye judge, ye shall be judged: and °with what measure ye mete, it shall be measured to you ° again. 3 And why ° beholdest thou the ° mote that is

° in thy ° brother's eye, but ° considerest ° not the ° beam that is ° in thine own eye?

4 Or how wilt thou say to thy ³ brother, 'Let me pull out the ³ mote ^o out of thine eye; ^{*} and, ^o behold, a ³ beam is ³ in thine own eye?

5 Thou hypocrite, first cast out the ³ beam °out of thine own eye; and then shalt thou see clearly to cast out the ³ mote ^o out of thy ³ brother's eye.

6 Give ¹ not that which is holy unto the ^o dogs, neither cast ye your pearls before swine, lest °they °trample them °under their feet, °and °turn again and rend you.

7 ° Ask, and it shall be given you; seek, and ye shall find; knock, and ° it shall be opened unto you:

8 For every one that ⁷asketh receiveth; and he that seeketh findeth; and to him that knocketh 7 it shall be opened.

9 Or what ° man is there 5 of you, whom ° if his son ⁷ ask bread, will he give him a stone? 10 Or $^{\circ}$ if he ⁷ask $^{\circ}$ a fish, will he give him

a serpent?

11 ° If pe then, being °evil, °know how to give

J⁵. AS TO CARES, ETC. (6. 25-7. 11).

25 Therefore = On account of this (Gr. dia. Ap. 104. v. 2).

Take no thought = Be not careful: i.e. full of care, or over-anxious. Cp. vv. 27, 28, 31, 34.

no. Gr. mē. Ap. 105. II. life=soul. Gr. psuchē. Ap. 110. III.

more = [worth] more.

26 Behold = Look attentively (emblepö, Ap. 133. I. 7) at (eis, Ap. 104. vi).

of=which fly in. Gen. of Relation. Ap. 17. 5.

air=the heaven. Sing. in contrast with earth. See note on 6. 9, 10.

your. Speaking to disciples. Contrast "them" with their creator.

27 of=from among. Gr. ek. Ap. 104. vii.

add = prolong. cubit = span. Cp. Luke 12. 26. Put by Fig. Metonymy (of Subject), Ap. 6, for a very small thing, as in Ps. 39. 5, where the Gr. pechus is used as the rendering of Heb.

'ammah. unto. Gr. epi. Ap. 104. ix. 3. stature. Used elsewhere of age in John 9. 21, 23, Heb. 11. 11, and of stature in Luke 19. 3. Doubtful in 6. 27. Luke 2. 52. Eph. 4. 13.

28 for = about or concerning. Gr. peri. Ap. 104. xiii. 1. Consider = Consider carefully, so as to learn from. Gr. katamanthano. Occ. only here. toil not. As men. spin. As women. Consolation for both sexes.30 if. Assuming the fact, See Ap. 118, 2. a.

O ye of little faith. Note the four occurrences of this word (oligopistos). Here, rebuking care; 8. 26, rebuking fear; 14. 31, rebuking doubt; 16. s, rebuking reasoning. Luke 12. 28 is parallel with Matt. 6. 30. 32 Gentiles = nations.

33 the kingdom of God. See Ap. 114. Occurs. five times: Matt. 6. 33; 12. 28; 19. 24; 21. 31, 43.

His: i.e. God. LT[A] WH R omit, and read "His righteousness and kingdom".

shall be added. Hebraism = come on afterward, as in Acts 12. 3. Luke 20. 11. Sept. for Heb. yāsaph.

34 shall. Hebraism = is sure to, will certainly.

the things of. All the critical texts omit these words, Sufficient, &c. Prob. the Fig. Paramia. Ap. 6. This verse is not "omitted by Luke"; but it was not included by the Lord when repeated on a later occasion which Luke records. See Ap. 97. is = be.

7. 1 not. Gr. mē. Ap. 105. II. Jewish proverb. 2 with what, &c. Fig. Paræmia. Ap. 6.

with. Gr. en. Ap. 104. viii.

again. All the critical texts omit. Ap. 94. VII. 3 beholdest. See Ap. 133. I. 5. This is in contrast with "considerest". Jewish proverb.

mote. Anglo-Saxon, mot = a particle of dust, something dry: i.e. any dry particle, as wood (splinter), in. Gr. en. Ap. 104. viii. chaff, or dust.

brother's. See note on 5. 22.

considerest. Gr. katanoeö. Stronger than "beholdest" above. See Ap. 133. II. 4. not. Gr. ou. Ap. 105. I. Not the same word as in v. 1,

beam. Gr. dokos. Sept. for Heb. korah in 2 Kings 6. 2, 5. 4 out of = from. Gr. apo. Ap. 104. iv.

behold. Fig. Asterismos (Ap. 6), for emphasis.

5 out of. Gr. ek. Ap. 104. vii. 6 dogs. Note the Introversion here.

K g dogs.

h | swine. h | swine ("they").

 $g \mid \text{dogs}$ (and the dogs).

they: i.e. the swine.

trample. All the critical texts read "shall trample upon ". under = with. Gr. en. Ap. 104. viii. and = and [the dogs]. turn again and = having turned. 7 Ask. Gr. aiteo. Ap. 134. I. 4. it shall be opened. This is never done in the East to this day. L Tr. WHm. read "it is opened" The one who knocks is always first questioned, 9 man, Gr. anthropos. Ap. 123. 1. if. See A. fish also. **11** If. Ap. 118. 2. a. 10 if he ask. All read "if he shall ask". if. See Ap. 118.1. b. a fish = aScripture thus evil=grudging, or harmful. See Ap. 128. IV. i. challenges man, that is why man challenges it. know. Gr. oida. Ap. 132. I. i.

	7. 11. MATT	HEW. 8. 2.	
27	good gifts unto your °children, how much more shall your Father Which is ³ in [°] heaven give [°] good things to them that ask Him ?	children: pl. of teknon. Ap. 108. I. heaven = the heavens. See notes on 6. 9, 10. good things. Cp. Ps.34.8-10; 84. 11. Luke 11.13. Jas.1.17. 12 Therefore. Summing up all that has been said	
(p. 13 17)	12 ° Therefore all things whatsoever ye ° would that 9 men should do to you, do y_{ℓ} even so to them: for this is ° the law and the prophets.	in vv. 1-11. would = be willing. See Ap. 102. 1. the law. See note on 5. 17. 13 Enter ye in, &c. Repeated on a later occasion. Luke 13, 2.	
E (p. 1316)	13 °Enter ye in ° at the ° strait gate: for ° wide is the gate, and ° broad is ° the way, that ° lead- eth ° to destruction, and many there be which ° go in ° thereat: 14 ° Because ¹³ strait is the gate, and ° narrow is the way, which leadeth ° unto ° life, and few there be that find it.	at = through, or by means of. Gr. dia. Ap. 104. v. 1. strait = narrow. wide. Gr. platus. Occ. only here. broad = extensive. Gr. euruchöros. Occ. only here. the way. For "the two ways", see Deut. 30. 15. 1 Kings 18. 21. 2 Pet. 2. 2, 15. leadeth = leads away. to = unto. Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi. go = enter in. thereat = through. Gr. dia. Ap. 104. v. 1. 14 Because strait. L Tr. R marg. Syr. Vulg. &c.,	•
Ð	 15 °Beware °of false prophets, which come °to you ³in sheep's clothing, but inwardly they are ravening wolves. 16 °Ye shall °know them °by their fruits. °Do ⁹men gather grapes ¹⁵of thorns, or figs ¹⁵of thistles? 17 Even so every good tree bringeth forth good fruit; but a corrupt tree bringeth forth ¹¹ evil fruit. 18 A good tree can ³ not bring forth ¹¹ evil fruit. 19 Every tree that bringeth ¹not forth good fruit. 19 Every tree that bringeth ¹not forth good fruit is hewn down, and cast ° into the fire. 20 Wherefore ¹⁶ by their fruits ¹⁶ ye shall ¹⁶know them. 21 ³ Not every one that saith unto Me, ° 'Lord, Lord, 'shall enter into ° the kingdom of ° heaven; but he that doeth the ° will of My Father Which is ³ in ° heaven. 22 Many will say to Me ³ in that day, ²¹ · Lord, Lord, ° have we ³ not ° prophesied ³ in Thy name? and ° in Thy name have cast out ° devils? and ° in Thy name done many ° wonderful works? ' 	and some fifty codices read "How strait". narrow = straitened. unto. Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi. Same as "to", v. 14. life: i. e. the life [eternal]. See note on Lev. 18.5. Ap 170. 1. 15 Beware = Take heed, as in 6. 1. of = from, or away from. Gr. apo. Ap. 104. iv.: i. e. Beware [and keep] away from. to. Gr. pros. Ap. 104. xv. 3. 16 Ye shall know. Note the Fig. Epanadiplösis (Ap. 6). See v20. know = fully know and recognize. See Ap. 132. I. iii by = from. Gr apo. Ap. 104. iv. Do men, &c. Fig. Erotēsis (Ap. 6), for emphasis. 19 into. Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi. 21 Lord, Lord. Note the Fig. Epizeuxis (Ap. 6), for emphasis. Ap. 98. VI. i. a. 2. B. a. the kingdom of heaven. See Ap. 114. heaven = heavens. All the texts read "the heavens" See notes on 6. 9, 10. will. Gr. thelēma. See Ap. 102 22 have = did. Note the Fig. Erotēsis. Ap. 6. prophesied = acted as spokesmen. See Ap. 172. 1); ir Sept. in this sense only in Job 37. 16, for Heb. miphelä'äh 23 knew=got to know. Gr. ginōskō. See Ap. 132. I. ii. from = away from. Gr. apo. Ap. 104. vi.	r r r
c	 [°] knew you: depart [°] from Me, ye that work [°] iniquity.' 24 Therefore [°] whosoever heareth these [°] say- 	24 whosoever = every one (as in v. 26). Fig. Synec dochē (of Genus), Ap. 6. sayings = words. Gr. pl. of logos. See note or	
	ings of Mine, and doeth them, I will liken him unto a °wise ° man, which built his house ° upon °a ° rock: 25 °And °the rain descended, and the °floods came, and the °winds blew, and °beat ²⁴ upon that house; and it fell ³ not: for it °was founded ²⁴ upon ²⁴ a rock. 26 And every one that heareth these ²⁴ say- ings of Mine, and doeth them ¹ not, shall be likened unto a foolish ²⁴ man, which built his house ²⁴ upon the sand: 27 ²⁵ And the ²⁵ rain descended, and the floods came, and the winds blew, and ° beat upon that house; and it °fell: and great was the fall of it."	Mark 9. 32. man. Gr. anër. Ap.123.2. a=the. 25 And. Note the Fig. Polysyndeton (Ap. 6), empha sizing each particular. the rain descended = down came the rain. Gr brochē. Occ. only here. On the roof. floods. At the foundation. winds. At the sides beat = broke upon, dashed against (with great vio lence), as in Luke 6.48, in contrast with "beat" in v. 27 which is a much weaker word. 27 beat upon = on the roof; stumbled against, merely impinged, or lightly struck, in contrast with v. 25. fell = did fall. 28 ended. This marks the end of the first period and subject of the Lord's ministry. See the Structure	3. 1- 5. 5. 7, y
В	28 And it came to pass, when Jesus had °ended these ²⁴ sayings, the °people were astonished °at His °doctrine: 29 For He °taught them as one °having autho- rity, ° and ⁸ not as the scribes.	F, p. 1315, and Ap. 119. people=multitudes. at. Gr. epi. Ap. 104. ix. 2. doctrine = teaching 29 taught=was continually teaching. having authority: i.e. possessing Divine authority Gr. exousia. Ap. 172. 5. In the current Heb. literatur of that time it denoted the Heb. mippi hagg burah = from the mouth of God. See notes on Matt. 26. 64. Mark	7. re n
G L № ¹ A ¹ (p. 1324)	8 "When He was come down "from the mountain, great multitudes followed Him. 2 And, "behold, there came a "leper and	14. 62, and Heb. 1. 3. and not. Note the Fig. Pleonasm (Ap. 6). Jewish	h
		Structure see next page].	
	1 When=And when.from = away from.(Ap. 6), for emphasis.leper. See note on		*

8.2

MATTHEW.

27	[°] worshipped Him, saying, [°] "Lord, if Thou wilt, Thou canst make me [°] clean."	8. 1–16. 13 (G, p. 1315). THE SECOND PERIOD OF THE MINISTRY. PROCLAMATION OF THE KING. (Introversion and Alternations.)		
	3 And °Jesus put forth <i>His</i> hand, and touched him, saying, °"I will; be thou ² clean." And immediately °his leprosy was cleansed.	G L 8. 1–9. 28. THE LORD. His Person. Proclaimed as "Lord" and "Son of Man". Witness and		
	4 And ° Jesus saith unto him, ° " See thou tell	Evidences begun. Miracles and Calls.		
	^o no man; but ^o go thy way, ^o shew thyself to the priest, and offer the gift that ^o Moses com-	$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c } \mathbf{M} & \mathbf{N} & \mathbf{10.1-42.} & \mathbf{Mission of the Twelve begun.} \\ & \mathbf{O} & \mathbf{P}^1 & \mathbf{R}^1 & \mathbf{11.1, 2.} & \mathbf{Miracles.} \end{array} $		
	manded, ° for a testimony unto them."	S ¹ 11. 3-6. Effects. Q ¹ T ¹ 11. 7-30. Teaching.		
₿¹ i	5 And when Jesus was entered ° into ° Caper-	U ¹ 12.1-8. Results.		
(p. 1323)	naum, ° there came unto Him a ° centurion, ° be- seeching Him,	Opposition of Pharisees.		
	6 And saying, 2" Lord, my ° servant ° lieth at	P ² R ² 12. 9-13. Miracles. S ² 12. 14-50. Effects.		
	home °sick of the palsy, grievously tormented." 7 And ³ Jesus saith unto him, " \Im will come	$Q^2 T^2 13.1-53$. Teaching.		
	and heal him."	U ² 13. 54–58. Re- sults. Opposi-		
k	8 The centurion answered and said, ² " Lord, I am ^o not ^o worthy that Thou shouldest ^o come	tion of His own kindred.		
	[°] under my roof: but speak the word only,	$M \mid N \mid 14.1-12.$ Mission of JOHN BAPTIST ended. $O \mid P^3 \mid R^3 \mid 14.13-36.$ Miracles.		
	and my ⁶ servant shall be healed. 9 For [°] 3 am [°] a man ⁸ under [°] authority, having	$S^3 \mid 15. 1, 2.$ Effects.		
	soldiers ⁸ under [°] me: [°] and I say to [°] this man,	$Q^3 \mid T^3 \mid 15.3-11.$ Teaching. $U^3 \mid 15.12-20.$ Result.		
	'Go,' °and he goeth ; and to °another, 'Come,' and he cometh ; and to my °servant, 'Do this,'	Opposition of Pharisees.		
	° and he doeth it."	P ⁴ R ⁴ 15. 21-39. Miracles.		
1	10 When Jesus heard <i>it</i> , He ^o marvelled, and said to them that followed, ^o " Verily I say	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $		
	unto you, I have not found so great faith, ° no,	U ⁴ 16. 13-16. Re- sult. Opposi-		
	not 'in Israel. 11 And I say unto you, That 'many shall	tion complete.		
	come 1 from the east and west, and shall $^{\circ}$ sit	L 16, 17-20. THE LORD, Messiah. Declared. Wit- ness and Evidences ended.		
	down [°] with Abraham, [°] and Isaac, [°] and Jacob, ¹⁰ in [°] the kingdom of heaven.	8. 1-9. 38 (L, above). [For Structure see next page.]		
	12 But the $^{\circ}$ children of 11 the kingdom shall be	worshipped=did homage. See Ap. 137. i. The varia- tions in Mark 1, and Luke 5, are due to the fact that		
		they do not record the same miracle. See Ap. 97. that Jesus is called "Lord". In this second period of		
	His ministry, His Person is to be proclaimed as Messiah, both Divine (here), and in v 20 human. When once they begin to call Him "Lord", they continue. Cp. vv. 6, &c. clean. See note on v. 3. Not the			
	same miracle as in Mark 1. 40 and Luke 5. 12. H	fere both without the city (Capernaum, Ap. 169); there, full" and therefore "clean" (Lev. 13. 12, 13). Here, the		
	leper obeys and is silent; there, he disobeys, so that	the Lord could no more enter the city (Chorazin). The		
	antecedents were different, and the consequents als All the texts (Ap. 94, VII) read "He". I will	= I am willing. See Ap. 102. 1. his leprosy was		
	cleansed. Fig. <i>Hypallage</i> (Ap. 6)=he was cleansed in Inscriptions in this sense. 4 Jesus. See Ap.	l of his leprosy. <i>Katharizō</i> is found in the Papyri and 98. X. See. Gr. <i>horaō</i> . Ap. 133. I. 8. no man =		
	no one. go. To Jerusalem. shew thyself, 8	tc. See Lev. 14. 4. Moses. The <i>first</i> of eighty in the Gospels (see the first occurrence in each Gospel		
	(Matt. 8. 4. Mark 1. 44. Luke 5. 14. John 1. 17); n	ineteen times in Acts (see note on Acts 3. 22); twenty-two		
	times in the Epistles (see note on Rom. 5. 14; onc Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi.			
	B^1 i 5-7. Servar	THE PALSY. (Introversion.) at sick.		
	$ \begin{array}{c c} \mathbf{k} & \mathbf{j} \in \mathbf{k} \text{ setvant Sufficiency.} \\ \mathbf{k} & \mathbf{j} \in \mathbf{k} \text{ setvant Sufficiency.} \\ 1 & \mathbf{j} \text{ 10-12. The Divine Command.} \\ \mathbf{k} & \mathbf{j} \text{ 13 Word. Efficacy.} \\ \mathbf{i} & \mathbf{j} \text{ -13. Servant healed.} \end{array} $			
		ee note on 4. 13, and Ap. 169. there came, &c. This		
	is in connection with the same centurion as in	Luke 7. 3, 6, but on a prior occasion. See notes there beseeching = appealing to. Gr.		
	parakaleō. Ap. 134. I. 6. 6 servant = young m	an, in legal relation (like the French garçon). Gr. pais.		
	See Ap. 108. IV. lieth = is thrown down. sich worthy = fit. Not "worthy" (morally), but "fit"	socially. come = enter. under. Gr. hupo. Ap.		
		nthropos. See Ap. 123. I. authority. Gr. exousia. g. Polysyndeton in this verse, Ap. 6. this man=this		
	[soldier]. another: i.e. of the same rank (see A			
	Verily. Only Matthew uses this Aramaic word he	re (supplementary). See note on 5. 18. no, not =		
	not even. Gr. oude. Related to ou. Ap. 105. I. Fig. Euphēmismos for Gentiles (Ap. 6), to avoid givin			
	recline as guests (in eating, or at a feast). wi Polysyndeton (Ap. 6). the kingdom of hear			
	Ap. 108. III (and heirs). A Hebraism, denoting t followers, learners, inhabitants, &c.	hose who were related by any ties of friendship : e.g.		

8. 12.

MATTHEW.

27	cast out ⁵ into ⁹ outer darkness: there shall be	
27 cast out ⁵ into [°] outer darkness: there shall be [°] weeping and gnashing of teeth."		
		L

- (p. 1323) way; and as thou ° hast believed, so be it done unto thee."
 - *i* And his ⁶ servant was healed ¹⁰ in the [°] selfsame hour.
- C¹ 14 And when Jesus was come ⁵ into [°] Peter's (p. 1324) house, He [°]saw his wife's mother [°] laid, and

sick of a fever. 15 And He touched her hand, and the fever left her: and she arose, and ministered unto them.

- D¹ 16 ° When ° the even was come, they brought unto Him many that were possessed with ° devils : and He cast out the ° spirits ° with *His* word, and healed all that were ° sick :
- W¹ X¹ 17 ° That it might be fulfilled which was spoken °by °Esaias the prophet, °saying, "Himself °took our infirmities, and °bare our °sicknesses."
- Y¹ m
 18 Now when Jesus ¹⁴ saw great multitudes ^o about Him, He gave commandment to depart ^o unto the ^o other side. 19 And ^o a certain scribe came, and said unto Him, ^o" Master, I will follow Thee whithersoever Thou ^o goest."
 - n 20 And Jesus saith °unto him, "The foxes have holes, and the birds of the °air have °nests; but °the Son of Man hath ⁸ not where °to lay *His* head."
 - m 21 And °another of His disciples said unto Him, ° "Lord, ° suffer me ° first to go and bury my father."
 - n 22 But Jesus said unto him, "Follow Me; and °let °the dead bury their dead."

 $\mathbf{V}^2 \mathbf{A}^2 \mathbf{o}$

23 And when He was entered ⁵ into [°] a ship, His disciples followed Him.

24 And, $^{\circ}$ behold, there arose a great $^{\circ}$ tempest

8.1-9.38 (L, p. 1323). THE LORD. HIS PERSON. PROCLAIMED AS "LORD" AND "SON OF MAN" (8. 20). MIRACLES AND CALLS. (Repeated and Extended Alternations and Introversions.) $L | V^1 | A^1 | 8.1-4$. The Leper. 8. 1-16. B¹ 8. 5-13. The Palsy. C¹ | 8. 14, 15. The Fever. | Miracles. Testimony. (Isaiah.) Y1 | 8. 18-22. Disciples. Waverers. V² | A² | 8. 23-27. The Storm. B² [8, 28-31, Two Demoniacs, [8, 23-9, 8, C² | 8. 32-34. The Swine. Miracles. D² 9.1-8. The Palsy. W^2 Y² 9.9. Disciple. True. (Matthew.) X² 9. 10-17. Testimony. (People.) V³ | A³ | 9. 18-26. Two Women. 9. 18-35. B³ 9. 27-31. Two Blind Men. C³ 9. 32-34. Dumb demon. Miracles D³ | 9. 35. Many. W³ | X³ | 9. 36, 37. Testimony. (His own.) Y³ 9. 38. Disciples. Prayer for.

outer = the outer. Gr. $ex\overline{o}teros$. Occ. only in Matthew (here, and in 22. 13, and 25. 30). Outside the place where the feast was going on in v. 11.

weeping and gnashing=the weeping and the grinding. The Articles denoting not a state but a definite occasion and time when this event shall take place. Used by the Lord seven times (Matt. 8, 12; 13, 42; 13, 50; 22, 13; 24, 51; 25, 30. Luke 13, 28). A study of these will show that the occasion is "the end of the age", when "the Lord and His servants shall have come", and when He will deal with the "wicked" and "unprofitable" servants, and sit down with Abraham and Isaac and Jacob in His kingdom.

13 hast believed = didst believe. selfsame = that. 14 Peter's house. The Lord was in Capernaum, so that He was probably lodging with Peter. Cp. Mark 1. 29. See Ap. 169. saw. Gr. eidon. Ap. 133, I. 1. laid = laid out for death. A Hebraism.

16 When=And when. the even. Probably the Sabbath, for they came straight out of the Synagogue and waited for the end of the Sabbath. devils=demons: i.e. evil spirits, Ap. 101, III, 12. Ap. 101. III. 11. with His word = by a word. Supply "a" instead of "His". spirits. sick = in evil case. Ap. 128. IV. 4. 17 That=So that. by=by means of. Gr. dia. Ap. 104. v. 1. Esaias = Isaiah. See Ap. 79. I. saying. Quoted from the Heb. of Isa. 53. 4. Cp. 1 Pet. 2. 24. See Ap. 107. I. 3. took ... bare. The two words together fulfil the sense of the Hebrew (Isa. 53. 4). The Inspirer of Isaiah adapts and deals as He pleases with His own words. bare == to take up for one's self; to bear our infirmities as in Luke 14. 27. Rom. 15. 1. Gal. 5. 10; 6. 17. Cp. John sicknesses. Gr. nosos diseases. 4. 6.

- 8. 18-22 (Y¹, above). DISCIPLES. WAVERERS. (Alternation.)
 - Y¹ | m | 18, 19. A Scribe. Forwardness.

n | 20. Discouragement.

m | 21. A Disciple. Backwardness.

 $n \mid 22$. Encouragement.

18 about = around. Gr. peri. Ap. 104. xiii, 3. unto. Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi. other side = farther side, not either of the words in Ap. 124. 19 a=one. A Hebraism for "a". Master = Teacher. 20 unto him. No Preposition. Ap 98. XIV. v. 1. goest = mayest go. air = heaven.nests the Son of Man. He Who has dominion in the earth. The first of eighty-seven occurrences. roosts. See Ap. 98. XVI. to lay = He may lay. Cp. Rev. 14. 14. 21 another = a different one: Gr. heteros. Ap. 124. 2. i.e. a disciple, not a "scribe" (o. 19). Ap. 124. 2. Lord. Ap. 98. VI. a. 3. A. suffer me, &c. = allow me, &c. This was, and is to-day, a polite way of excusing one's self, it being well under-See Ap. 98. XVI. stood as such, because all knew that the dead are buried on the day of the death, and no one leaves the first. No! See 6. 33. the dead = corpses. Note the well-known house. **22** let = leave.Fig. Antanaclasis (Ap. 6), by which one word is used twice in the same sentence with two meanings which clash against each other : "leave the dead to bury their own corpses". See Ap. 139. I.

8. 23-27 [For Structure see next page].

23 a ship = the ship. Referring to v. 18. **24** behold. Fig. Asterismos (Ap. 6), to call attention to another stage of "the great conflict". See Ap. 23, p. 27. This is not the same tempest as that recorded in Mark 4. 37-41, and Luke 8. 23-25. This was before the calling of the Twelve: the other was after that event. There is no "discrepancy", if we note the differences on p. 1325, and Ap. 97. tempest = earthquake. Always so rendered in the other thirteen occurrences. In the later event it was a squall (Gr. lailaps).

8. 24.

MATTHEW.

¹⁰ in the sea, insomuch that the ship ° was covered ° with the waves: $A^2 \mid 0 \mid 23, 24$. THE STORM. (Introversion.) $A^2 \mid 0 \mid 23, 24$. Tempest arising. 27

 $D^2 r$

(p. 1325)

- 25 And His disciples came to Him and awoke ^q Him, saying, ²¹"Lord, save us: we ° perish."
 - 26 And He saith unto them, °" Why are ye qfearful, °O ye of little faith?
- p Then He arose, and rebuked the winds and the sea;
- and there ° was a great calm. 0

27 But the ° men ° marvelled, saying, "What ^omanner of man is This, that even the winds and the sea obey Him !"

- 28 And ° when He was come ° to the other \mathbf{B}^2
- side ⁵ into the country of the [°]Gergesenes, there met Him [°]two [°]possessed with devils, (p. 1324) coming °out of the tombs, exceeding fierce, so that ° no man might pass 17 by that way.

29 And, ²behold, they cried out, saying, ""What have we to do with Thee, ^o Jesus, Thou ^oSon of God? ^o art Thou come hither to torment us ° before the time?'

30 And there was a good way off ¹ from them an herd of many swine feeding.

31 So the °devils ⁶besought Him, saying, °" If Thou cast us out, suffer us to go away ⁵ into the herd of swine.⁴

 \mathbf{C}^2 32 And He said unto them,°"Go." And when they were come out, they went ⁵ into the herd of swine: and, ² behold, the whole herd of swine ran violently [°]down [°]a steep place ⁵ into the sea, and ^o perished ¹⁰ in the waters.

33 And they that kept them fled, and went their ways 5 into the city, and told every thing, and what was befallen to the 23 possessed of the devils.

34 And, ² behold, [°] the whole [°] city came out °to meet Jesus: and when they saw Him, they °besought *Him* that He would depart ° out of their coasts.

9 And He entered ° into ° a ship, and passed over, and came ° into ° His own ° city.

2 And, ° behold, they brought to Him ° a man sick of the palsy, lying on a bed: and Jesus ° seeing ° their faith said unto the sick of the palsy;

° "Son, be of good cheer; thy ° sins ° be for- \mathbf{S} given thee.'

A² | 0 | 23, 24-. Tempest arising. p | -24. The Lord asleep.

- - q | 25. Disciples awakening Him.
- $\hat{q} \mid 26$ -. Disciples reproached by Him. $p \mid -26$ -. The Lord arising.
- o | -26. Tempest calmed.

was covered = was getting covered. Hence it was a decked boat. In the later miracle it was an open boat,

" filled ". with=by. Gr. hupo. Ap. 104. xviii. 1. asleep = sleeping. **25** perish = are perishing. 26 Why ...? Fig. Erotêsis (Ap. 6). Here the danger

was not so imminent, for He first rebuked the disciples. In the later miracle the danger was greater, and He rebuked the storm first. See Ap. 97. O ye of little faith. The second occurrence of this

word (oligopistoi). See note on 6. 30. was = became. 27 men. Pl. of anthropos. Ap. 123. 1.

marvelled. In 14. 33 "worshipped".

manner, &c. = kind of a Being. 28 when He was come. This miracle of the two demoniacs was not the same as that recorded in Mark 5. 1-20 and Luke 8. 26-40. Here, there were two men ; in the later miracle there was one; here, they landed opposite the place whence they set sail (Gergesenes); there, the Gadarenes (not Gadera) not opposite; here, no name is asked; there, the name is "Legion"; here, no bonds used; there, many; here, the two were not afterwards used, and the Twelve not yet called; there, the one man was used, and the Twelve had been called. The consequents also are different. See Ap. 97.

to=into. Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi.

Gergesenes. Prob. Girgashites, so called from one of the original Canaanite nations (Gen. 10. 16; 15. 21; Dent. 7. 1. Josh. 3. 10; 24. 11. 1 Chron. 1. 14. Neh. 9. 8). Not Gadarenes, as in Mark and Luke. "Gergesenes is the reading of the vast majority of MSS. of both families; of the Coptic, Æthiopic, and Armenian versions". Origen is the great authority; but Wetstein "imagined" that it was Origen's "gratuitous conjecture". Critics have followed Wetstein, but Scrivener is right (as usual) in retaining Gergesenes.

two. In the later miracle only one. Cp. "we", v. 29. possessed with devils: i.e. demoniacs. Gr. daiout of. Gr. ek. Ap. 104. vii. monizomai. no. Gr. mē. Ap. 105. I.

no man might pass - one was not able to pass.

29 What have we to do with Thee? A Hebraism. See note on 2 Sam. 16. 10. Occ. Mark 1. 24; 5. 7. Luke 4. 34; 8. 28; and John 2. 4.

Jesus. All the texts (Ap. 94. VII) omit "Jesus" here. Son of God. See Ap. 98. XV.

art ... P Fig. Erotesis. Ap. 6.

before. Gr. pro. Ap. 104. xiv. **31** devils = demons. If. See Ap. 118. 2. a. Assuming that He would do so. **32** Go. Gr. $hupag\delta = go$ forth, i. e. out of the man. down. Gr. kata. Ap. 104. x. 1.

a = the. Evidently, the well-known precipice.

perished = died. Those who defiled the temple (21. 12, 13. John 2. 14-16) lost their trade; and those who defiled Israel (here) lost their animals. 34 the whole. Put by Fig. Synecdochē (of Genus), Ap. 6, for the greater part. city. Prob. Gergasa. See note on v. 28. to meet = for a meeting with. Gr. sunantësis. Occ. only here, but L T Tr. WH read hupantësin, which occurs also as the same reading in 25. 1 and John 12. 13. besought. Same word as in vv. 5, 31. See note on Mark 5. 12. out of = away from. Gr. apo. Ap. 104. iv. **9.** 1-8 (D², p. 1324). THE PALSY. (Introversion.)

D² | r | 1, 2-. Palsied Man brought.

s | -2. Forgiveness declared.

t | 3. Scribes. Evil thoughts entertained.
t | 4. Scribes. Evil thoughts challenged.
s | 5, 6. Forgiveness. Power claimed.
r | 7, 8. Palsied Man healed.

1 into. Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi. a ship - the boat. The one already mentioned in ch. 8. His own. See note on "private" (2 Pet. 1. 20). city. Capernaum. See note on 4. 13, and Ap. 169. 2 behold. Fig. Asterismos. Ap. 6. a man sick of the palsy = a paralytic. on. Gr. epi. Ap. 104. ix. 1. seeing = on seeing. See Ap. 133. I. 1. Son = Child. Gr. teknon. See Ap. 108. I. their faith. Including of course that of bed = couch. the paralytic. sins. Gr., pl. of hamartia. Ap. 128. II. 1. be forgiven = stand remitted. L T Tr. and WH read the Indicative = " have been and are forgiven ", marking the Lord's authority. Not the ambiguous " be forgiven ".

9. 2.

but he was °asleep. (p. 1325)

	9. 3. MATT	HEW.	9 . 18.
t (p. 1325) 27 t	3 And, ² behold, certain of the scribes said [°] within themselves, "This man blasphemeth." 4 And [°] Jesus [°] knowing their thoughts said, "Wherefore think pe [°] evil [°] in your hearts?	3 within = among. Gr. en. Ap. 104. viii. 2. 4 Jesus. Ap. 98. X. knowing = perceiving. Gr. oida. Ap. 132. I. i word as "seeing" in v. 2. Not the same as " v. 6, or as in v. 30.	i. Same know",
S	5 For whether is easier, to say, ' <i>Thy</i> ² sins ² be forgiven thee'; or to say, 'Arise, and walk?' 6 But that ye may ⁴ know that °the Son of man hath °power ² on ° earth to forgive ² sins," (then saith He to ² the sick of the palsy,) "Arise, take up thy ² bed, and go ° unto thine house."	 evil=mischief. Gr. ponēros. Ap. 128. III. i. in, &c.=among [you] in your hearts. Gr. en. viii. 2. 6 the Son of man. See Ap. 98. XVI. power=authority. See Ap. 172. 5. earth=the earth. Gr. gē. Ap. 129. 4. unto. Gr. eis. Same as "into", v. 1. 7 to. Gr. eis. Same as "unto", v. 6. 8 multitudes=crowds. So vv. 33, 36; "ped 	
r	7 And he arose, and departed °to his house. 8 But when the °multitudes ² saw <i>it</i> , they marvelled, and glorified God, Which had given such ⁶ power unto °men.	vv. 23, 25. men. Gr anthropos. Ap. 123, 1. 9 forth = along. Matthew. An Aramaic word. See Ap. 94. I at = over. Gr. epi. Ap. 104. ix. 3. the receipt of custom = the custom have	II. 3.
W ² Y ² (p. 1324)	9 And as 'Jesus passed °forth from thence, He ² saw a ⁸ man, named °Matthew, sitting °at [°] the receipt of custom: and He saith unto him, "Follow Me." And he arose, and followed Him.	 the receipt of custom = the custom-house. 9. 10-17 (X², p. 1324). TESTIMONY. T QUESTIONS. (Extended Alternation.) X² t 10, 11. Question of Pharisees to His disc u 12. Proverb. Answer 	
X² t (p. 1326)	10 °And it came to pass, as 'Jesus ° sat at meat °in °the house, ² behold, many °publi- cans and °sinners came and °sat down with Him and His disciples. 11 And when the °Pharisees ² saw <i>it</i> , they said unto His disciples, "Why eateth your °Master ° with ¹⁰ publicans and ¹⁰ sinners?"		
u	12 But when 'Jesus heard <i>that</i> , He said unto them, $^{\circ}$ "They that be $^{\circ}$ whole need $^{\circ}$ not a physician, but they that are sick.	the house = his house : i.e. Matthew's hou Luke 5. 29; so in v. 28. publicans = tax-gatherers. sinners. Especially in a religious sense. Th	-
v	13 ° But ° go ye and learn what <i>that</i> ° mean- eth, 'I ° will have ° mercy, and ¹² not sacrifice : ' for °I am ¹² not come to call ° the righteous, but ¹⁰ sinners ° to repentance."	is common in the Inscriptions in Asia Minor mann). 11 Pharisees. See Ap. 120. Master=Teacher. See Ap. 98. XIV. v. 1. with. Gr. meta. Ap. 104. xi. 1.	
ŧ	14 Then ° came to Him the disciples of John, saying, "Why do we and the ¹¹ Pharisees ° fast oft, but Thy disciples fast ¹² not ?"	12 They that be, &c. Fig. Paræmia (Ap. "u" above. whole = strong. Eng. "whole" is from Angl hael = our "hale", healthy or strong.	
26	15 And 4 Jesus said unto them, °"Can ° the ° children of the bridechamber mourn, as long as the bridegroom is ¹¹ with them? but the days will come, when the bridegroom shall be taken ° from them, and then ° shall they fast.	not. Gr. ou. Ap. 105. I. 13 But, &c. This is the application. How quoted with evident reference to Hos. 6, 1; 5, 13 See Ap. 117. I. go ye. To your teachers.	
υ	16 °No man putteth a piece of °new cloth °unto an old garment, for °that which is put in to fill it up °taketh ¹⁵ from the garment, and °the rent is made worse. 17 Neither do men put °new wine ¹ into °old °bottles : °else the °bottles °break, and the wine runneth out, and the °bottles °perish: but they put °new wine ¹ into °new °bottles, and both are °preserved."	 meaneth = is. will have = require. See Ap. 102. 1. mercy = compassion. Gr. eleos. I am not come = I came not. the righteous = just ones. to repentance. All the texts omit : also wa Syr. and Vulg. both here and in Mark 2. 17. 14 came = come. fast oft. Cp. Luke 18. 12. 15 Can, &c. Fig. Paraemia (Ap. 6). See "u the children, &c. A Hebraism. Used in 	" above.
A ³ w (p. 1327)	18 While He spake these things unto them, ² behold, there came °a certain °ruler, and °worshipped Him, saying, "My daughter	children = sons. Gr. pl. of huios. Ap. 108. I	12. Acts
	shall=will.16 No man=No one.In this condition it is less supple and will tear awaythat which is put in, &c. = the insertion: i.e.the rent is made worse = a worse rent takes placenew as to time.old bottles=old or dried skbreak=burst.gr. kainos.preserved = preserved together.	the patch put on. taketh = tearet e. 17 new = freshly made : i.e. young. G	04. ix. 2. h away. r. <i>neos</i> == herwise.
		[For Structure see next page]. a civil ruler. Not the same miracle as that in Ma	ırk 5, 22,
		d = began doing homage. Ap. 137. I.	-,

r

9. 18.

9. 38.

27	[°] is even now dead: but come and lay Thy hand [°] upon her, and she shall [°] live." 19 And ⁴ Jesus arose, and followed him, and	9. 18-26 (A ³ , p. 1324). TWO WOMEN. (Introversion.) A ³ w 18,19. The Ruler's daughter. Dead.
x	so did His disciples. 20 (And, ² behold, [°] a woman, which was	x 20, 21. The Woman's faith. Exercised. x 22. The Woman's faith. Rewarded. w 23-26. The Ruler's daughter. Raised.
(p. 1327)	diseased with ° an issue of blood twelve years, came behind <i>Him</i> , and touched the ° hem of	is even now dead = hath just now died. upon. Gr. epi. Ap. 104. ix. 3.
	His garment: 21 For she °said ° within herself, °" If I may but touch His garment, I shall be ° whole."	live = come to life again. Especially to live again in resurrection. See Mark 16. 11. Luke 24. 5, 23. John 11. 25, 26. Acts 1. 3; 9. 41; 25. 19. Rom. 6. 10. 2 Cor.
æ	22 But 'Jesus turned Him about, and when He 'saw her, He said, "Daughter, be of good	 13. 4. Rev. 1. 18; 2. 8; 13. 14; 20. 4, 5. 20 a woman, &c. Not the same miracle as in Mark 5. 25 and Luke 8. 43. See Ap. 138.
	[°] comfort; thy faith hath [°] made thee whole." And the woman was [°] made whole ¹⁵ from that	an issue of blood = a hæmorrhage. Gr. haimorroeö. Occ. only here. hem : the tassel at one of the four corners, to touch
20	hour.) 23 And when 'Jesus came ¹ into the ruler's	which was a mark of profound respect. But see Ap. 188, and cp. Num. 15. 37-41. 21 said = kept saying.
	house, and ² saw the ^o minstrels and the ^o people ^o making a noise,	within herself. The second woman seems to have spoken to others. within. Gr. en. Ap. 104. viii.
	24 He said unto them, °"Give place: for the °maid is ¹² not dead, but °sleepeth." And they	If I may, &c. See Ap. 118. I. b. The condition being quite hypothetical.
	laughed Him to scorn. 25 But when the people were put forth, He	whole = saved : i.'e. healed. A Hebraism. Cp. Ps. 42.11; 43.5; 67.2 = saving health. Not the same word as in $v.12$. 22 comfort = courage.
	went in, and took her by the hand, and the ²⁴ maid arose.	made thee whole = saved. As in v . 21. 23 minstrels=flute-players, or pipers.
	26 And the ° fame hereof went abroad ¹ into all that land.	people = crowd. See v. s. making a noise = loudly wailing.
B ³ y	27 And when 'Jesus departed thence, two	24 Give place=Go out [of the room]. maid. Gr. korasion. The same as "damsel" in
	blind men followed Him, crying, and saying, "Thou °Son of David, have ¹³ mercy on us."	Mark 6. 22, 28: not the same as "damsel" in Mark 5. 39 (Ap. 108. IX), which is <i>paidion</i> (Ap. 108. V). sleepeth. Gr. <i>katheudō</i> . Ap. 171. 1.
z	28 And when He was come ¹ into ^o the house, the blind men came to Him: and ⁴ Jesus saith	 26 fame hereof=this report. 9. 27-31 (B³, p. 1324). TWO BLIND MEN.
	unto them, "Believe ye that I am able to do this?" They °said unto Him, "Yea, °Lord."	(Introversion.) B ³ y 27. Blind men. Their prayer.
	29 Then touched He their eyes, saying, ^o "According to your faith be it unto you."	z 28-30 The Lord. Compliance. z -30. The Lord. Command.
	30 And their eyes were opened;	y 31. Blind men. Their disobedience. 27 Son of David. The second of nine occurrences in Matthew See notes on 1 1: 21 at 22 4a. See
2	and ⁴ Jesus straitly charged them, saying, "See that ¹⁶ no man know <i>it</i> ."	in Matthew. See notes on 1. 1; 21. 9; 22. 42. See Ap. 98. XVIII. 28 the house, or his house. See note on 0. 10.
¥	31 But they, [°] when they were departed, [°] spread abroad His [°] fame ⁴ in all that country.	said = say. Lord. Ap. 98. VI. i. a. 3. B. 29 According to. Gr. kata. Ap. 104. x. 2.
C^{3}	32 °As they went out, ² behold, they brought to Him a dumb ⁸ man [°] possessed with a	31 when they were departed(32) As they wert out = when they had gone out but as they were leaving. spread fame=made Him known.
(p. 1324)	devil. 33 And when the °devil was cast out, the	32 As they went = As they were going. possessed with a devil = a demoniac.
	dumb spake: and the ⁸ multitudes marvelled, saying, "It was never so seen ⁴ in Israel."	33 devil = demon. 34 out devils. The 1611 edition of the A.V. reads
	34 But the ¹¹ Pharisees said, "He casteth out ³² devils of through the prince of the	"out the devils". through = by. Gr. en. Ap. 104. viii. See note on
	³² devils."	"with", 3. 11. 35 synagogues. See Ap. 120. preaching=heralding. Gr. kērussō. See Ap. 121. 1.
D_3	villages, teaching 'in their 'synagogues, and	the gospel of the kingdom = the glad tidings of the kingdom. See Ap. 140.
	[°] preaching [°] the [°] gospel [°] of the kingdom, and healing [°] every [°] sickness and [°] every disease [°] among the People.	gospel=glad tidings, good news. of=concerning. Genitive of Relation. Ap. 17. 5. every. Fig. Synecdoche (of Genus), Ap. 6. Put for
₩³ X ³	36 But when He saw the ⁸ multitudes, He was moved with compassion ^o on them, because	every kind. sickness. Gr. malakia. Occ. only in Matthew (here;
	they °fainted, and were scattered abroad, °as sheep having °no shepherd.	4. 23; 10. 1). among the People. All omit these words. 36 on = concerning. Gr. peri. Ap. 104. xiii. 1.
	37 Then saith He unto His disciples, "The harvest "truly is "plenteous, but the labourers	fainted were wearied. All the texts (Ap. 94. VII)
	are few;	no. Gr. m^2 . Ap. 105. II. Read this with having = feeling as if they had, &c.
Y3	38 ° Pray ye therefore ° the Lord of the har- vest, that He will send forth labourers ¹ into His harvest."	37 truly=indeed. plenteous=great.

10. 1.

MATTHEW.

M N E (p. 1328) 27	10 And when He had called unto Him ° His twelve ° disciples, He gave them ° power ° against unclean ° spirits, ° to cast them out, and to heal ° all manner of ° sickness and ° all manner of disease. 2 Now the names of 1 the twelve ° apostles are these; The first, Simon, who is called Peter, and Andrew his brother; James the son of ° Zebedee, and John his brother; 3 Philip, and ° Bartholomew; ° Thomas, and ° Matthew ° the publican; James the son of ° Alphæus, and Lebbæus, whose surname was ° Thaddæus; 4 Simon the ° Canaanite, and ° Judas Iscariot, who ° also ° betrayed Him.	 10. 1-42 (N, p. 1323). MISSION OF THE TWELVE (BEGUN). (Extended Alternation and Introversion.) N E 1-4. Mission. F 5, 6. Injunctions. G H 7-13. Their reception. J 14, 16. Their rejection. E 16 Mission. F -16, 17 Injunctions. G J -17-39. Their rejection. H 40-42. Their reception. 1 His twelve. See Ap. 141. disciples = learners. power = authority. See Ap. 172. 5. against = over. Gr. Gen. of Relation. Ap. 17. 5. spirits. Pl. of Gr. pneuma. See Ap. 101. II. 12. to = so as to. all manner of = every. Put by Fig. Synecdochē (of Genus), Ap. 6, for all kinds of, as in 9. 35.
F	5 These ¹ twelve Jesus sent forth, and com- manded them, saying, [°] "Go [°] not [°] into the way of the Gentiles, and [°] into <i>any</i> city of the Samaritans enter ye [°] not: 6 But go rather [°] to the [°] lost sheep of [°] the house of Israel.	sickness. See note on 9. 35. 2 apostles=those sent forth. See note on Mark 3. 14. Zebedee. See note on 4. 21. 3 Bartholomew, Thomas, and Matthew Alphœus Thaddœus. These are all Aramaic words. See Ap. 94. III. 3. the publication of the set of th
ĞН	 7 And as ye go, ° preach, saying, ° 'The kingdom of ° heaven ° is at hand.' 8 Heal ° the sick, cleanse ° the lepers, raise ° the dead, cast out ° devils: freely ye have received, freely give. 9 Provide neither ° gold, nor ° silver, nor ° brass ° in your ° purses, 10 Nor ° scrip ° for your journey, neither two coats, neither ° shoes, nor yet ° staves: for the workman is worthy of his ° meat. 11 And ° into whatsoever city or ° town ye shall enter, enquire who ° in it is worthy; and there abide till ye go thence. 12 And when ye come ° into ° an house, ° salute it. 13 And ° if the house be worthy, let your ° peace come ° upon it: but ° if it be not worthy, let your peace return ° to you. 	 the publican = the tax-gatherer. Note the Fig. Ampliatio. Ap. 6. Alphœus. Heb. halphah. Same root as Cleophas; and probably the same name, if not the same person, as John 19. 25. Canaanite. The Aramaic word for the Greek Zēlötēs (Luke 6. 15. Acts 1. 13) = Zealot : so called from his zeal for the Law. See Ap. 94 III. 3. Josephus (Bell. Jud. 4. s. 9) says the sect of "Zealots" did not arise till just before the fall of Jerusalem. Judas Iscariot. The only apostle not from Galilee. He belonged to Judah. also betrayed Him = even betrayed Him. betrayed = delivered up. Go not = Go not abroad : i.e. from the land. not. Gr. mē. Ap. 105. II. into. Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi. to. Gr. pros. Ap. 104. xv. 3. [Luke 19. 10. lost sheep. Cp. Ezek. 34. 16; and Matt. 15. 24; 18. 11. the house of Israel. A Hebraism = the family of Israel. See note on 1 Kings 12. 17.
J	14 And whosoever shall not receive you, nor hear your words, when ye depart out of that house or city, ° shake off the dust of your feet. 15 °Verily I say unto you, It shall be more tolerable for the land of Sodom and Gomorrha ¹¹ in ° the day of judgment, than for that city.	7 preach=herald. Gr. $k\bar{e}russ\bar{o}$. See Ap. 121. 1. The kingdom of heaven. See Ap. 114. heaven = the heavens. See note on 6. 9, 10. is at hand = is drawn nigh. Cp. 4. 17. 8 the sick = sick ones. the lepers = leprous ones. the dead == dead people. See Ap. 139. 2. devils = demons. Cp. v. 1. 9 gold silver brass. Put by Fig. Metonymy
E F	16 °Behold, 3 send you forth as °sheep ¹¹ in the midst of °wolves : ° be ye therefore wise as °serpents, and °harm-	(of Cause), Ap. 6, for the money made from them. in. Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi. purses =girdles, some of which contain pockets for money and valuables.
GJKa ¹	less as ° doves. 17 But beware ° of ° men : for they will deliver ° you up ° to ° the councils, and they will scource you this their sume	10 scrip=that which is written : then a small wallet that holds such a writing. Gr. pèra. Only here, Mark 6.8. Luke 9.3; 10.4; and 22.35, 36. Not a "purse", because no money : not a "bread bag" because no bread (Luke
(p. 1329)	Put by Fig Metonymy (of Adjunct), Ap. 6, for all kin Gr. en. Ap. 104. viii. 1. 12 an house = a ma nounce "peace". 13 if, &c. See Ap 118.1 b. Gr. epi. Åp. 104. ix. 3. if it be not. See Ap. 11 Cp. 18. 17. See Acts 13. 51. 15 Verily, &c. the Lord spoke of as imminent, and coming at 16 Behold. Fig. Asterismos (Ap. 6), for emphasis. in the midst of wolves. be ye = become ye. are prudent, and all doves harmless. harml [and keep] away from. Gr. apo. Ap. 104. iv. 1017-39 [For S you. This was true of the Twelve ("them that he	 9. 4. Deissmann quotes an Inscription at Kefr-Hauar, in Syria, in which a slave of a temple, "sent by the lady" on a begging expedition, brought back each journey d. The Lord means they were not to beg. shoes = (for walking), not clubs. See note on 26.47. meat. nds of food. 11 town = village, as in 9.35. in. n's house. salute it: i.e. make your salaam = pro- peace. Referring to the salaam of v. 12. upon.

	10. 18. MAT	THEW.	10. 28.
27	18 °And ye shall be brought ° before governors and kings ° for My sake, ° for a testimony ° against them and the ° Gentiles.	$\begin{bmatrix} J & K & -17 - 23 \end{bmatrix}$ (<i>Alternation.</i>) (<i>Alternation.</i>)	CTION.
b ¹ (p. 1329)	19 But when ° they deliver you up, ° take no thought how or what ye ° shall speak : for it shall be given you ¹¹ in that same hour what ye shall speak.	L 37-39. Encouragement.	
	20 For it is ° not ye that speak, but ° the Spirit of your Father Which speaketh ¹¹ in you.	(Repeated Alternation.) K a ¹ -17, 18. Enmity. Men.	
\$ ²	21 And the brother shall deliver up the brother ¹⁷ to death, and the father the °child s and the °children shall rise up °against <i>their</i> parents, and °cause them to be put to death. 22 And ye °shall be hated °of °all <i>men</i> ° for My name's sake :	b^{1} 19, 20. Promise. Defence. a^{2} 21-22 Enmity. Brethren. b^{2} -22. Promise. Endurance. a^{3} 23 Enmity. Men. b^{3} -23. Promise. Endurance.	
\mathbf{b}^{2}	but he that endureth 17 to the °end ° shall be saved.	for My sake = on account of Me. Gr. hend for = with a view to. against = unto.	eken.
a ³	23 But when they persecute you 11 in this city, flee ye ⁵ into ° another :		they shall
p3	for ¹⁵ verily I say unto you, Ye shall ° not have ° gone over the cities of Israel, °till ° the Son of man ° be come.	take no thought = be not anxious (as in $\vec{e}_{1, 34}$). shell = should.	
L c ¹	24 ° The disciple is ²⁰ not ° above <i>his</i> ° master nor the ° servant ° above his ° lord. 25 It is ° enough for the disciple that he ° be as his ²⁴ master, and the ²⁴ servant as his ²⁴ lord. ° If they ° have called the master of the house ° Beelzebub, how much more ° shall they call ° them of his household?	21 childchildren. Gr. pl. of teknon. against. Gr. epi. Ap. 104. ix. 3. Not the v. 18. cause them to be put to death=will p death. 22 shall=will.	Ap. 108. I. same as in
ďı	26 °Fear them ⁵ not therefore: for there is nothing °covered, that shall ²⁰ not be revealed and hid, that shall ²⁰ not be known.	greater part. for=on account of. Gr. dia. Ap. 104. iv.	
c²	27 What I tell you ¹¹ in ° darkness, ° <i>that</i> speak ye ¹¹ in ° light: and what ye ° hear ° in the ear <i>that</i> ⁷ preach ye ° upon the ° housetops.	, thus ended had the nation repented at the ca (Acts 3. 19-26). As it did not repent, this is of	vould have all of Peter
ď²	28 And °fear ⁵ not °them which kill the body, but are ⁵ not able to °kill °the soul: but rather fear Him Which is able to °destroy both soul and body ¹¹ in °hell.	livered). Cp. 24. 4-14. 23 another=into the other : i.e. the next. (Ap. 124. 1), but all texts read <i>heteros</i> . Ap. 1 not=by no means; in no wise. Gr. ou me	Gr. allos 124. 2.
	105. III. gone over = completed, or finished [going over]. till. See the four: 10.23; 16.28; 28.39; 24.34. the Son of man. See Ap. 98. XVI. be come = may have come. This is rendered hypothetical by the Particle on (which cannot be translated), because His coming depended on the repentance of Israel (Acts 3. 19-26) It would then have been (and will now yet be) the judicial coming of "the Son of Man". Cp. Acts 17.31.		
		URAGEMENT. (Repeated Alternation.)	
	d1 2	5. Encouragement. 5. "Fear not".	
		ncouragement. a. "Fear not".	
	$ c^3 29, 30$	Encouragement. . "Fear not".	
	C ⁴ 32, 33	Encouragement.	
	 v. 4. servant=bondservant. lord = mass be=become. If, &c. See Ap. 118. 2 a. Beelzebub. Aramaic, <i>Beelzeboul.</i> Ap. 94. III. 3. of the Ekronites. It was changed in contempt by the used of the prince of the demons. shall they household. Gr. oikiakos. Occ. only here, and covered=concealed. 27 darkness=the day light=the light. hear in the ear. A Hebra 10. 2. Isa. 5. 9. Acts 11. 22. in=into. Gr. housetops. The usual place of proclamation. Ps. 3. 6; 27. 1. them =[and flee] from them. of life, but he cannot kill: i.e. "destroy" it. Only 	 a Israelites to Baalzebel = lord of the dunghill, et call. These italics are unnecessary. the v. 36. 26 Fear not = Ye should kness. that. For this word italics are n ism. Fig. Polyptöton. Ap. 6. Cp. Gen. 20. s; 2 eis. Ap. 104. vi. upon. Gr. epi. Ap. 28 fear not. Heb. yāre' mīn. Deut. Gr. apo. Ap. 104. iii. kill. Man caus y God can do that. the soul. Gr. ps. 	sufficient. arnamed ". vas the god and thence lem of his l not fear. tot needed. 23. 16. Ex. 104. ix. 1. 1. 29; 5. 6. es the loss
L		829	

	10. 29. MA	TTHEW.	11. 4.
c ³ (p. 1329) 27	29 °Are not two sparrows sold °for a thing? and one °of them shall ²⁰ not fall the ground ° without your Father. 30 But the very °hairs of gour head are °numbered.	on for a farthing. Gr. assarion. Cp. Luke sold for two assarions" is not the same; but	t the differ- hich varied a fragment
d^3	31 ²⁸ Fear ye ⁵ not therefore, <u>p</u> e are of m value than many sparrows.	the Corinthian gulf), in 1899, containing part tariff of Diocletian (third century, A.D.), sh	of a market owing that
C4	32 Whosoever therefore shall ° confess before ¹⁷ men, him will ° \Im confess also be My Father Which is ¹¹ in heaven. 33 But whosoever shall deny Me before ¹⁷ n him will \Im also deny before My Father Wi is ¹¹ in heaven.	our Lord's day, therefore, the market valu nearly 1 <i>d</i> . Eng.). See Ap. 51. I. 2 (2). of=from among. Gr. ek. Ap. 104. vii.	. Eng. In e would be
K	34 Think ⁵ not that °I am come to °s peace ²⁹ on °earth : I came ²⁰ not to °send pea but a °sword. 35 For ³⁴ I am come to °set a ¹⁷ man at v ance °against his father, and °the daugh °against her mother, and the daughter in °against her mother in law. 36 And a ¹⁷ man's foes <i>shall be</i> ²⁵ they of own household.	 ari- ter ari- ter aw as confess Me. Gr. confess in (en. Ap. 1 Aramaic idiom. S confess also = S also confess. Cp. v. 33. 34 I am come = I came. Cp. v. 6, and 15. sond = cast, as seed. Cp. Mark 4. 26. earth. Gr. gē. See Ap. 129. 4. sword. Put by Fig. Metonymy (of Cause) 	04. viii) Me. 24.
L	37 He that °loveth father or mother °m than Me is 20 not worthy of Me: and he t °loveth son or daughter more than Me is 20 worthy of Me. 38 And he that taketh 20 not his °cross, a followeth after Me, is 20 not worthy of Me. 39 °He that findeth his °life shall lose it : he that °loseth his °life ° for My sake st °find it.	ore hat not against. Gr. kata. Ap. 104. x. 1. the daughter, &c. See Ap. 117. II. and are than=above. Gr. huper. Ap. 104. are than=above. Gr. huper. Ap. 104. are than=above. Gr. huper. Ap. 104. Bore their own cross (John 19. 17). Cp. 16.2 Bore that findeth=He that has found	xvii. 2. 1 criminals 5. . Note the
<i>H</i> (p. 1328)	40 He that receiveth ° you ° receiveth Me, he that ° receiveth Me receiveth Him That s Me. 41 He that receiveth ° a prophet ° in the na of a prophet shall receive a prophet's rewar and he that receiveth a righteous man ° in name of a righteous man shall receive a rig eous man's reward. 42 And whosoever shall give to drink to one of ° these little ones a cup ° of cold we only ²⁷ in the name of a disciple, ¹⁶ verily I unto you, he shall ° in no wise lose his rewar	 for My sake=on account of Me. Luke 36, 36, John 5. 29; 11. 25. find it. In resurrection. Cp. 1 Pet. 4. 19. 40 you. Those to whom the Lord spoke excluded. receiveth. Note the Fig. Anadiplosis vv. 40, 41. 41 a prophet. See Ap. 49. in the name of: i.e. because he is. A (b'shem). Ex. 5. 23. Jer. 11. 21. in. Gr. eis. As in v. 27. 42 these little ones: i.e. the Twelve. Co of = full of or containing. Gen. of the com 	n=has lost. 14. 14; 20. e cannot be (Ap. 6), in A Hebraism Cp. 18. 6. htents_Ap.
O PI RI	11 And it came to pass, when [°] Jesus made an end of commanding His two	had 17. 7. in no wise. See Ap	. 105. 111.
(p. 1323)	disciples, He departed thence to teach and ^o preach ^o in their cities. ² Now when John had ^o heard ¹ in the pri the works of ^o Christ, ^o he sent ^o two of disciples,	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	
S ¹	the raising of the widow's son, before the call them to see and note what He was then doing, " all Present. See v. 5.) In the latter case, they consequents are repetitions suited to the differe dia = by means of (Ap. 104. v. 1), instead of du He Who cometh, or the coming One: i.e. He 3. 31. Ps. 118. 26. Gen. 49. 10. Isa. 35. 4. we to expect. another=a different	hat "Go ye Go ye Christ = the Messiah. See Ap. 98. XI. he sent. Gr. pempō. Sent as envoys. Set Luke 7. 3 and 6. This is not the same miss in Luke 7. (1) In this (the former) no num sent is given (see note on "two" below): in there were "two" (Luke 7. 19). The anter consequents are different. (2) In the former, d questions in John's mind; in the latter, the anter ing of the Twelve. (3) In the former case, the which ye are hearing and seeing" (v. 4). (NB, th are to tell John "what ye have seen and heard" nt circumstances. See Ap. 97. two. All th be two, as in Luke 7. 18. 3 He That show Who was expected to come. Cp. 3. 11; 21. 9; 25 Ezek. 21. 27. Zech. 9. 9. do we low	sion as that ber of those a the latter cedents and the Twelve eccdent was Lord called e tenses are (v. 22). The e texts read ald come = 3. 39. John ch for = are fesus = And shew =

11. 5.

27	5 °The blind receive their sight, and the lame walk, the lepers are cleansed, and the deaf hear, °the dead are °raised up, and the poor °have the gospel preached to them. 6 And °blessed is he , whosoever shall °not be offended ¹ in °Me."	5 The blind=Blind (no Art. in this verse, because only some of each kind are meant. Not all the blind, &c.). These were the miracles foretold of Him (Isa. 35. 5, 6; 61. 1). No others ($qu\hat{a}$ miracles) would have sufficed as His eredentials. the dead = dead (persons). No Art. See Ap. 139. 2. raised up=raised to life.
Q ¹ T ¹ M1 (p. 1331)	7 And as then °departed,' Jesus began to say unto the multitudes °concerning John, °" What went ye out °into the wilderness °to see? A reed shaken ° with the wind? 8 But 7 what went ye out °for to see? A °man clothed 1 in °soft raiment? °behold, they that wear °soft clothing are 1 in kings' houses. 9 But 7 what went ye out 8 for to see? A ° prophet? yea, I say unto you, and ° more than a ° prophet.	have the gospel preached to them. This is one word in the Greek (euangelizo)= are told the good news or glad tidings (Isa. 61. 1). 6 blessed=happy. See note on 5. 3. not. Gr. mē. See Ap. 105. 2. not be offended=find nothing to stumble at. Me: i.e. in My Person, My teachings, My grace, &c. as many did. Cp. Luke 4. 22 with 28. 11. 7-30 (T ¹ , p. 1323). TEACHING. (Repeated Alternation.)
N1	10 For this is <i>he</i> , [°] of whom [°] it is written, 'Behold, [°] J send My [°] messenger [°] before Thy face, which shall prepare Thy way before Thee.'	T ¹ M ¹ 7-9. Ministry of John. N ¹ 10. Word of God. Fulfilment of "Messenger". M ² 11-13. Ministry of John. N ² 14, 15. Word of God. Fulfilment of Elijah.
M ²	11 °Verily I say unto you, °Among them that are °born of women there hath °not risen a greater than John the Baptist : notwith- standing he that is °least ¹ in °the kingdom of °heaven is greater than °he. 12 °And ° from the days of John the Baptist until now ¹¹ the kingdom of ¹¹ heaven °suffer- eth violence, and °the violent °take it by force. 13 For °all the prophets and °the law pro- phesied °until John.	 M³ 16-24. Ministry of Messiah. N³ 25-30. Will of God. Rest in. 7 departed=were going forward. See note on v. 1. concerning. Gr. peri. Ap. 104. xiii. 1. What? Fig. Erotēsis (Ap. 6), and Anaphora. See vv. 8, 9. into. Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi. to see = to gaze on. Gr. theaomai. Ap. 133. I. 12. with = by. Gr. hupo. Ap. 104. xviii. 1. 8 for to see = to see. Gr. eidon. Ap. 133. I. 1. man. Gr. anthrōpos. Ap. 123. 1. soft raiment = soft, or effeminate [raiment]. Mantles
N²	 14 And °if ye ° will ° receive <i>it</i>, °this °is °Elias, which ° was for to come. 15 ° He that hath ears to hear, let him hear. 	are meant, made of silk or linen, as worn by the <i>effendis</i> or gentry, in the East, to-day. behold. Fig. Asterismos. Ap. 6. 9 prophet. See Ap. 49.
M ⁸	16 But whereunto shall I liken °this genera- tion? It is like unto °children sitting ¹ in the markets, and calling unto their ° fellows, 17 And saying, 'We have piped unto you, and ye °have ¹¹ not °danced; we have mourned unto you, and ye °have ¹¹ not °lamented.'	 more than = far more than. 10 of = concerning. Gr. peri, as in v. 7. it is written = it standeth written. 3 send, &c. Quoted from Mal. 3. 1. See Ap. 107. I. 1 and 117. I. Cp. Mark 1. 2. Luke 1. 17, 76; 7. 27. messenger = angel. Gr. angelos. before. Gr. pro. Ap. 104. xiv. 11 Verily. See note on Matt. 5. 18.
	Job 14. 1; 15. 14; 25. 4. not. Gr. ou. Ap. 16 the kingdom. John was only proclaiming it (but no by John (3. 2), by Christ (4. 17), and by Peter (Acts 2 25, 26, is postponed, and is now in abeyance. See H proclaimer. the kingdom of heaven. See J 6. 9, 10. he: i.e. John. 12 And = Bu violence = forceth itself upon men's attention. Gr. be only passive (as rendered here), but this agrees r (<i>Bib. Stud.</i> , p. 258) tells of the discovery of an in (E. Attica), containing the regulations as to app <i>Tyrannos</i> : "If any one forces himself in, his of conditions had the founder's good wishes. This the violent = forceful ones. No Art. Gr. biastõs. 13 all the prophets. See Acts 3. 21. the would have been fulfilled then had the nation repe Ap. 118. II. 1, as in vv. 21, 23. will = are willi Cp. Acts 2. 41. this is = he represents. Had as Elijah. is = represents. Fig. Metaphor. about to come. See Mal. 4. 5, and Luke 1. 17. Polyptöton. Ap. 6. Used only by the Lord, and m different occasions. See Ap. 142. 16 this get times (11. 16; 12. 41, 42; 23. 36; 24. 34. Mark 8. 12 32). Characterized by other epithets, "evil" and " "faithless and perverse" (17. 17. Mark 9. 19. Luke the particular generation that rejected the Messiah. fellows = companions. Gr. hetairos. Some of the f here; 20. 13; 22. 12; and 26. 50 ("friend"). 17 Paronomasia (Ap. 6) in the Gr. örchösasthe ekc	the "in" it). The kingdom was rejected both as announced 2. 3s; 3. 19-26); and, since its final rejection in Acts 28. Feb. 2. 8 ("not yet"). The possessor is greater than the Ap. 114. heaven=the heavens (pl.). See notes on t. from. Gr. apo. Ap. 104. iv. suffereth biazomai. Occ. only here and Luke 16. 16. Supposed to neither with the facts nor with the context. Deissmann scription of Xanthus the Lycian, found near Sunium oaching the healing divinity of the sanctuary of <i>Men</i> fering was not acceptable." Those who fulfilled the last clause is conclusive and agrees with Luke 16. 16. Occ. only here. take it by force=lay hold of it. law. See note on 5. 17. until John. And all nted. 14 if, &c. Assuming it as a fact. See ng. Gr. thelo. Ap. 102. 1. receive=to receive. I the nation repented, John would have been reckoned Ap. 6. Ellias=Elijah. was for to come=is 15 He that hath ears to hear. A Hebraism. Fig. arking a dispensational crisis (as this was) on fourteen eneration? A significant expression, occurring sixteen 2, 12; 13. 30. Luke 7. 31; 11. 30, 31, 32, 60, 51; 17. 25; 21. adulterous" (12. 39, 45; 16. 4. Mark 8. 38. Luke 11. 29); 9. 41); "untoward" (Acts 2. 40). All this because it was children=little children. Dim. of pais. Ap. 108. iv. texts read "others" (i. e. heteros for hetairos). Occ. only "have not=did not. cpsasthe; but Fig. Parēchēsis, also (Ap. 6) in Aramaic= . did not weep"; or "stept not wept not". A common

11. 18.

27	18 For John °came neither °eating nor drink- ing, and they say, 'He hath a °devil.' 19 °The Son of man ¹⁸ came ¹⁸ eating and	18 came. In the Greek this is the Fig. <i>Hyperbaton</i> (put out of its place by commencing the verse), causing the Fig. Anaphora (Ap. 6).
	drinking, and they say, ⁸ Behold a man gluttonous, and a ^o winebibber, a friend of publicans and sinners.' ^o But Wisdom is	eating nor drinking. Supply the <i>Ellipsis</i> (Ap. 6), eating nor drinking [with others] devil = demon.
	justified °of her °children." 20 °Then began He to upbraid the °cities °wherein most of His °mighty works °were done, because they °repented ¹¹ not :	publicans and sinners. See notes on 5. 46; 9. 10 But = And : i.e. And [for all that] Wisdom was [in each case] vindicated by her children; so with Messiah (the Wisdom of God. 1 Cor. 1. 24, 30. Cp. Matt. 23. 34
	21 ° "Woe unto thee, ° Chorazin! woe unto thee, ° Bethsaida! for ¹⁴ if the ²⁰ mighty works, which were done ¹ in you, had ° been done ¹ in	with Luke 11. 49). of=by. Gr. apo. Ap. 104. iv. children. Ap. 108. I. Tr. reads "work". 20 Then. Marking another stage of His rejection.
	^o Tyre and ^o Sidon, they would have ²⁰ repented long ago ¹ in sackcloth and ashes. 22 But I say unto you, It shall be more toler-	Fig. Chronographia. Ap. 6. cities. Put by Fig. Metonymy (of Subject) for their inhabitants. Ap. 6.
	able for ²¹ Tyre and ²¹ Sidon °at °the day of judgment, than for you. 23 And thou, ° Capernaum, which °art exalted	wherein = in which. Gr. en, as in v. 1. mighty works. Gr. pl. of dunamis (Ap. 172. 1). See note on John 2. 18. were done = had taken place. repented. Gr. metanoeö. Ap. 111. 1.
	unto [°] heaven, shalt be brought down to [°] hell: for ¹⁴ if the ²⁰ mighty works, which have ²¹ been done ¹ in thee, had been done ¹ in Sodom, it	21 Woe, &c. Fig. Maledictio. Ap. 6. A testimony as to His rejection. Chorazin. Not named elsewhere, and no miracles re-
	would have remained until this day. 24 But I say unto you, That it shall be more tolerable for the land of Sodom ¹ in the day of	corded as performed there, or at Bethsaida. See Ap. 169. Bethsaida. Aramaic. Ap. 94. III. 3. Now <i>et Tell</i> ; then a fishing suburb of Capernaum; Roman name,
N ³ O ¹	judgment, than for thee." 25 ²² At ° that ° time ¹ Jesus ° answered and	Julias.been done = taken place.Tyre and Sidon.No mention of the Lord's having been there.Tyre.Now es $S\bar{u}r$.
(p. 1332)	said, °" I thank Thee, O °Father, °Lord of ²³ heaven and °earth, because Thou ° hast hid	Sidon. The Zidon of the O.T.; now Saida, twenty- five miles south of <i>Beirout</i> . 22 at=in, as in v. 1. the day, &c. Now drawing near. See note on 16.23.
	these things ¹² from ° the wise and ° prudent, and hast ° revealed them unto babes. 26 Even so, ²⁵ Father : for so it ° seemed good	23 Capernaum. See note on 4. 13, and Ap. 169. art = wast. heaven = the heaven. Sing. because in contrast with the
	in Thy sight. 27 All things °are delivered unto Me °of My ²⁵ Father: and °no man °knoweth the Son,	carth. See note on 6. 9,10. hell. Gr. Hades. See Ap.131.2. 11. 25-30 (N ³ , p. 1231). THE WILL OF GOD. REST IN. (Division.)
	but the ²⁵ Father; neither ° knoweth any man the ²⁵ Father, save the Son, and <i>he</i> to whomso- ever the Son ° will ²⁵ reveal <i>Him</i> .	N ³ $\begin{vmatrix} O^1 \\ O^2 \end{vmatrix}$ 23-27. Rest. Christ's rest: found. $\begin{vmatrix} O^2 \\ 28-30 \end{vmatrix}$. Rest. Our rest: given and found.
0 ² P	28 °Come °unto Me, °all ye that °labour and are °heavy laden,	25 that time. Of His rejection. Fig. Chronographia (Ap. 6), emphasising the lesson. time = season. answered and said = prayed and said. A Hebraism. See note on Deut. 1. 41.
\mathbf{Q}	and 3 will ° give you rest.	I thank Thee - I openly confess to Thee.
\mathbf{R}	29 Take My yoke upon you, and learn ¹⁹ of	Father. See Ap. 98. IV. Lord. See Ap. 98. VI. i. a. 4. B. b.
R	Me; for I am $^{\circ}$ meek and lowly in heart:	earth = the earth. Ap. 129.4. hast hid = didst hide.
Q	and ye shall find ° rest unto ° your ° souls.	the wise = wise ones (no Art.). prudent = prudent ones : i.e. in their own eyes.
Р	30 For My yoke is easy, and My burden is light."	26 seemed good = became well-pleasing. Occ. with ginomai, only here and Luke 10. 21. 27 are delivered = were [at some definite time]
\mathbf{U}^{1}	12 °At that ° time ° Jesus went on the ° sab- bath day ° through the ° corn; and his	delivered. of = by. Gr. hupo. Ap. 104. xviii. 1. no man = no one. Gr. oudeis, or compound of. Ap. 105. I.
	disciples were an hungred, and began to pluck the ears of corn, and to eat.	knoweth=fully knoweth. See Ap. 132, I. 3. will reveal = intendeth (Gr. boulomai. Ap. 102. 2) to reveal.
		reveal=unveil. Gr. apokaluptō.
	11. 28–30 (0~, above). RESI. OUR: $O^2 P 28-$. Our burd	S. GIVEN AND FOUND. (Introversion.)
	Q -28. His res	st given.
	$\begin{vmatrix} R & -29 \\ Q & -29 \\ \end{pmatrix}$	nmand. "Take", &c. ommand. Reason, "for". est found.
	P 30. His burder	n light. ut to service; not to guilt, but to labour; not to the
	conscience, but to the heart; not to repentance, bu rest. unto. Gr. pros. Ap. 104. xv. 3. al toil. heavy laden = burdened. give. have none to give. 29 meek rest. Not	 at to service; not to guilt, but to habour; not to the at to learning; not to finding forgiveness, but to finding l. Here limited to those seeking "rest". labour = lis rest is given. Ours must be found in His gift. We to the Fig. Parēchēsis (Ap. 6). In the Aramaic or Syriac Lewis Codex it is better still: nīch v^eēnichkön.
	your souls - your own selves (emph.). Ap. 110. IV	7. souls. Gr. pl. of psuchë. Ap. 110. IV.
	12. 1 At. Gr. en. Ap. 104. viii. time = seaso Gr. sabbata, Aram. See Ap. 94. III. 3. throug	bn. Jesus. Ap. 98. X. sabbath. See Luke 6. 1. h. Gr. dia . Ap. 104. v. 1. $corn = cornfields$.

	12 . 2. MATT	"HEW. 12.	17.
27	2 But when °the Pharisees °saw <i>it</i> , they said unto Him, °" Behold, Thy disciples do that which is ° not lawful to do ° upon the sabbath day." 3 But He said unto them, °" Have ye ² not read ° what David did, when he was an hun- gred, and they that were ° with him; 4 How he entered ° into ° the house of God, and did eat ° the shewbread, ° which was ² not lawful for him to eat, neither for them which were ³ with him, ° but only for the priests ? 5 Or ³ have ye ² not read °in the law, how that on ° the ¹ sabbath days the priests ¹ in the temple ° profane ° the ¹ sabbath, and are ° blameless ? 6 But I say unto you, That ° in this place is One ° greater than the temple. 7 But ° if ye ° had known what this ° mean- eth, ° I will have ° mercy, and ² not sacrifice,' ye would ² not have condemned the ° guiltless. 8 For ° the Son of man is ° Lord ° even ° of the sabbath day."	 2 the Pharisees. See Ap. 120. saw. Gr. eidon. Ap. 133. I. 1. Behold. Fig. Asterismos. Ap. 6. not. Gr. ou. Ap. 105. I. upon. Gr. en. Ap. 104. viii. 1. 3 Have ye not read? This question was aske the Lord on six different occasions, and referred to see different books of the O.T., and to ten distinct passes See Ap. 143. what David did. Ref. to 1 Sam. 21. 6. Ap. 117 with. Gr. meta. Ap. 104. vi. the house of God: i.e. the tabernacle. the shewbread. See Ex. 25. 30. Lev. 24. 5-8. which was but only, &c. See Lev. 24. 9. 5 in the law. See note on 5. 17. Cp. Num. 28. and Ap. 143. in. Gr. en. Ap. 104. vi. the sabbath. (Num. 28. 9. 10. Cp. Neh. 13. 17. E 24. 21. John 7. 22, 23.) There were more sacrifice the sabbath than on any other day. profane. Our Eng. word "profane" = far from temple. The Greek word here = to trample down thus treat as common. Cp. Acts 24. 6. blameless = guiltless, as in v. 7. Gr. anaitios. only here and v. 7. 	9, 10 ii. zek. s on the and Occ.
P² R⁸ e (p. 1333)	 9 And when He was departed thence, He went 4 into ° their ° synagogue: 10 And, 2 behold, there was a ° man which had his hand withered. 	gieater than the temple. Cp. v. 41, a greater prop and v. 42, a greater king; who can be only God Hims 7 if, &c. Implying that it was not the fact. See 118.1 a. Not the same condition as in vv. 11, 26, 27 had known = were aware of. Gr. ginōskō. Ap. 132.	het; self. Ap. , 28.
f	And they asked Him, saying, "Is it lawful to heal ° on the ¹ sabbath days?"	meaneth = is. I will = I desire. Gr. thelö. Ap. 102. I. Qu	
g	° that they might accuse Him.	from Hos. 6. 6. See Ap. 107. II. 1. mercy = lovingkindness, or grace.	
ىر	11 °And He said unto them, "What ¹⁰ man shall there be °among you, that shall have one sheep, and °if it fall 4 into a pit on the ¹ sabbath day, will he ° not lay hold on it, and lift <i>it</i> out? 12 °How much then is a ¹⁰ man better than a sheep? Wherefore it is lawful to do ° well on the ¹ sabbath days."	 guiltless. Gr. anaitios. See note on blameless, a 8 the Son of man. See Ap. 98. XVI. Lord. See Ap. 98. VI. i. a. B. a. even. All the texts omit this word. of the sabbath. As the Son of man. Cp. v. 6, 1 of the Temple as the Son of God. 9 their. Probably inhabitants of Tiberias. Fo Mark 3. 6, the Pharisees conferred with the Herodis so that the Lord was in Herod's jurisdiction. 	Lord r, in
e	13 Then saith He to the 10 man, "Stretch forth thine hand." And he stretched <i>it</i> forth; and it was restored whole, like as the °other.	12. 9-13 (R ² , p. 1323). MIRACLES. (Introversion.)	
S ² S	14 ° Then ² the Pharisees went out, and ° held a council ° against Him, how they might destroy Him.		
т	15 But when Jesus ⁷ knew <i>it</i> , He withdrew Himself °from thence: and great multitudes followed Him, and He healed them all; 16 And charged them ¹⁰ that they should °not make Him °known: 17 °That it might be fulfilled which was °spoken ° by °Esaias the prophet, saying,	 e 13. Withered hand. 10 man. Gr. anthröpos. Ap. 123. 1. on the sabbath days. This was the first of s miracles wrought on the sabbath. See Mark 1. 2 Luke 13. 11; 14. 2. John 5. s, 9; 9. 14. that = in order that. 11 And = But. among = of. Gr. ek. Ap. 104. vii. if? The condition is hypothetical. Ap. 118. 	1-31.
	12 Howmuch? Fig Erotësis, for emphasis. Ap. 6.	not. Gr. ouchi. Ap. 105. I (a). well: i.e. agood deed. 13 other. Gr. allos. Ap. 1	24. I.
		p. 1323). EFFECTS. ersion.)	
	$T \mid 15-21. The WonU \mid 22. MiracleU \mid 23-37. MiracleT \mid 38-45. The WonS \mid 46-50. Proposed c14 Then = But. held a council. Occ. only inGr. kata. Ap. 104. x. 1. 15 from thence =$	n 22. 15; 27. 1, 7; 28. 12. Mark 3. 6; 15. 1. agai thence, as in v. 9. 16 not. Gr. mē. Ap. 10	
	known publicly known. Gr. phaneros. Cp. Ap. As well as written. by = by means of. Gr. dia from Isa. 42. 1. 4. See Ap. 107. II. 1. From the D Holy Spirit is recording the act of <i>fulfilment</i> , and	Ap. 104. v. 1. Esaias = Isaiah (Ap. 79. I). Qu Hebrew direct; but the last clause differs, because	ken. oted the

12. 18. MATTHEW. 1	
18°" Behold My °Servant, Whom I have °cho- sen; My Beloved, °in Whom °My soul °is well pleased: I will put My °spirit °upon Him, and He shall °shew Judgment to the °Gentiles. 19 He shall 2not °strive, nor °cry; neither shall any man hear His voice 5 in the streets. 20 A bruised reed shall He 2not break, and °smoking flax shall He 2not quench, till He °send forth ¹⁸ Judgment ° unto victory. 21 And °in °His name shall the ¹⁸ Gentiles	 18 Behold, &c. Quoted from Isa. 41. 8; 42. 1. See Ap. 107. I. 1. Servant. Gr. pais. See Ap. 108. iv. chosen. Gr. hairetizo. Occ. only here. in. Gr. eis (Ap. 104. vi); but L A WH omit. Tr. reads en (Ap. 104. viii). My soul=I (emph.). Heb. nephesh. Ap. 9. Gr. psuchē. Ap. 110. IV. is well pleased = hath found delight. spirit. See Ap. 101. III. 8. upon. Gr. epi. Ap. 104. ix. 3. shew=declare. Gentiles=nations.
22 Then was brought unto Him °one pos- sessed with a devil, blind, and dumb: and He healed him, °insomuch that the blind and dumb both spake and saw.	 19 strive = contend. Gr. erizō. Occ. only here. cry = make outery or clamour. 20 smoking. Gr. tuphoomai. Occ. only here. 1 Tim. 3. 6; 6. 4. 2 Tim. 3. 4. send forth = bring forth (what was before hidden), as in v. 35 and 13. 52. Cp. Deut. 32. 34.
23 And all the ° people were amazed, and said, °" Is ¹⁶ not This ° the son of David?"	unto. Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi. 21 in. All omit this, and read "on".
24 But when the °Pharisees heard <i>it</i> , they said, °"This <i>fellow</i> doth ² not cast out °devils, °but °by °Beelzebub the prince of the °devils." 25 And °Jesus 7knew their thoughts, and said unto them, "Every kingdom divided ¹⁴ against itself is brought to desolation ; and every city or house divided ¹⁴ against itself °shall ² not stand: 26 And ¹¹ if Satan cast out Satan, he is di- vided °against himself; how ²⁵ shall then his kingdom stand?	His name. A Hebraism. See note on Ps. 20. 1. trust=hope. Cp. Isa. 41. s; 42. 1. One of eighteen passages where "trust" should be thus rendered. 22 one possessed with a devil=a demoniac. Gr. daimonizomai. insomuch that = so that. 12. 23-37 (U, p. 1333). MIRACLE. CONSE- QUENCES. (Division.) $U \mid V^1 \mid 23$. People. Amazement. $V^2 \mid 24-37$. Pharisees. Blasphemy. 23 people=multitude. Is not This? The 1611 edition of the A.V. reads "Is This?"=May not This be? Since 1638 it reads
27 And ¹¹ if 3 ²⁴ by ²⁴ Beelzebub cast out ²² devils, ²⁴ by whom do your °children cast them out? °therefore then shall be your judges. 28 But ¹¹ if 3 cast out ²² devils by °the Spirit of God, °then °the kingdom of God is come °unto you.	 "Is not This". the son of David. The third of nine occurrences of this Messianic title in Matthew. See Ap. 98. XVIII. 12. 24-37 (V², above). PHARISEES. BLASPHEMY. (Division.) V² W¹ 24-30. Confutation.
29 Or else how can one enter 4 into a ° strong man's house, and ° spoil his goods, except he first bind the ° strong man? and then he will ° spoil his house.	W ² 31-37. Condemnation. 12. 24-30 (W ¹ , above). CONFUTATION. (Alternation.) W ¹ h 24-26. Illustration. Divided kingdom.
30 He that is ¹⁶ not ³ with Me is ¹⁴ against Me; and he that gathereth ¹⁶ not ³ with Me scat- tereth abroad.	$i \mid 27, 28.$ Application. $h \mid 29.$ Illustration. Strong man's house. $i \mid 30.$ Application.
31 ° Wherefore I say unto you, All manner of ° sin and ° blasphemy ²⁵ shall be forgiven unto ¹⁰ men : but the blasphemy ° against the Holy Ghost shall ² not be forgiven ° unto ¹⁰ men. 32 And whosoever speaketh a word ¹⁴ against ⁸ the Son of man, it shall be forgiven him : but whosoever speaketh ¹⁴ against ° the Holy Ghost, it shall ² not be forgiven him, neither ⁵ in this ° world, neither ⁵ in ° the world to come.	 24 Pharisees. See Ap. 120. This fellow=this [man]. Not emphatic. devils=demons. but=except. by=in [the power of]. Gr. en. Ap. 104. viii. Beelzebub. See note on 10. 25. 25 Jesus=He. All texts omit "Jesus" here. shall=will. 26 against. Gr. epi. Ap. 104. ix. 3. 27 children=sons: i.e. disciples. The Pharisees believed in and practised exorcism. See Josephus (Ant. viii. 2-5), and cp. Acts 19. 13. therefore=on account of this. Gr. diatouto. Ap. 104. iv. 2.
(Ap. 101. III. 4) = by God's pneuma, put for Divine po exercised by it by Fig. Metonymy (of Cause). So in 1 of God. The second of five occurrences in Matthe Gr. epi. Ap. 104. ix. 3. 29 strong man's = th	Ex. 8. 19. then=it follows that. the kingdom ew. See note on 6. 33 and Ap. 114. unto=upon.
$W^{2} \mid X \mid 31, 32. Words.$ $Y \mid 33. Illustrations$ $Z \mid 34 Exp_{Z} \mid 234. Reas$ $Y \mid 35. Illustrations$ $X \mid 36, 37. Words.$ 31 Wherefore = On this account. Gr. dia touto, see Ap. 128. II. 1. blasphemy = impious or evil set the Spirit. Gr. pneuma with Art. See Ap. 101. III. Holy Ghost = the Spirit, the Holy [Spirit], emph. A Gr. aion. Ap. 129. 2. It must refer to one age-time the set of the se	ostulation. son. tion. Characters. Justified and condemned. ame as "therefore", v. 27. sin. Gr. hamartia. See peaking. against the Holy Ghost = [concerning]
	 18 °" Behold My °Servant, Whom I have °chosen; My Beloved, °in Whom °My soul °is well pleased: I will put My °spirt °upon Him, and He shall 'shet Judgment to the °Gentlles. 19 He shall °not °strive, nor °ery; neither shall any man hear His volce ⁵in the streets. 20 A bruised reed shall He ²not quench, till He ⁹send forth ³Judgment °unto victory. 21 And °in °His name shall the ¹⁵ Gentiles ⁶trust." 22 Then was brought unto Him °one possessed with a devil, blind, and dumb: and He healed him, °insomuch that the blind and dumb both spake and saw. 23 And all the °people were amazed, and said, °" Is ¹⁶not This °the son of David ?" 24 But when the °Pharisees heard <i>ii</i>, they said, °"This <i>fellow</i> doth ²not cast out °devils, °but °by °Beelzebub the prince of the °devils." 25 And °Jesus 'Iknew their thoughts, and said unto them, "Every kingdom divided "against itself is brought to desolation ; and every city or house divided ''against itself 's shall shot stand: 26 And ¹¹ if Satan cast out Satan, he is divided °against himself; how ²⁵ shall then his kingdom stand? 27 And ¹¹ if 3 °at by ²⁴ Beelzebub cast out ²⁴ devils, ²⁴ by whom do your °children cast <i>them</i> out? 'therefore the shall be your judges. 28 But ¹¹ if 3 cast out ²² devils by °the Spirit of God, °then °the kingdom of God is come °unto you. 29 Or else how can one enter 4 into a °strong man's house, and °spoil his goods, except he first bind the °strong man ? and then he will °spoil his house. 30 He that is ¹⁶not ³ with Me is ¹⁴ against Me; and shall ²not be forgiven 16 not ¹⁸ with Me scattereth abroad. 31 °Wherefore I say unto you, All manner of °is nand °blasphemy ²⁶ shall showed. Y ¹ shall show the sourd to come. (Ap. 101. III. 4)=by God's pneuma, put for Divine prexercised by it by Fig. Metonymy (of Cause). So in 19 of God

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12. 33.

Y (p. 1334) 27	33 Either make the tree good, and ° his fruit good; or else make the tree corrupt, and his fruit corrupt: for the tree ° is known ° by his	33 his=its. is known=getteth known. Gr. ginōskō. Ap. 132. I. ii. by=from. Gr ek. Ap. 104. vii.	
z	fruit. 34 O °generation of vipers, how can ye, being °evil, speak good things?	34 generation = offspring or brood.Cp. 8. 7; 28. 33.evil. See Ap. 128. IV. 1.out of. Gr. ek. Ap. 104. vii.abundance : or overflow.35 A = The.treasure = treasury.	
Z	for °out of the °abundance of the heart the mouth speaketh.	the heart. All the texts omit "the heart". an = the. 36 idle = careless or useless. Cp. 20. 3. 1 Tim. 5. 13. Tit. 1. 12. 2 Pet. 1. 8.	
Y	35 °A good ¹⁰ man ³⁴ out of the good °treasure of °the heart bringeth forth good things: and °an ³⁴ evil ¹⁰ man ³⁴ out of the ³⁴ evil treasure bringeth forth ³⁴ evil things.	word=saying. Not the same as in $v.$ s7. that=which. give account thereof=suffer its consequences. A Hebraism. thereof=concerning (Ap. 104. xiii. 1) it. 37 words. Gr. pl. of logos. Not the same as in $v.$ 36. See note on Mark 9. 32. "Words" are reckoned as	
X	36 But I say unto you, That every "idle "word "that ¹⁰ men shall speak, they shall "give account "thereof ⁵ in the day of judgment. 37 For ³³ by thy "words thou shalt be justified, and ³³ by thy "words thou shalt be condemned."	 "deeds" (2 Cor. 5. 10). See Ap. 121. 10. 12. 38-45 (T, p. 1838). THE WORD OF GOD. BETTER THAN A SIGN. (Alternation.) T A 38-40. Sign given. Asked for. (Historic.) 	
<i>T</i> A (p. 1335)	38 Then certain of the scribes and of the ²⁴ Pharisees answered, saying, [°] "Master, we [°] would [°] see [°] a sign [°] from Thee." 39 But He answered and said unto them, "An ³⁴ evil and [°] adulterous [°] generation [°] seeketh after a sign; and there shall no sign be given to it, but the sign of the prophet [°] Jonas: 40 For [°] as ³⁹ Jonas was [°] three days and [°] three nights ⁵ in [°] the whale's belly; so shall ⁸ the Son of man be three days and [°] three nights ⁵ in [°] the heart of the [°] earth.	B 41, 42. Application. A 43-45 Sign given. Unasked. (Experimental.) B -45. Application. 38 Master=Teacher. See Ap. 98. XIV. v. 1. would=desire. Gr. theld. Ap. 102. 1. see=to see. Gr. eidon. Ap. 133. I. 1. a sign. The first of six "signs" asked for. Cp. 16. 1; 24. 3. Luke 11. 16. John 2. 18; 6. 30. from. Gr. apo. Ap. 104. iv. 39 adulterous. Spiritually. See Jer. 3. 9. Ezek. 23. 37, &c. generation. Gr. genea. Not the same as in v. 34. See note on 11. 16. seeketh: or, is for ever seeking.	
₿ j	41 The °men of Nineveh shall °rise ⁵ in °judg- ment ⁸ with this ³⁹ generation, and shall con- demn it:	Jonas = Jonah. See Ap. 117. I. 40 as = just as. The Lord was dead, therefore Jonah must have been. Nothing is said about his being "pre- served alive". That "sign" would have had no rela-	
k	because they [°] repented [°] at the [°] preaching of ³⁹ Jonas;	tion to what is here <i>signified</i> . See notes on Jonah. three nights. Apart from these words, "three days"	
1	and, ² behold, a ^o greater than ³⁹ Jonas <i>is</i> here.	might mean any portion of a day. But "three nights" forbids this interpretation. See Ap. 144 and 156,	
j	42 °The queen of the south shall °rise up ⁵ in the judgment ³ with this ³⁹ generation, and shall condemn it:	Quoted from Jonah 1. 17. the whale's. Gr. këtos. Occ. only here. There is nothing about "a whale" either in the Heb. of Jonah (1. 17) or in the Greek here. The "great fish" was	
k	for 'she came 'from the uttermost parts of the earth to hear the wisdom of Solomon ;	specially "prepared" by its Creator. See Jon. 1. 17. the heart of the earth = in the earth : i.e. the sepul-	
2	and, behold, a ⁴¹ greater than Solomon <i>is</i> here.	chre, or tomb, 27. 60. Mark 15. 46. Luke 23. 53. John 19. 40. Acts 13. 29. It is the Fig. <i>Pleonasm</i> (a Hebraism),	
Am	43 °When °the unclean °spirit °is gone °out	Ap. 6, = the midst, or "in". See Ex. 15. 8. Ps. 46. 2.	
(p. 1330) n	of °a ¹⁰ man, °he °walketh ¹ through °dry places, seeking	2 Sam. 18. 14. Deut. 4. 11. In any case it is not "the centre", any more than the heart is in the centre of the	
_	rest, and ° findeth none.	body, instead of near the top. We are to conclude that the Lord establishes "the literal validity of the history	
	but only the words of the Father" (see John 7. 16; 8. of modern critics are perilously near blasphemy ag	of Jonah", inasmuch as He spoke "not His own words 28, 46, 47; 12. 49; 14. 10, 24; 17. 8); so that the assertions ainst God Himself. earth. Gr. $g\bar{e}$. Ap. 129. 4.	
		LICATION. (Extended Alternation.)	
	$\begin{array}{c c} \mathbf{B} & \mathbf{j} & \mathbf{41 \ Persons. \ J} \\ & \mathbf{k} & \mathbf{-41 \ Reason. \end{array}$	Ninevites (" rise "). . Proclamation of Jonah.	
	1 -41. Greate	er reason.	
		ueen of the South ("rise"). Wisdom of Solomon. er reason.	
	41 men. Gr. No Art., pl. of anër. Ap. 123. 2. rise=stand up. Not the same word as in v. 42. judgment=the judgment, as in v. 42. Cp. Ps. 1. 5. repented. The last reference to repentance in Matthew. See Ap. 111. II. 1. preaching=proclamation. Cp. Ap. 121. I. at. Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi. greater. See note on v. 6. 42 The queen=A queen. rise up. In resurrection. Not the same word as "rise" in v. 41. she came. See 1 Kings 10. 1, &c. from=Out of. Gr. ek. Ap. 104. vi.		
	12.43-45 -[For S	tructure see next page].	
	cast out, as in v. 29. Out of = away from (Gr. a John. $a = the$ $he = it$. walketh = roam	the = an. The Art. being inclusive and hypothetic d "a". spirit. Gr. pneuma. See Ap. 101. XII. at, it returns (v. 44). But not when it is "bound" and tpo. Ap. 104. iv) temporarily, as at the proclamation of neth. Cp. Acts 8. 4. dry=waterless: i.e. where no it] not; has no respite. Gr. ou, as in v. 2.	

12. 44.

MATTHEW.

13. 3.

0 (p. 1336)	44 Then ⁴³ he saith, 'I will return ⁴ into my house [°] from whence I came out;'	12. 43-45- (A, p. 1885). SIGN GIVEN. UNASKED. (Extended Alternation.)		
р 27	and when ⁴⁸ he is come, he findeth <i>it</i> empty, swept, and °garnished.	A m 43 The going out of an unclean spirit. n -43. Action. Seeking rest. o 44 Return. Purposed.		
m	45 Then goeth ⁴³ he,	$p \mid -44$. Condition of house.		
n	and taketh with °himself seven other 43 spirits °more wicked than °himself,	 m 45 The going out of an unclean spirit. n -45 Action. Seeking other spirits. o -45 Return. Effected. 		
0	and they enter in and dwell there:	$p \mid -45$. Condition of house. 44 from whence = whence.		
p	and °the last <i>state</i> of that ¹⁰ man °is worse than the first.	garnished=decorated. 45 himself=itself. more wicked. Showing that there are degrees of		
<i>B</i> (p. 1335)	³⁹ generation."	wickedness among spirits and demons. See 17. 21. Acts 16. 16, 17, &c. the last state. See Dan. 9. 27; 11. 21, 23, &c. Rev. 18;		
SCq (p. 1336)		and cp. John 5. 43. also generation = generation also. this=this [present]. wicked. Gr. ponëros. Ap. 128. IV. 1.		
r	47 Then one said unto Him, ² " Behold, Thy mother and Thy brethren [°] stand without, ⁴⁶ de- siring to speak with Thee."	wicked generation. See notes on 11. 16; 23. 35; 24. 34. Mark 13. 30. Luke 21. 32. Acts 2. 40.		
D	48 But He answered and said unto him that told Him, "Who is My mother? and who are My brethren?"	12. 46-50 (S, p. 1333). PROPOSED CAPTURE BY KINDRED. (Introversion and Alternation.) S C q 46. Mother and brethren. (Natural.) "With-		
Cq	49 And He °stretched forth His hand ° toward His disciples, and said, "Behold My mother and My brethren !	out ". r 47. Their will. Reported (Mark 3. 21-31). D 48. The Lord's Question. $C' \mid q \mid$ 49. Mother and brethren. (Spiritual.) "With-		
r	50 For °whosoever shall °do the will of My Father Which is ⁵ in °heaven, °the same is My brother, and sister, and mother."	$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c } & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & \\ & & & & $		
T ² E ¹	13 °The same day went ° Jesus °out of °the house, and °sat ° by the sea °side. 2 And great multitudes were °gathered to-	desiring to speak = seeking to speak. Their avoured purpose. But in Mark 3. 21, 31 their real purpose was to "lay hold on Him", and the reason is given : "for they said 'He is beside Himself'". This accounts for the Lord's answer.		
	gether 'unto Him, so that He went 'into 'a ship, and sat; and the whole multitude stood 'on the shore.	47 stand without=are standing without. The reason for not going in is obvious. 49 stretched forth His har.d toward = He pointed to.		
F G	3 And He spake °many things °unto them °in °parables, saying, °"Behold, °a sower went forth to sow;	toward. Gr. epi. Ap. 104. ix. 1. 50 whosoever. Fig. Synecdochē (of Genus), Ap. 6, defined by obedience, and made an hypothesis by the particle "an". do = have done.		
	contrast with the "earth". See note on 6. 9, 10.	heaven=[the] heavens. Plural, because there is no the same=he.		
	13. 1-53 (T ² , p. 1323). TEACH	HING. (Alternation and Introversion.)		
	T ² E ¹ 1, 2. Place. Departure. "Out o	of the house".		
	$\begin{array}{c c} F & G & 3-9. \end{array} $ ONE Parable. (The H 10-23. Question of Disc	Sower.) ciples. Answer not understood.		
	J 24-33. THREE Para	bles. "Another", "Another", "Another".		
	E ² 36 Place. Departure. "Into t			
	F = K = -36-43. Disciples.			
	H = 1 Question to Discipl	bles. "Again", "Again", "Again". es. Answer understood.		
	$G \mid 52$ ONE Parable. (The S E ³ 53. Place. Departure. "Thence	Scribe.)		
	1 The same day. Gr. en (Ap. 104. viii). The day r			
	of the house. The teaching from vv. 3-35 was pu	ablic; from vv. 36-52 was within the house, in private.		
		and apo in marg. WH omit apo and read ek in marg. or His house, at Capernaum (9. 28). Ap. 169. sat=		
	was sitting. byside = beside. Gr. para. Ap. in vv. 28, 29, 30, 40, 41, 48, but same as in vv. 30, 47.	104. xii. 3. 2 gathered together. Not the same as		
	Ap. 104. vi. a = the. See notes on 4. 21; 8. 23.	on. Gr. epi. Ap. 104. ix. 3. 3 many things.		
	unto, Gr. pros. Ap. 104, xv. 3, $in = by$. G	l) on other occasions. There are no "discrepancies". Ar. en. Ap. 104. viii. parables. Here, eight (not		
	"seven" as sometimes alleged) are selected for the	special purpose of the Holy Spirit in this Gospel. See		
	relate to "the Kingdom of the Heavens" (Ap. 114),	the sowing must relate to the proclamation of it (v. 19):		
	relate to "the Kingdom of the Heavens" (Ap. 114), the sowing must relate to the proclamation of it (v. 19): (1) by John, "the wayside", 3. 2, 5, 6; (2) by Christ, the Twelve, and the Seventy, "the stony ground", 4. 12 26. 35; (3) by the Twelve in the land, and Paul in the synagogues of the Dispersion (the Acts); (4) still future (Matt. 24. 14) and on "good", because prepared ground. See Ap. 140. I. 1, and 145.			

	13.	4
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	4 And °when he sowed, °some seeds fell ¹ by	4 when he sowed = in (as in v . 3): in his sowing.
	the °way side, and the °fowls came and de-	some = some indeed. way side. The part of the field beside the way.
	voured them up: 5 °Some fell °upon °stony places, where they	fowls = birds.
	had onot much earth: and of forthwith they	5 Some=And some.
	sprung up, °because they had °no deepness of	upon. Gr. epi. Ap. 104. ix. 3.
	earth:	stony places=rocky or broken land. not. Gr. ou. Ap. 105. I.
	6 And when the sun was up, they were	not much earth. Not depth enough of earth.
	scorched; and ⁵ because they had ⁵ no root, they	forthwith = immediately.
	withered away.	because = through (Gr. dia. Ap. 104. v. 1) not (Ap. 105 II)
	7 And some fell °among thorns; and the thorns sprung up, and choked them:	105.11) having depth of earth. no. $Gr. m\bar{e}$. Ap. 105.11. 7 among=upon. $Gr. epi$. Ap. 104, ix. 3.
	8 But other fell °into °good ground, and	8 into=upon. Gr. epi. Ap. 104. ix. 3.
	°brought forth fruit, some an hundredfold,	good ground = the ground, the good [ground]. Good,
	some sixtyfold, some thirtyfold.	because prepared. brought forth. All the verbs are in past tenses.
	9 °Who hath ears to hear, let him hear."	9 Who: i. e. Him who hears.
H L ¹ M	10 And the disciples came, and said unto Him,	13. 10-23 (H, p. 1336). QUESTION OF DISCIPLES.
(p. 1337)	"Why speakest Thou unto them ³ in parables?"	(Division.)
N	11 °He answered and said unto them, "Be-	H L ¹ 10-17. Colloquy. L ² 18-23. Interpretation of Parable.
	cause it ° is given unto you ° to know ° the mys-	
	teries °of the kingdom of °heaven, but to them °it is 5 not given.	13. 10–17 (L ¹ , above). COLLOQUY. (Alternation.)
	12 For °whosoever hath, to him shall be given,	L ¹ M 10. Question of Disciples. Put.
	and he shall °have more abundance: but who-	N 11, 12. Answer. Reason. "Because".
	soever hath ⁵ not, [°] from him shall be taken	M 13 Question of Disciples. Answered.
1	away even that he hath.	N = -13 - 17. Answer. Reason. "Because". 11 He = And He.
M	13 °Therefore speak I to them ³ in parables :	is given = hath been given : i. e. is permanently given.
Ns	because they °seeing see 5not; and °hearing	to know = to get to know. Gr. ginosko. Ap. 132. I. ii.
- , - ,	they ° hear ⁵ not, neither do they understand.	the mysteries = the secrets; or the things hitherto kept secret.
t	14 And ° in them is ° fulfilled the prophecy of	of=belonging to. Gen. of Relation. Ap. 17. 5.
	[°] Esaias, which saith, 'By 'hearing ye shall	the kingdom of heaven. See Ap. 114.
	¹³ hear, and shall °not understand; and ¹⁸ seeing	heaven = the heavens (pl.). See notes on 6. 9, 10.
	ye shall "see, and shall "not perceive:	it is not given it hath not been given. 12 whosoever. Fig. Synecdochē (of Genus).
	15 For this people's heart is °waxed gross, and <i>their</i> cars are dull of hearing, and their	whosoever hath, &c. Fig. Paramia. Ap. 6. Cp. 25. 29.
	eyes they have closed; lest at any time they	have more abundance = be made to abound.
	should "see with their eyes, and hear with	from. Gr. apo . Ap. 104. iv.
	their ears, and should understand with their	13. –13–17 (N, above). ANSWER. REASON. (Alternation.)
1		
1	heart, and should ° be converted, and I should heal them.'	$N \mid s \mid -13$. Condition of the People. Apathy.
	heal them.'	N s -13. Condition of the People. Apathy. t 14, 15. Prophet. Isaiah. Foreseen.
\$	heal them.' 16 But °blessed are ° your eyes, for they ¹³ see:	 N s -13. Condition of the People. Apathy. t 14, 15. Prophet. Isaiah. Foreseen. s 16. Condition of Disciples. Happy.
\$	heal them.' 16 But °blessed are ° your eyes, for they ¹³ see: and ° your ears, for they hear.	 N s -13. Condition of the People. Apathy. t 14, 15. Prophet. Isaiah. Foreseen. s 16. Condition of Disciples. Happy. t 17. Prophets. Desired to see and hear.
3 t	heal them.' 16 But °blessed <i>are</i> ° your eyes, for they ¹³ see: and °your ears, for they hear. 17 For °verily I say unto you, That many	 N s -13. Condition of the People. Apathy. t 14, 15. Prophet. Isaiah. Foreseen. s 16. Condition of Disciples. Happy.
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13. 19.

27	cometh °the wicked one, and catcheth away that which was sown ³ in his heart.	the wicked one=the evil [one]. See Ap. 128. IV. 1. received. Cp. Acts 2. 41. 1 Thess. 2. 13. Not the
v (p. 1337)	This is he which "received seed 1 by the way side. •	same word in Greek, but the same truth. 20 anon=immediately. The same word as "by and by" in v. 21. with. Gr. meta. Ap. 104. xi. 1.
v	20 But he that ¹⁹ received the seed ⁸ into stony places,	21 but dureth for a while = but is temporary, or endureth but for a season. by and by = immediately. Same word as "anon".
24	° anon ° with joy receiveth it; 21 Yet hath he 5 not root 3 in himself, ° but dureth for a while: for when tribulation or	v. 20. The offence is as immediate as the joy.is offended = stumbles. 22 among. Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi. Not the sameword as in $v.$ 5.is he=this is he.world=age. Gr. aiōn. See Ap. 129. 2.he=it.
	persecution ariseth ⁵ because of the ¹⁹ word, [°] by and by he [°] is offended.	23 which also=who indeed. and bringeth forth=produceth also. some=some indeed.
0 w	22 He also that ¹⁹ received seed ° among the thorns	some = but other. 24 Another. Gr. allos. Ap. 124. 1. The parables
x	° is he that heareth the ¹⁹ word; and the care of this ° world, and the deceitfulness of riches, choke the ¹⁹ word, and °he becometh unfruitful.	spoken outside (v. 1) are introduced thus; those within the house by the word "again" (v. 36): marking off the Structure J, p. 1336; and Ap. 144. The kingdom of heaven. See Ap. 114.
w	23 But he that ¹⁹ received seed ⁸ into the good ground	heaven = the heavens. See note on 6.9, 10. man. Gr. anthropos. Ap. 123. 1. 25 slept. Ap. 171. 1.
x	²² is he that heareth the ¹⁹ word, and under- standeth <i>it</i> ; [°] which also beareth fruit, and bringeth forth, [°] some an hundredfold, [°] some sixty, [°] some thirty."	sowed = sowed upon [and therefore among]. Gr. epispeirō = sowed. `Occ. only here. All the texts read "sowed over". tares. Gr. zizania (occ. only in this chapter, vv. 25, 36.)
J (p. 1336)	24 °Another parable put He forth unto them, saying, °" The kingdom of °heaven is likened unto a °man which sowed good seed ³ in his field: 25 But while ²⁴ men °slept, his enemy came	Not "darnel" (the Lolium temulentum of naturalists), but zewan as known to-day in Palestine. While grow- ing it looks like wheat, but when full grown the ears are long and the grains almost black. Each grain of zewan must be removed before grinding wheat, or the bread is bitter and poisonous. Wheat is golden; but tares show their true colour as they ripen.
	and °sowed °tares °among the wheat, and °went his way. 26 But when the blade was sprung up, and brought forth fruit, then °appeared the ²⁵ tares also.	among = in (Gr. ana, Ap. 104. i) the midst. went his way. He had no doubt as to the result. Nor should those have doubt who sow "the good seed" of the Word of God. They should have as much con- fidence in their sowing as the "enemy" had in his; and
	27 So the °servants of the °householder came and said unto him, °'Sir, didst ° not thou sow	go their way, and sow more. 26 appeared. Gr. <i>phainō</i> . Ap. 106. I. i.
	good seed ³ in thy field? from whence then hath it ²⁵ tares?' 28 °He said unto them, °' An enemy ° hath	 27 servants = bondservants. householder = master of the house. See Ap. 98. XIV. iii. Sir. Gr. kurios. Ap. 98. VI. i. a. 4. B.
	done this.' The servants said unto him, "Wilt thou then that we go and "gather them	not. Gr. $ouchi$, a strengthened form of ou . See Ap. 105. I (a). 28 He = And he.
	29 But he said, ° · Nay; lest while ° ye 28 gather up the 25 tares, ye root up also the wheat with	An enemy = A man an enemy. Fig. Pleonasm (Ap. 6), for emphasis. hath done = did.
	them. 30 Let both ° grow together until the harvest :	Wilt. Gr. thelö. See Ap. 102. 1. gather them up?=collect them together? 29 Nay. Gr. ou. Ap. 105. I.
	and ³ in the time of harvest I will say to the [°] reapers, ²³ Gather ye together first the ²⁵ tares, and bind them [°] in [°] bundles [°] to burn them :	ye gather up = [while] gathering them together. 30 grow together. Gr. sunauxanomai. Occ. only here.
	but ² gather the wheat ² into my barn.''' 31 ²⁴ Another parable put He forth unto them,	reapers. Gr. theristes. Occ. only here, and in v. 39. in = into. Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi. bundles. Gr. desme. Occ. only here, in this form.
	saying, ²⁴ "The kingdom of ²⁴ heaven is like to a grain of mustard seed, which a ²⁴ man took, and sowed ³ in his field :	to. Gr. pros. Ap. 104. xv. 3. to burn = in order to burn.
	32 Which indeed is °the least °of all seeds: but when °it is grown, it is °the greatest	32 the least = less indeed. of all seeds. Supply the Ellipsis from $v.31 =$ "than all the seeds [that a man sows in his field]".
	among herbs, and becometh a tree, so that the birds of °the air come and °lodge ³ in the branches thereof."	it is grown = it shall or may have grown. This growth is contrary to nature : to show that it symbolizes an unnatural result, with its consequences.
!	33 ²⁴ Another parable spake He unto them; ²⁴ "The kingdom of ²⁴ heaven is like unto ° lea-	the greatest among herbs=greater than [garden] herbs. the air=the heaven (sing.). lodge=perch.
:		33 leaven = sour dough. Always used in a bad sense, interpretation as to the Gospel's improving the world is iole of the meal. The same is true of the symbol of the
	"woman", see below. The Lord mentions three kinds of leaven, all of which were evil in their working: the leaven (1) of the Pharisees = hypocrisy or formalism (Luke 12, 1): (2) of the Pharisees and Sadducees =	

evil doctrine or teaching (Matt. 16. 11, 12); (3) of Herod=political religion, or worldliness (Mark 8. 15). Cp. also Gen. 19. 3. 1 Cor. 5. 6-8. Matt. 23. 14, 16, 23-28.
13. 33.

13. 51.

27	ven, which °a woman took, and °hid ³⁰ in three °measures of meal, till the whole was °leavened."	a woman. A common symbol of evil in the moral or religious spheres. See Zech. 5.7, 8. Rev. 2.20; 17.1-6. hid. Cp. v. 44, and see the Structure. Ap. 145. meesures (Gr extern See Ap. 51 UI 3 (ii) (0)
K	34 All these things spake 'Jesus unto the 'mul-	measures. Gr. saton. See Ap. 51. III. 3 (ii) (9). leavened = corrupted.
(p. 1336)		34 multitude=multitudes (pl.).
(r. 00-)	° spake He ⁵ not unto them:	spake He not $=$ was He not speaking.
	35 ° That it might be ° fulfilled which was	35 That=So that. fulfilled. Quoted from Ps 78. 2. See Ap. 107. I. 3,
	spoken °by the prophet, saying, "I will open my mouth ³ in parables; I will [°] utter things	and 117.
	which have been kept secret ¹² from the ° foun-	by = by means of, Gr. dia. Ap. 104. v. 1.
	dation of the "world."	utter = pour forth. Gr. ereugomai. Occ. only here.
\mathbf{E}^2	36 Then ° Jesus sent the ³⁴ multitude away,	from the foundation of the world. Note the seven occurrences of this expression (here; 25.34. Luke 11.50.
(p. 1339)		Heb. 4. 3; 9. 6. Rev. 13. 8; 17. 8). Contrast "before the
F K y	and His disciples came unto Him, saying,	overthrow", &c. (John 17. 24. Eph. 1. 4. 1 Pet. 1. 20).
- 1		foundation = overthrow. See Gen. 1. 2. Ap. 146. world. Gr. kosmos. Ap. 129. 1.
z	°"Declare unto us the parable of the ²⁵ tares of the fold "	
	the field."	13. 36–43 (K, p. 1336). DISCIPLES. (Alternation.)
y	37 He answered and said unto them,	$K \mid \mathbf{y} \mid 36$ Disciples come.
z	"He That soweth the good seed is "the Son of	z -36. Explanation requested.
	man;	$y \mid 37$ The Lord's answer.
	38 The field is the ³⁵ world; the good seed [°] are the [°] children of the kingdom; but the	z -37-43. Explanation given (vv37-39). Appli- cation made (vv. 40-43).
	²⁵ tares are the ° children of ¹⁹ the wicked one;	36 went into the house. This determines the Struc-
	39 The enemy that sowed them is the devil;	ture E ² , on p. 1336. the house. Peter's house.
	the harvest is ° the ° end of the 22 world; and	Declare = Expound. Gr. phrazo. Occ. only here, and in $15 left 15$
	the ³⁰ reapers are ^o the angels.	in 15, 15. 37 the Son of man. See Ap. 98. XVI. Cp. 8, 20.
	40 As therefore the ²⁵ tares are ²⁸ gathered and	38 are = these are : i. e. represent. Fig. Metaphor. Ap. 6.
	burned 3 in the fire; so shall it be 3 in 30 the 39 end of ${}^{\circ}$ this 22 world.	children = sons. Ap. 108. III.
	41 ³⁷ The Son of man shall send forth His	39 the end of the world = the end of the age, age- time, or dispensation. The expression occurs six times
	angels, and they shall ²⁸ gather ^o out of His	(here, vv. 40, 49; 24.3; 28.20. Heb. 9.26), always in
	kingdom all things that °offend, and them	this sense. See Ap. 129. II; 151.
	42 And shall cast them ² into [°] a furnace of	end. Gr. sunteleia (not "telos")=closing time, de- noting the joining of two age-times: i.e. the closing
	42 And shall cast them and a furnace of fire: there shall be ° wailing and ° gnashing of	time of one leading on to the other. The sunteleia
	teeth.	mark the closing period, while telos marks the actual
	43 Then shall the righteous ° shine forth as	and final end. the angels = angels. In v. 41 "His angels".
	the sun ³ in [°] the kingdom of their [°] Father.	40 this world = this [present] age-time (cp. vv. 22, 39).
	° Who hath ears to hear, let him hear.	41 out of. Gr. ek. Ap. 104. vii.
J	44 ° Again, 24 the kingdom of heaven is like	offend = cause offence, or stumbling. iniquity = lawlessness. See Ap. 128. X. 1.
(p. 1336)	unto treasure °hid ³ in a field; the which when	42 a furnace = the furnace, as in v. 50.
	a ²⁴ man hath found, he hideth, and ° for joy thereof goeth and selleth all that he hath, and	wailing and gnashing. See note on 8. 12.
	° buyeth that field.	gnashing = the grinding. 43 shine forth. Gr. $eklamp\bar{o}$. Occ. only here.
	45 ⁴⁴ Again, ²⁴ the kingdom of ²⁴ heaven is like	the kingdom, &c. See Ap. 112. 3.
	unto °a merchant ²⁴ man, seeking goodly	Father. Ap. 98. III.
	pearls:	Who hath, &c. See note on 11. 15. See Ap. 142. 44 Again. This word marks and links together the
	46 Who, when he had found one pearl of great price, ° went and sold all that he had,	last three parables. See the Structure " J ", p. 1336
	and 44 bought it.	(Ap. 145), and note on "another", v. 24.
	47 ⁴⁴ Again, ²⁴ the kingdom of ²⁴ heaven is like	hid = lying hidden. Cp. $vv.$ 33 and 35. for = from. Gr. apo . Ap. 104. iv.
	unto $^{\circ}$ a net, that was cast 2 into the sea, and	buyeth. Not the word for "redeem". See note on
	² gathered °of every kind: 48 Which, when it was full, they °drew °to	2 Pet. 2. 1. A = a more heart man $-a$ men a merchant Cn u 28.
	shore, and sat down, and ²³ gathered the good	45 a merchant man = a man, a merchant. Cp. v. 28, "an enemy".
	² into vessels, but cast ° the bad °away.	46 went. The 1611 edition of the A.V. reads "he
	49 So shall it be °at ³⁹ the ³⁹ end of the	went". 47 a net = a drag-net, or seine. Gr. $sagene$. Occ. only
	²² world: the angels shall ° come forth, and	bere $of = out of$. Gr. ek. Ap. 104. VII.
	^o sever the ^o wicked ^o from among the ^o just, 50 And shall cast them ^o into the furnace of	48 drew = drew up. Gr. anabibazo. Occ. only here.
	fire: there shall be ⁴² wailing and ⁴² gnashing	to shore = upon (Gr. epi . Ap. 104. ix. 3) the shore.
	of teeth."	the bad = the useless : i.e. the cat-fish, plentiful in the Sea of Galilee.
H		away=out.
11	stood all these things?" They say unto him,	49 at = in, as in $v_{.3}$.
	"Yea, °Lord."	sever z separate.
		wicked = evil ones. Gr. pl. of poneros. Ap. 128. $1V.1$.
	from among. Gr. ek. Ap. 104. vii. just=r	righteous ones. 51 Jesus saith unto them. All

	13. 52.	MATT	THEW.	14. 5.
G (p. 1336) 27	every scribe which is kingdom of heaven i	unto them, ¹³ "Therefore s °instructed °unto ²⁴ the is like unto a ²⁴ man <i>that</i> which bringeth forth ⁴¹ out s ° new and old."	(Ap. 104. viii), reading "in the kingd	l. vi). L reads en lom", for "unto
\mathbf{E}^{3}	53 And it came to parab	ass, that when 1 Jesus had les, He ${}^{\circ}$ departed thence.	new=new(in character). Gr. kainos =new(in time). See notes on 9. 17:	26. 28. 29
U ² P a (p. 1340)	54 And when He v country,	was come ² into His own	53 finished. Thus marking the encollocation of parables, showing them departed. Gr. metairō. Occ. only	to be one whole. here and 19.1:
b	He [°] taught them ³ in	their ° synagogue,	referring probably to His going by wat	ter.
Q	insomuch that they v	were astonished, and said,	13. 54–58 (U ² , p. 1823). RESULTS. OF HIS OWN KINDRE	OPPOSITION
R	these °mighty works		(Introversion and Alternati U ² P a 54 "His own country."	
Sc	1		$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	aching. "Asto-
đ	is ²⁷ not His mother c	alled Mary?	nished ". R -54. Question. "W	
S c	Simon, °and Judas?	James, ° and Joses, ° and	S c 55 Father. d -55 Moth	(Male.) er. (Female.)
đ	us?	are they ²⁷ not all ° with	$\begin{vmatrix} S & c & -55. \text{ Brethren} \\ d & 56 \text{ Sisters} \\ R & -56. \text{ Question. "W} \\ O & C & C & C \\ \hline \end{vmatrix}$: (Females.) /hence", &c.
R	things?"	⁵⁴ this man all these	Q = 57. Effect of His finded ". P = a = 57. "His own country."	teaching. "Or-
Q	57 And they were ° o		54 taught=was teaching.	
P a	But ¹ Jesus said unto t without honour, save ³ in ^o his own house."	them, "A prophet is ⁵ not ³ in his own country, and	synagogue. See Ap. 120. this mighty works. Pl. of dunamis. A John 2. 18. Heb. 2. 4, &c.	
Ъ	58 And He did ⁵ no there ⁵ because of thei	ot many ⁵⁴ mighty works ir unbelief.	55 and. Note the Fig. Polysyndeton sising each one individually. 56 with. Gr. pros. Ap. 104. xv. 3.	(Ap 6), empha-
<u></u> м	2 And said unto his the Baptist; he is rise	ne °Herod the °tetrarch °fame °of °Jesus, °servants, "This is John en °from °the dead; and works do shew forth	 57 offended = stumbled. in = at. Gr. en. Ap. 104. viii. his own house. His own family: "It by Fig. Metonymy (of Adjunct), Ap. 6, 'dwelling within it. 14. 1-12 (N, p. 1323). MISSION OF JUENDED. (Introversion.) 	, for the family OHN BAPTIST.
UV e	3 For °Herod had bound him, and ° put <i>b</i> dias' sake, his brother	laid hold on John, and him ² in prison [°] for Hero- r [°] Philip's [°] wife.	$ \begin{array}{c c} \mathcal{N} & T & 1, 2. \text{ Herod hearing of John.} \\ & U & 3-11. \text{ John's death.} \\ & U & 12 \text{ John's burial.} \\ & T & -12. \text{ Jesus hearing of Herod.} \end{array} $)
f	4 For John [°] said und for thee to have her."	to him, "It is °not lawful	1 At = In. Gr. en. Ap. 104. vii. time = season.	
е	5 And [°] when he we death, he feared the n	would have put him to multitude,	Herod=Herod Antipas. Son of Her Malthace. See Ap. 109. tetrarch. The Greek word translitera	ited = a governor
f	because they ° counted	1 him as a prophet.	over the <i>fourth</i> part of any region; but quently lost its strict etymological mea	the word subse-
	 ēkousen akoēn. Jesus. Ap. 98. X. Ap. 104. iv. tl. (Ap. 104. v. 2) touto. 14. 	the dead. With Art, See Ap mighty works. See no 3-11 (U, above). JOHN'S D	c courtiers. Gr. pais. Ap. 108, iv. p. 139. 1. therefore = on this ac ote on 13. 54, above. in. Gr. en. DEATH. (Introversion and Alternations.)	m. Ap. 6. Gr. ion). Ap. 17. 5. from. Gr. apo.
	e V g g	3. Herod's imprisonment of J f 4. Reason. John's reproof. 5 Herod's imprisonment of f -5. Reason. People's opini W 6. Opportunity given. 7. Herod's promise to Herodia h 8. John's head asked. 9, 10. Herod's promise to Hero h 11. John's head given.	John (from fear). ion. as. Made. podias. Kept.	
	of Herod the Great as not. Gr. ou. Ap. 10	for sake = on account and Mariamne II. See Ap. 109.		s = Philip I, son id = used to say.

	14. 6. MATT	THEW. 14	. 25.
W (p. 1340) 27 Vg	 6 But when Herod's birthday was °kept, °the daughter of °Herodias danced ° before them, and pleased ¹Herod. 7 Whereupon he promised ° with an oath to 	6 kept = being celebrated. the daughter. Salome (Josephus, Ant. xviii. 5 Herodias. See Ap. 109. before them = in the midst of them : i.e. in put 7 with. Gr. meta. Ap. 104. xi. 1.	
h	give her whatsoever she would ask. 8 And she, being ° before instructed ° of her mother, said, "Give me here John Baptist's head ° in a ° charger."	8 before instructed = prompted, or instigated, of = by. Gr. hupo. Ap. 104. xviii. 1. in = upon. Gr. epi. Ap. 104. ix. 2. charger = a wooden trencher, or dish. Gr. Occ. only here, v. 11. Mark 6. 25, 28 and Luke	pinax.
g	9 And the king was sorry: nevertheless 3 for $^{\circ}$ the oath's sake, and them which sat with him at meat, he commanded <i>it</i> to be given <i>her</i> . 10 And he sent, and beheaded John 2 in the prison.	("platter"). The Eng. is from the French charg load. Then by Fig. Metonymy (of the Subject) Ap. 6, 1 what is laden; hence, used of a horse, as well as a 9 the oath's=his great or solemn oath. 11 damsel. Gr. korasion. Ap. 108 ix. 12 body. Mark 5. 29 reads ptoma=corpse.	<i>er</i> =to put for
h	11 And his head was brought ⁸ in a ⁸ charger, and given to the [°] damsel: and she brought <i>it</i> to her mother.	14. 13-36 (R ³ , p. 1323). MIRACLES. (Alternations and Introversion.) R ³ X 13 Departure from the people. Y Z i -13. Concourse.	
U	12 And his disciples came, and took up the [°] body, and buried it,	k 14. Many Miracles. A 15-21. One Miracle. Feeding	n g th e
T	and went and told ¹ Jesus.	X 22, 23. Departure from the people.	
R ³ X (p. 1341)	13 When ¹ Jesus heard of it, He °departed thence ° by ship ° into a desert place apart:	$\begin{array}{ c c c c c } Y & A & 24-33. \text{ One Miracle. Walki} \\ & & \text{the Sea.} \\ Z & i & 34, 35 \text{ Concourse.} \end{array}$	ing on
YZi 28	and when the $^{\circ}$ people had heard thereof, they followed Him on foot $^{\circ}$ out of the cities.	$\begin{vmatrix} k \\ -35-36. \end{vmatrix}$ Many Miracles. 13 departed = withdrew.	
k	14 And ¹ Jesus ° went forth, and saw a great multitude, and was moved with compassion ° toward them, and He healed their sick.	by=in. Gr. en. Ap. 104. viii. into. Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi. people=multition out of=from. Gr. apo. Ap. 104. iv. 14 went forth. From His solitude, v. 13.	udes.
A 1	15 And when it was evening, His disciples came to Him, saying, "This is a desert place, and the °time is °now past; send the multi- tude away, that they may go ¹³ into the vil- lages, and buy themselves victuals."	toward. Gr. epi. Ap. 104. ix. 3. 14. 15–21 (A, above). ONE MIRACLE. FEE: THE FIVE THOUSAND. (Introversion.) A 1 15. Multitudes. Hungry. m 16. "Give ye them". n 16. "Give ye them".	DING
m	16 But ¹ Jesus said unto them, "They need ⁴ not depart; give y_{ℓ} them to eat."	n 17. Supply. Insufficient. n 18, 19 Supply. Sufficient. m -19. "He gave".	
n	17 °And they say unto Him, "We °have here but five loaves, and two fishes."	l 20, 21. Multitudes. Filled. 15 time=hour. now=already. 17 And have here but=have not (Gr. ou, as in v. 4)	
n	18 He said, "Bring them hither to Me." 19 And He commanded the multitude to sit down °on the grass, and took the five loaves, and the two fishes, and looking up °to °heaven, He blessed, and ° brake,	[anything] except. 19 on = upon. Gr. <i>epi</i> . Ap. 104. ix. 3. to = into. Gr. <i>eis</i> . Ap. 104. vi. heaven = the heaven (sing.). See note on 6. 9. 1 brake = after breaking. The bread was made in cakes, which had to be broken (not cut) before	10. n thin
m	and gave the loaves to His disciples, and the disciples ° to the multitude.	could be eaten. Hence the idiom "to break b means to eat bread, as in Luke 24.35; Acts 27.35 notes on Num. 18. 19, and Isa. 58. 7. Put by	. See
Z	20 And they did all eat, and were °filled: and they took up of the fragments that re- mained twelve ° baskets full. 21 And they that had eaten were about five thousand °men, beside women and children.	Metonymy (of the Adjunct). Ap. 6. to=[gave] to. The Ellipsis must be thus supplied the preceding clause. 20 filled = satisf baskets. Gr. kophinos. A small wicker hand b 21 men = males. Gr. pl. of anēr. See Ap. 123 22 straightway = immediately, as in v. 31.	d from fied. asket.
X	22 And °straightway ¹ Jesus constrained His disciples to get ¹³ into °a ship, and to go before Him °unto the other side, while °He sent the multitudes away. 23 And when He had sent the multitudes away, He went up ¹³ into ²² a mountain apart to pray: and when the evening was come, He was there alone.	 a=the. unto. Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi. He sent, &c. This was a miracle in itself. 14. 24-33 (A, above). ONE MIRACLE. WALL ON THE SEA. (Extended Alternation.) A B 24 The ship. C -24. The wind. Contrary. D 25-31. The miracle. Wrought. B 32 The ship. 	KING
YAB (p. 1343)	24 But the ship was now in the midst of the sea, tossed $^\circ$ with $^\circ$ waves :	$C \mid$ -32. The wind. Ceased. $D \mid$ 33. The miracle. Effect.	
С	for the wind was contrary.	24 with=by. Gr. hupo. Ap. 104. xviii. 1. waves=the waves.	
Dо	25 And in °the fourth watch of the night ¹ Jesus went °unto them, walking ¹⁹ on the sea.		
1	18	341	

	14. 26.	MATT	HEW.	15. 8.
p (p. 1342) 28	¹⁹ on the sea, the	the disciples saw Him walking by were troubled, saying, "It is they cried out ° for fear.	14. 25-31 (D, p. 1341). THE MIRACI WROUGHT. (Extended Alternation.) D 0 25. The Lord walking on the sea.	JE.
q	27 But ²² straig saying, "Be of afraid."	htway ¹ Jesus spake unto them, good cheer; °it is ℑ; be °not	p 26. Disciples troubled. q 27. Be not afraid. o 28, 29. Peter essaying to walk, &c. p 30. Peter afraid.	
o	° if it be Thou, b the water." 29 And He sai was come down	nswered him and said, ° "Lord, bid me come ²⁵ unto Thee ¹⁹ on d, "Come." And when Pcter a^{13} out of the ship, he walked to go ° to ¹ Jesus.	$q \mid 31$. Wherefore didst thou doubt? 26 a spirit = a phantom. Gr. phantasma. () here and Mark 6. 49. for = from. Gr. apo. Ap. 104. iv. 27 it is $\Im = \Im$ am [He]. not. Gr. me. Ap. 105. II.	Occ. only
p	30 But when °	he saw the wind boisterous, he d beginning to ° sink, he cried,	 28 Lord. Gr. Kurios. Ap. 98. VI. i. a. 3. A if, &c. See Ap. 118. 2 a. Assuming it as a f 29 to. Gr. pros. Ap. 104. xv. 3. 30 he saw the wind boisterous. He lot the circumstances instead of the Lord. This 	act. ooked at
2	His hand, and c	diately ¹ Jesus stretched forth aught him, and said unto him, the faith, [°] wherefore didst thou	secret of his (and of our) failure. sink = be overwhelmed in the sea. Gr. katapo Occ. only here and 18. 6. 31 O thou of little faith. See note on 6. so wherefore = why, or for what. Gr. eis (Ap. 16	ntizomai. 0.
B	1	they were come ¹³ into the ship,	doubt=waver, or hesitate. Gr. distazō. O here and 29. 17.	
С	the wind ceased		33 the Son of God = God's Son (no Art.). Ap 34 Gennesaret. It was at the northern er	
D	33 Then they t worshipped Hin art ° the Son of	hat were ² in the ship came and n, saying, "Of a truth Thou God."	lake and to the west of the Jordan (Ap. 16) Talmud identifies it with Chinnereth of the Josephus says it was about four miles long by). The he O.T.
Z i (p. 1341)	came ¹³ into the 35 And when	n they were gone over, they land of °Gennesaret. the ²¹ men of that place ° had Him, they sent out ¹³ into all and about,	a half broad. 35 had knowledge of = having recognized. 36 hem = border, or fringes. Cp. 9. 20. made perfectly whole = completely saved o Gr. $dias\partial z \bar{z}$ = to save throughout. Occ. eigl (here; Luke 7. 3. Acts 23. 24; 27. 43, 44; 28. 1, 4	ht times
k	36 And besoug touch the °hem	to Him all that were diseased; ght Him that they might only of His garment: and as many e°made perfectly whole.	 3. 20). All are interesting and used of bodily in the second state of the sec	saving. parties
S³ (p. 1323)	2 "Why do tradition of °th	me to ° Jesus °scribes and ° Pha- ich were °of ° Jerusalem, saying, Thy disciples °transgress the e elders? for they ° wash ° not en they eat ° bread."	salem, vv. 1-9; (2) the multitudes, vv. 10, 11 disciples, vv. 12-14; (4) Peter, vv. 15-20. Pharisees. See Ap. 120. II. of = away from. Gr. apo. Ap. 104. iv. Jerusalem. The seat of authority in these r 2 transgress. Gr. parabainō. Ap. 128. VII	; (3) the natters.
T ³ r (p. 1342)	"Why do °ye °	swered and said unto them, also transgress the command- by your tradition?	the elders. Gr. presbuteroi. Always used Papyri officially, not of age (old men), but of co officers and heathen priests. wash not. To wash before eating is still a	mmunal
s	father and mo	nmanded, saying, ' Honour thy ther : ' and, ' He that curseth r, °let him die the death.'	custom in Palestine. See Ap. 136. not. Gr. ou. Ap. 105. I. bread. Put by Fig. Synecdochē (of Species for all kinds of food.), Ap. 6,
t	father or his mo ever ° thou migh 6 ° And honour ° he shall be fr	'Whosoever shall say to his other, °' It is °a gift, by whatso- atest be °profited °by °me;' ' onot his father or his mother, ee.' Thus have ye made the of °God of none effect ° by your	 15. 3-11 (T³, p. 1323). TEACHING (Extended Alternation.) T³ r 3. Pharisees. Transgression. s 4. God's Commandment. t 5, 6. "Ye say". r 7. Pharisees. Hypocrisy. s 8, 9. God's Word. 	
7	7 Ye hypocrite of you, saying	es, well did °Esaias prophesy	 t 10, 11. "I say". 3 ge. Emphatic. Note the Fig. Anteisagöge. 	Ар. 6.
\$	8°'This peopl	e draweth nigh unto Me with	also. Connect "also" with "ye", not with gress". God. Ap. 98. I.	"trans-
	die. Fig. Poly Supply ["Be t profited = hel consequence o Ap. 105. III. Isaiah. See A	ptōton. Ap. 6. See Ex. 21. 17. Lev. hat "] instead of "It is". a ped. by = of. Gr. ek. Ap. 104 f this evasion]. not you he shall be free. There is not	certainly do not. Gr. ou me = by no means, in	5 It is. a parent. And [in no wise. Esaias =

	15. 8. MATT	THEW. 15. 26.
28	their mouth, and honoureth Me with <i>their</i> lips; but their heart °is far ° from Me. 9 But in vain they do worship Me, ° teaching for doctrines the commandments of °men.'"	Fig. Polyptoton. Ap. 6.
t (p. 1342)	10 And He °called °the multitude, and said unto them, "Hear, and understand: 11 ² Not that which goeth °into the mouth defileth °a °man; but that which cometh °out of the mouth, this defileth °a °man."	men. See Ap. 123. 1. 10 called = called to [Him]. the multitude. See note on "scribes", v. 1. 11 into. Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi. a=the. man. Ap. 123. 1. out of, Gr. ek. Ap. 104. vii.
U ³ u (p. 1343)	12 Then °came °His disciples, and said unto Him, "Knowest Thou that the Pharisees were °offended, after they heard this °saying?"	 15. 12-20 (U³, p. 1323). RESULT. OPPOSITION OF THE PHARISEES. (Alternation.) U³ u 12. Disciples. Report. Opposition of Pharisees. v 13, 14. The Lord. Explanation of opposition.
v	13 But He answered and said, ""Every "plant, which My " heavenly Father hath " not planted, shall be rooted up. 14 Let them alone: "they be blind leaders of the blind. And "if the blind lead the blind, both shall fall " into the ditch."	 u 15. Disciples. Peter's request. v 16-20. The Lord. Explanation of statement. 12 came=came unto [Him].
u	15 Then answered ° Peter and said unto Him, °" Declare unto us this parable."	Fig. Hypocatastasis. Ap. 6. See note on "dogs", v. 26, and on "leaven" (16. 6). plant. Gr. phuteia. Occ. only here.
V	16 And ¹ Jesus said, "Are ³ ge ³ also [°] yet with- out understanding? 17 Do not ye yet understand, that what- soever entereth [°] in at the mouth goeth ¹¹ into the belly, and is cast out ¹¹ into the [°] draught? 18 [°] But those things which proceed ¹¹ out of the mouth come forth [°] from the heart; and they defile the ¹¹ man. 19 For ¹¹ out of the heart proceed [°] evil [°] thoughts, murders, adulteries, fornications, thefts, [°] false witness, blasphemies: 20 These are <i>the things</i> which defile ¹¹ a man: ¹¹ a man."	heavenly. Gr. ouranios. See note on 6.14. 14 they be, &c. Fig. Paramia, Ap. 6. if, &c.: i.e. experience will show it. Ap. 118.1 b. 15 Peter. See note on "scribes", &c., v. 1. Declare = Expound. See note on 13.36. 16 yet = still. Gr. akmën. Occ. only here. 17 in at = into. Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi. draught = sewer, or sink. Gr. aphedrön, a Macedonian word. 18 But those, &c. Fig. Epimonē, vv. 18-20. from = out of. Gr. ek, as in preceding clause. 19 evil. Gr. ponēros. Ap. 128. IV. 1. thoughts = reasonings. false witness. Gr. pseudomarturia. Occ. only in Matthew (here, and 26. 59).
R ⁴ E ¹	21 Then ¹ Jesus went thence, and departed ¹¹ into the ° coasts of Tyre and Sidon.	15. 21–39 (R ⁴ , p. 1323). MIRACLES. (Repeated Alternation.)
$\mathbf{F}^1 \mathbf{w}^1$	22 And, ° behold, a woman of Canaan came ° out of ° the same ° coasts, and cried unto Him, saying, ° "Have mercy on me, O ° Lord, <i>Thou</i> ° Son of David; my daughter is ° griev- ously ° vexed with a devil."	$\mathbf{R^4}$ $\mathbf{E^1}$ 21. Departure. F ¹ 22-28. Miracle. Woman of Canaan. E ² $\mathbf{E^2}$ 29. Departure. F ² 30-38. Miracle. The Four Thousand. E ³ $\mathbf{E^3}$ 39. Departure. 21 coasts = parts. Tyre. See Ap. 169.
x ¹	23 °But He answered her ² not a word.	15. 22-28 (F ¹ , above). MIRACLE. WOMAN OF
w²	And His disciples came and besought Him, saying, "Send her away; for she crieth after us."	CANAAN. (Repeated Alternation.) F^1 w ¹ 22. Woman. Her Prayer. "Have mercy". x ¹ 23. The Lord. No answer. No claim. w ² -23. Woman. Disciples' prayer. "Send her away."
X2	24 But He answered and said, °"I am ² not sent [°] but [°] unto the [°] lost sheep of [°] the house of Israel."	x ² 24. The Lord. Answer. Explanation of silence. w ³ 25. Woman. Prayer. "Lord, help."
W ³	25 Then came she and "worshipped Him, saying, "22 " Lord, help me."	x ³ 26. The Lord. Answer delayed. w ⁴ 27. Woman. Plea. Confession. I have no claim. x ⁴ 28. The Lord. Answer. Healing given.
X ³	"Son of David". Hence the silence of the Lord. devil = possessed by a demon; Gr. daimonizomai. the Son of David. Fig. Accismus. Ap. 6. Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi. lost. Because being the house of Israel. Therefore it was still repre- 2. 14, 22, 36. 25 worshipped Him = threw	 woman (a "dog" of the Gentiles) had no claim on the grievously=miserably. wexed with a 23 But, &c. Because a Gentile had no claim on 4 I am, &c.=I was. but=except. unto=to. without a shepherd. But see note on 1 Kings 12. 17. sented by those in the Land. See note on and cp. Acts herself at His feet [and remained there]. Imperfect ford, help me. This was a better plea, but there was

1	5.	26.

28	[°] meet to take [°] the [°] children's ² bread, and to cast <i>it</i> to [°] dogs."	26 meet=fair. the children's bread=the bread of the children, with
w ⁴ (p. 1343)	27 And she said, ° " Truth, ²² Lord : ° yet the	emphasis on children. Fig. Enallagē. Ap. 6. children's. See Ap. 108. i. dogs=puppies, or little household dogs; this is true only of such. Dogs are not cared for (in the East) when
X ⁴	28 Then ¹ Jesus ° answered and said unto her, ° "O woman, ° great <i>is</i> thy faith:, be it unto thee even as thou wilt." And her daughter was made whole ⁸ from that very hour.	grown. The Lord used the Fig. <i>Hypocatastasis</i> (Ap. 6), implying that she was only a Gentile, and thus had still no claim even on that ground. Gentiles were known as "dogs" by the Jews, and despised as such (7. 6. 1 Sam. 17. 43. 2 Sam. 3. 8; 9. 8. 2 Kings 8. 13. Phil. 3. 2).
E3	29 And 1 Jesus departed from thence, and came $^\circ nigh$ unto the sea of Galilee; and went up 11 into $^\circ a$ mountain, and $^\circ sat$ down there.	27 Truth=Yea. yet=for even: assenting to the Lord's words, while using them as an additional ground of her plea. crumbs=scraps.
F3	30 And great multitudes came unto Him, having ° with them those that were lame, blind, dumb, maimed, and many ° others, and cast them down ° at ' Jesus' feet; and He healed them: 31 Insomuch that the multitude wondered, when they saw the dumb ° to speak, the maimed ° to be whole, the lame ° to walk, and the blind ° to see: and they glorified ° the God of Israel. 32 Then ' Jesus ° called His disciples <i>unto</i> <i>Him</i> , and said, "I have compassion ° on the multitude, because they continue with Me ° now ° three days, and have ° nothing to eat: and °I will ° not send them away fasting, lest they faint ° in the way." 33 And His disciples say unto Him, "Whence should ° we have so much bread ³² in ° the wilder- ness, as to ° fill so great a multitude?" 34 And ' Jesus saith unto them, "How many loaves have ye?" And they said, " Seven, and a few little fishes." 35 And He commanded the multitude to ° sit down ³² on the ground. 36 And He took the seven loaves and the fishes, and gave thanks, and ° brake <i>them</i> , and gave to His disciples, and the disciples ° to the	28 answered and said=exclaimed and said. A Hebraism. See note on Deut. 1. 41. O woman. Fig. <i>Ecphonösis</i> . Ap. 6. great is thy faith. Contrast the disciples (16. s).
	multitude. 37 And they did all eat, and were ³³ filled: and they took up of the [°] broken <i>meat</i> that was left seven [°] baskets full. 38 And they that did eat were four thousand [°] men, beside women and children.	 37 broken meat = fragments, or crumbs. baskets = large baskets. Gr. spuris. Cp. 14. 20. Acts 9. 25. Our modern clothes-basket. 38 men. Ap. 128. 2. 39 took ship = entered into (Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi.) the ship (mentioned above, in 14. 22, &c.). Magdala. See Ap. 169.
\mathbf{E}^3	39 And He sent away the multitude, and $^{\circ}$ took ship, and came 11 into the coasts of $^{\circ}$ Magdala.	16. 1-4 (S ⁴ , p. 1323). EFFECTS. (Introversion.) S ⁴ y 1. Sign desired. z 2, 3 Discernment. (Positive.)
S ⁴ y (p. 1344)	16 ^{The °} Pharisees also with the °Sadducees °came, and tempting desired Him that He would shew them °a sign ° from °heaven.	z -3. Discernment. (Negative.) y 4. Sign refused. 1 Pharisees Sadducees. See Ap. 120. II. came=having come to [Him]. a sign. Cp. 12. ss.
z	2 °He answered and said unto them, "When it is evening, ye say, ° ' <i>It will be</i> ° fair weather : for °the sky is °red.' 3 And in the morning, ' <i>It will be</i> ° foul wea- ther to day: for ² the sky is ² red and lowring.'	from=out of. Gr. ek. Ap. 104. vii. heaven=the heaven, or sky (sing.), same as in vv. 2, 3. 2 He=And He. It will be. Omit. fair weather. Gr. eudia. Occ. only here, and in v. 3. the sky=the heaven (sing.), as in v. 1 (see note on 6. 9, 10). This is the point of the question.
2	O ye hypocrites, ye °can °discern the face of ² the sky; but can ye °not discern the signs of the times?	red. Gr. purrazō. Occ. only here, and in v. 3. 3 foul weather = a storm. can = get to know by experience. Ap. 132. I. ii. discern. Gr. diakrinō. Ap. 122. 4.
y	4A° wicked and °adulterous generation °seek- eth after a sign; and there shall °no sign be given unto it, but the sign of the prophet ° Jonas." And He left them, and departed.	no. Gr. ou. Ap. 105. I. Jonas = Jonah. See 12. 39.
Q ⁴ T ⁴ a (p. 1345)		16. 5-12 [For Structure see next page].5 to=unto. Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi.take=bring.bread=loaves.

MATTHEW. **16.** 6. 6 Then Jesus said unto them, ° " Take heed b and °beware ° of the °leaven of the 1 Pharisees (Alternation.) (p. 1345) T⁴ a | 5. Bread. Forgetfulness.
 b | 6. Leaven. Warning.
 a | 7-10. Bread. Remembrance. and of the 1 Sadducees." $\mathbf{28}$ 7 And they reasoned ° among themselves, saying, "It is because we have ⁵ taken ⁴ no ⁶ bread." a b | 11, 12. Leaven. Instruction. 8 Which when Jesus perceived, He said unto them, °"O ye of little faith, why reason ye ⁷among yourselves, because ye have brought beware = pay attention to, so as to be careful of. ⁴ no ⁵ bread? 9 Do ye³ not yet understand, neither remember the five loaves of the five thousand, and 104. iv. how many ° baskets ye took up? leaven. See note on 13. 33. 10 Neither the seven loaves of the four thou-7 among. Gr. en. Ap. 104. viii. 2. sand, and how many ° baskets ye took up? 14. 31, and Luke 12. 28. b 11 How is it that ye do ³ not understand that I spake it 'not to you 'concerning bread, that ye should 6 beware 6 of the 6 leaven 6 of the ¹ Pharisees and ⁶ of the ¹ Sadducees? 12 Then understood they how that He bade left in 15. 37. them ⁸ not ⁶ beware ⁶ of the ⁶ leaven of bread, 11 concerning. Gr. peri. Ap. 104. xiii, 1. 12 doctrine = teaching. This was the word which the but 6 of the ° doctrine of the 1 Pharisees and of the 1 Sadducees. 13 When Jesus came ° into the ° coasts of U⁴ c Cæsarea Philippi, He asked His disciples, saying, ° "Whom do ° men say that 3 ° the Son of man am?' " little". 14 And they said, ° "Some say that Thou art [°] John the Baptist: [°] some, [°] Elias; and [°]others, đ Jeremias, or one of the prophets. U⁴ | c | 13. Question. Who say men? d | 14. Answer of Disciples. C 15 He saith unto them, "But ¹³ whom say pe c | 15. Question. Who say pe? that 3 am?' d | 16. Answer of Peter. 16 And Simon Peter answered and said, d 13 into. Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi. "Thou art "the Christ, "the Son of the living coasts = parts.God.' 17 And Jesus answered and said unto him, Le as in Acts 13. 25 also. "Blessed art thou, "Simon "Bar-jona: for °flesh and blood hath snot revealed it unto the Son of man. See Ap. 98. XVI. thee, but My °Father Which is °in °heaven. 14 John. Risen from the dead. some=others. Gr. allos. Ap. 124. 1. 18 And °3 say also unto thee, That ° thou art f

°Peter, and "upon "this "rock I "will build My f

16.17-20 (L, p. 1328). JESUS, THE MESSIAH DECLARED. WITNESS AND EVIDENCES. ENDED. (Introversion.)

 $L \mid e \mid 17$. Divine revelation.

f 18-. The Foundation itself. Peter's Confession. f -18, 19. The Foundation. To be built on.

e | 20. Divine Injunction.

Simon Bar-jona = Simon, son of Jonah. The Lord 17 Blessed = Happy. See note on 5. 3. uses his human name and parentage in contrast with the divine origin of the revelation made to him. Bar-jona. Aramaic. See Ap. 94. III. 3. 28. Occ. only here. flesh and blood. Put by Fig. Synecdochē (of the Part), Ap. 6, for a mortal human being in contrast with God the Father in the heavens. See 1 Cor. 15. 50. Gal. 1. 16. Eph. 6. 12. Heb. 2. 14. the heavens (pl.). See note on 6. 9, 10. Father. Ap. 98. III. in. Gr. en. Ap. 104. viii. heaven = 18 \Im say also = \Im also say (as well as the Father), looking back to a preceding Agent with Whom the Lord associates Himself. thou art Peter. See Ap. 147. Peter. Gr. petros. A stone (loose and movable), as in John 1. 42. upon. Gr. epi. Ap. 104. ix. 2. this. Very emphatic, as though pointing to Himself. See notes on John 2. 19; 6. 58. One of three important passages where "this" stands for the speaker. See notes on John 2. 19, and 6. 58. this rock = Gr. petra. Petra is Fem., and therefore could not refer to Peter; but, if it refers to Peter's confession, then it would agree with homologia (which is Fem.), and is rendered confession in 1 Tim. 6.13, and profession in 1 Tim. 6. 12. Heb. 3. 1; 4. 14; 10. 23. Cp. 2 Cor. 9. 13. Whether we are to understand it (with Augustine and Jerome) as implying "thou hast said [it]" (see Ap. 147), or "thou art Peter", most Protestants as well as these ancient "Fathers" agree that Peter's confession is the foundation to which Christ referred, and not Peter himself. He was neither the foundation nor the builder--(a poor builder, v. 23)--but Christ alone, Whom he had confessed (1 Cor. 3. 11). Thus ends the great subject of this second portion of the Lord's ministry. See Ap. 119. rock. Gr. petra. A rock (*in situ*) inmovable: the Messiah, as being "the Son of the living God", Who is the foretold "foundation-stone" (Isa. 28. 16); and the rejected stone (Ps. 118. 22). will=shall. Therefore then future, as in Hos. 1. 10; 2. 23.

16. 5-12 (T⁴, p. 1323). TEACHING.

6 Take heed=Look well. Gr. horaō. Ap. 133. I. 8. beware of the leaven. Fig. Hypocatastasis (Ap. 6), leaven put by implication for "doctrine" (v. 12), because of its evil effects. Cp. notes on 15. 26, and 13. 33.

of=from. Here, away from: i.e. beware [and keep] away from, or keep clear of, as in 7. 15. Gr. apo. Ap.

8 O ye of little faith. See note on 6. 30; and cp. 8. 26;

9 baskets. Gr. kophinos. Used in connection with the five thousand and the twelve full baskets left in 14. 20.

10 baskets. Gr. spuris. A larger plaited basket or hamper. Used in connection with the seven baskets

Lord had been implying in v. 6, using the Fig. Hypocatastasis. Ap. 6. The woman of Canaan saw what was implied in the word "dog"; and her faith was called "great" (15. 28); the disciples did not understand what the Lord implied by the word "leaven", and their faith was

16. 13–16 (U⁴, p. 1323). RESULT. OPPOSITION COMPLETED. (Alternation.)

Whom = Who. The pronoun being governed by the verb "am ", not by the verb "say", it must be "who"

men. Gr. pl. of anthropos. Ap. 123. 1.

Elias = Elijah.

- others = different ones. Gr. heteros. Ap. 124. 2.
- 16 the Christ = the Messiah. The 1611 edition of the A.V. reads "Thou art Christ"
- the Son, &c. See Ap. 98. XV.

	16. 18. M	ATTHEW.	16. 25.
28	°church; and °the gates of °hell shall °prevail against it. 19 And I will give unto thee °the keys of kingdom of ¹⁷ heaven: °and whatsoever ° shalt bind ° on earth shall be bound ¹⁷ in ¹⁷ ven: and whatsoever thou shalt loose earth shall be loosed ¹⁷ in ¹⁷ heaven."	"Remnant" (Rom. 9. 25-27). Not the eccle mystery (or secret) revealed in Ephesians; referred to in Ps. 22. 22, 25, &c. the gates. Put by Fig. Metonymy (of Adjurn	sia of the but that act), Ap. 6, IE grave),
(p. 1345)	20 Then charged He His disciples that should tell no man that $\mathfrak{H}\mathfrak{e}$ was $^\circ$ Jesus Christ.	they 38. 10. Job 38. 17 (Sept.). Fs. 9. 13; 107. 18. • the hell=THE grave. Gr. Hades. See Ap. 131 prevail. Gr. katischuö. Occ. only here approximation of the set of	I. II. and Luke
G K Q ¹ R g (p. 1346)	21 °From that time forth °began Jesu shew unto His disciples, how that He ° go °unto Jerusalem, and suffer many thing the elders and chief priests and scribes be killed,	must because Christ holdeth the keys of those gates s 6 of shall not be strong enough to triumph (Rev. Ps. 68. 20). Resurrection is the great truth asse Cp. Ezek. 37. 11-14. Acts 2. 29-31. 1 Cor. 15. 66.	and they 1. 18. Cp. erted here. Hos. 13. 14.
\mathbf{h}	° and ° be raised again ° the third day.	19 the keys. Put by Fig. <i>Metonymy</i> (of Cau for the power to open. Christ has the keys	of Hades;
S	22 Then Peter ° took Him, and began t buke Him, saying, °" Be it far from 7 °Lord: this shall °not be unto Thee."	o re- Peter had the keys of the kingdom. See new	t note. n of the wer Peter
S	23 But He turned, and said unto Peter, ° thee behind Me, ° Satan: thou art °an of unto Me: for thou °savourest $^{\circ}$ not the th that ° be of °God, but those that be of 18 n	"Get Gentiles. Not the "Church" of the myster fence and. The 1611 edition of the A.V. omits the thou shalt bind, &c. This power was given	y (Eph. 3). is "and". yen to the cts 5. 1-11,
R g	24 Then said Jesus unto His disciples, any man ° will ° come after Me, let him himself, and ° take up his ° cross, and follow 25 For whosoever ° will save ° his ° life lose it : and whosoever will lose ° his ° life My sake shall find it.	""If given to communicate it to others, or to deny perpetuity. Binding and loosing is a Hebrew Me. exercising authority. To bind=to declare w shall be binding (e.g. laws and precepts) and w	them in idiom for what shall what shall 4. ix. 1.
	16. 21-20. 34 (G, p. 1305). THE THIRD PERIOD OF THE MINISTRY. THE REJECTION		CTION
	$G \mid G \mid K \mid 16. 21-17. 13. S$ $L \mid 17. 14-21. Min$ $H \mid M \mid 17. 22$ $V \mid 17$ $J \mid$ $H \mid M \mid 20. 17.$ $K \mid 20. 28. SUFFERIN$ $L \mid 20. 29-34. Min$ $R \mid M \mid 20. 19-3. Min$ $R \mid M \mid M \mid 20. 19-3. Min$ $R \mid M \mid M \mid 20. 19-3. Min$ $R \mid M \mid $	 A. (Introversion and Alternation.) UFFERINGS. First Announcement. racle. The lunatic son. 23. SUFFERINGS. Second Announcement. 24-27. Gentiles. Authority. Sons free. O¹ 18. 1-35. Discipleship. Little child. P¹ 19. 1-12. Pharisees. Question. O² 19. 13-15. Discipleship. Little children. P² 19. 16-26. Certain man. Question. O³ 19. 27-20. 16. Discipleship. Rewards. -19. SUFFERINGS. Third Announcement. 20-27. Gentiles. Authority. Brethren free. GS. FOURTH Announcement. racle. Blind man. FERINGS. FIRST ANNOUNCEMENT. (Division. The Sufferings and Glory. Foretold. Che Glory. Foreshown. (The Transfiguration.) The Sufferings and Glory. Explained. S AND GLORY. FORETOLD. (Introversion and Alt ufferings. 	
	$ \begin{vmatrix} h & -21. \\ S & 2 \\ S & 2 \\ R & g & 24-26. \\ h & 27, 2 \end{vmatrix} $	Glory. Resurrection. } His Own. 2. Peter's rebuke of the Lord. 3. Peter rebuked by the Lord. Sufferings. 8. Glory. Kingdom. } His Disciple.	
	 is the rejection of Messiah. See Ap. 119. b See the Structure above (K, M, M, K); each t Note the necessity (Luke 24. 26). unto. (Ap. 6). be raised again. Omit "aga the third day. The first occurrence of this took Him aside. Be it far from Thee="[11. 19. Lord. Ap. 98. VI. i. a. 3. A. m thee Satan. The Lord saw in this a din note on 4. 10. an offence=a snare: i.e. an belong to. Gen. of Belation. Ap. 118. 2. a. will=is willing (Indic.), o John 5.40. come=to come. take up. Th 	God] be merciful to Thee". A pure Hebraism. See not=by no means. Gr. ou mē. See Ap. 105. III. rect assault of Satan himself through Peter. Sa noccasion of stumbling. savourest=regardest. God. Ap. 98. I. i. 1. 24 If, &c. Assuming su r desireth. Gr. thelo. Ap. 102. 1. All hinges on the e "cross" was always borne by the one condemned. (of Adjunct), Ap. 6, for the suffering associated with the above. his life. Gr. his soul. Should be "sou	17; 20. 28). must. lysyndeton s in 17. 23. ok Him= e 1 Chron. 23 Get tan. See be of= ch a case. will. Cp. pross. Gr. pross. Gr. ul "here,

	16. 26. MATT	HEW.	17. 9.
28	26 For what is a ¹³ man profited, ° if he shall gain the whole ° world, and lose ° his own ° soul? or what shall a man give in exchange for his ° soul?	26 if he shall, &c.=if he should. Expr impossible condition. Ap. 118. 1. b. world. Gr. kosmos. See Ap. 129. 1. his own soul = his life, as in v. 25. soul. Gr. psuchē. Ap. 110. III. 2.	essing an
<i>h</i> (p. 1346)	27 For ¹³ the Son of man shall come ¹⁷ in ° the glory of His ¹⁷ Father ° with His angels; and then He shall ° reward every man ° according to his ° works. 28 ° Verily I say unto you, There ° be ° some	27 the glory. The sufferings are never mapart from the glory (v. 21). See Ap. 71, and c with. Gr. meta. Ap. 104. xi. 1. reward = render to. according to. Gr. kata. Ap. 104. x. 2.	nentioned 9p. 17. 1–9.
	standing here, which shall ²² not taste of death, ° till they ° see ¹³ the Son of man ° coming ¹⁷ in His kingdom."	 works=doing. 28 Verily. See note on 5. 18. some=some of those. till. The particle an, with the Subjunction for the second for the second for the second former of the second former of	
Q ² T i (p. 1347)	17 And °after six days° Jesus ° taketh ° Pe- ter, ° James, and John his brother,	gives this a hypothetical force. Cp. the for (10. 23; 16. 28; 23. 39; 24. 34; 26. 29). see = may have seen. Ap. 133. I. 2. See notes above and below. Gr. eidon. Ap. 133. I. 1.	
k	and bringeth them up °into °an high mountain apart,	coming, &c. The promise of this coming was repeated later, in Acts 3. 19-26, and was co	nditional
U I	His face did shine as the sun, and His raiment ° was white as the ° light.	on the repentance of the nation. Hence th "an", which (though untranslatable) expresse dition or hypothesis implied. Their continui until Acts 28. 25, 26 was certain; but the fulfilm	ng to live nent of the
m	3 And, °behold, there °appeared unto them °Moses and °Elias °talking ° with Him.	condition was uncertain. No "an" after "unti 17. $1-9$ (Q^2 , p. 1346). THE GLORY FORE	
v	4 Then answered Peter, and said unto ¹ Jesus, [°] "Lord, it is good for us to be here: [°] if Thou [°] wilt, let us make here three [°] tabernacles; one for Thee, and one for ³ Moses, and one for ³ Elias."	$\begin{array}{c c} THE TRANSFIGURATION. \\ (Introversion and Alternations.) \\ Q^2 & T & i 1 The Ascent. \\ & k -1. Disciples taken up. \\ & U & 1 2. The Vision. \end{array}$	
V	5 While he yet °spake, ³ behold, °a bright cloud overshadowed them: and ³ behold a voice °out of the cloud, which said, °" This is My beloved Son, °in Whom I °am well pleased; °hear ye Him."	$T \mid i \mid 0 \text{ for all local} $	
ט נ	6 And when the disciples heard <i>it</i> , they fell ° on their face, and were ° sore afraid. 7 And ¹ Jesus came and touched them, and said, "Arise, and be ° not afraid."	$ $ $k $ -9. Disciples. Charged. 1 after six days. The Transfiguration (see is dated in all three Gospels (Mark 9. 2. Luke was thus connected with the first mentio	9.28). It n of His
m	8 And when they had lifted up their eyes, they °saw °no man, °save ¹ Jesus °only.	sufferings and death (16. 21; 17. 9, 12), and counteract any doubts that the disclosure m rise to. By it the <i>glory</i> is connected with the s	ufferings,
Ti	9 And as they came down $^{\circ}$ from the mountain,	as it always is (cp. 16, 21 with v. 27 and Lu and see Ap. 71. 1 Pet. 1.11; 4.13; 5.1); and glimpse of His coming (2 Pet. 1. 16-18).	
k	¹ Jesus charged them, saying, "Tell the vision to ⁸ no man, until [°] the Son of man [°] be risen again [°] from [°] the dead.	after. Gr. meta. Ap. 104. xi. 2. Jesus. Ap. 98. X. taketh = taketh [Him aside]. Peter, &c. These three were with Him at th of Jairus's daughter (Mark 5. 37), and in Ge	he raising
	 traditional "Tabor", for it was then inhabited, wiprobably Hermon. 2 transfigured. Gr. meta 9. 2, and in Rom. 12. 2, 2 Cor. 3. 18. Marking tichnage reom a former condition. See note on Phill 3 behold. Fig. Asterismos (Ap. 6), for emphasis. the Law, and those to be raised from the dead. See "caught up" without dying. Both mentioned in 1 9. 31 "they spake of His decease". with. Gr. 7 if, &c. See the condition in Ap. 118. II. 1. Not the sa 5 spake = was speaking. a bright cloud. out of. Gr. ek. Ap. 104. vii. This is My Messiah as priest; in 3. 17 as prophet. In Ps. 2. 7. Ap. 104. vii. am well pleased - have found de Gr. epi. Ap. 104. ix. 3. sore = exceedingly. 	r. eis. Ap. 104. vi. an high mountain. th a fortress on the top, according to Joseph unorphoomai = to change the form. Occ. only he he change to a new condition, while metasch . 3. 21. was=became. light. A appeared. Ap. 106. I. vi. Moses. Rep e note on S. 4. Elias = Elijah. Represent Mal. 4. 4, 5. talking = talking together. meta. Ap. 104. xi. 1. 4 Lord. Ap. 98, VI. me as in v. 20. wilt. Ap. 102. 1. tabernacles Was this the Shekhinah, the symbol of Jehoval beloved Son. The Divine formula of consec Acts 18. 33, and Heb. 1. 5; 5. 6, as king. in light. hear ye Him. Cp. Deut. 18. 18, 19. 7 not. Gr. më, Ap. 105. II. saw. Ap. la (=but). See note on "but", 20. 23. only the Son of man. See Ap. 98. XVI. rrb. Not so in v. 23, and 16. 21. from=from inection. Always associated with Christ and H rrences: Mark 6. 14; 9. 9, 10; 12. 25. Luke 9. Acts 3, 15; 4. 2, 10; 10. 41; 18. 30, 34; 17. 3, 3 or. 15. 12, 20. Gal. 1.1. Eph. 5. 14. Phil. 3, 11 (13. 20. 1 Pet. 1. 3, 21. On the other hand, with In all other cases it is used simply of a resur-	Not the us. More ere, Mark <i>izmatizo</i> = hp. 130. 1. resenting ting those In Luke i. a. 3. A. is booths. h's glory? cration of h. Gr. en. B on. 133. I. 1. y = alone. be risen m among. Iis People 7; 16. 31; 31. Rom. see note).

	17. 10. MAT	THEW. 17. 24.
Q ³ n (p. 1348) 28	10 And His disciples asked Him, saying "Why then say the scribes that ³ Elias must first come?"	Q ³ n 10. Disciples. Question, re Elijah.
0	11 And ¹ Jesus answered and said unto them "Elias truly [°] shall first come, and [°] restore all things.	$n \mid 13$. Disciples. Explanation, re John the Baptist. 11 shall first come = cometh first.
0	12 But I say unto you, That ^s Elias is come already, and they [°] knew him [°] not, but [°] have done [°] unto him whatsoever they [°] listed Likewise shall [°] also [°] the Son of man suffer [°] of them."	The noun occurs only in Acts 3. 21. The verb occurs eight times: 12. 13; 17. 11. Mark 3. 5; 8. 25; 9. 12. Lybe 6 10. Acts 1 & Hob 13. 10.
n	13 Then the disciples understood that He spake unto them $^{\circ}$ of John the Baptist.	have done = did. unto him = in his case. Gr. en. Ap. 104. viii. listed = pleased, or willed. Gr. thelð. Ap. 102. 1.
L p	14 And when they were come ° to the multi- tude, there ° came to Him ° a <i>certain</i> man, kneeling down to Him, and saying, 15 ⁴ "Lord, have ° mercy on my son: for ° he is lunatick, and ° sore vexed: for ofttimes he falleth ¹ into the fire, and oft ¹ into the water.	shall suffer=is about to suffer. So in v. 22 and 20. 22. also the Son of man.=the Son of man also. of=through or by. Gr. hupo. Ap. 104. xviii. 1.
P	16 And I brought him to Thy disciples, and they ° could ¹² not cure him."	SON. (Extended Alternation.) L p 14, 15. Request made.
r	17 Then Jesus answered and said, "O °faith- less and °perverse °generation, °how long shall I be ^s with you? °how long shall I ° suffer you?	n 1 17 18 Request granted
p	bring him hither to Me." 18 And ¹ Jesus rebuked ° the devil; and ° he departed ° out of him: and the ° child was cured ⁹ from that very hour.	
q	19 Then came the disciples to ¹ Jesus apart and said, [°] "Why could ¹² not we cast him out?"	epilepsy was supposed to be caused by the moon. Gr. selëniazomai. Occ. only in Matthew, here, and 4. 24. sore vexed = suffers miserably.
Ŧ	20 And ¹ Jesus said unto them, [°] " Because of your [°] unbelief: for [°] verily I say unto you [°] If ye have faith as a grain of mustard seed ye shall [°] say unto this mountain, 'Remove hence [°] to yonder place;' and it shall remove and nothing shall be impossible unto you. 21 Howbeit [°] this kind goeth ¹² not out [°] but [°] by [°] prayer and fasting."	perverse = perverted. generation. See note on 11.16. how long? = until when? Figs. Erotēsis and Ecphönēsis. Ap. 6. suffer = put up with. 18 the devil = it, or him. he_it.ic the demon
H M (p. 1346)	22 And while they abode ⁵ in ^o Galilee, ¹ Jesus said unto them, ⁹ " The Son of man ^o shall be ^o betrayed ¹ into the hands of ¹⁴ men: 23 And they ^o shall kill Him, and ^o the third day He shall ^o be raised again." And they were exceeding sorry.	 child=boy. Gr. pais. Ap. 108. iv. 19 Why could not we cast him out?=Why were not we able to cast it out? See notes on 21. 21, and Luke 17. 5. 20 Because = On account of. Gr. dia. Ap. 104. v. 2.
N s (p. 1348)	24 And when they were come °to Caper- naum, they that received °tribute money came to Peter, and said, "Doth ¹² not your Master pay tribute?"	ness of faith". See note on 6. 30. verily. See note on 5. 18.
	kinds. See 12. 45. Acts 16. 17. 1 John 4. 1. T Tr. [by. Gr. en. Ap. 104. viii. prayer. Gr. pr shall be = is about to be. This is the second of t and note on 16. 21. betrayed = delivered u	ee note on Luke 17. 6. 21 this kind. Implying different A] WH R omit this verse; but not the Syr. but = except. <i>oseuchē</i> . See Ap. 134. II. 2. 22 Galilee. Ap. 169. he <i>four</i> announcements. See the Structure K, M, M, K , b. This is added in this the second announcement of His he third day. See note on 16. 21; and Ap. 148. be
	N s 24. Tr t 25. 7 u 26	AUTHORITY. SONS FREE. (Introversion.) bute inquired about. Their own exempted. But of foreigners. Their own free. bute paid.
	24 to. Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi. Not the same as in shekels (Ex. 30. 11-16). Occ. only here. See Ap. 5	v. 14. tribute $money = the didrachma = the half-$

17. 25.

t		25 Yes. Showing that the Lord did pay. Cp. v. 27.
(p. 1348)	come ¹ into the house, ¹ Jesus ^o prevented him,	prevented=anticipated: i.e. spoke first, or fore-
28	saying, "What thinkest thou, Simon? of	stalled. Gr. prophthano. Occ. only here. of=from. Gr. apo. Ap. 104. iv., as in v. 9, not in
	whom do the kings of the °earth take °cus-	vv. 12, 13. earth. Gr. gē. Ap. 129. 4.
	tom or °tribute? °of their own °children, or	custom = toll, or duty.
1	° of °strangers?"	tribute=tax. Gr. kensos, from Lat. census, which=
u	26 Peter saith unto him, ²⁵ " Of ²⁵ strangers."	registration, which involved taxation. children=sons. Ap. 108. III. Not the same as $v. 18$.
t	¹ Jesus saith unto him, ° " Then are the ²⁵ chil-	strangers = those of other families : i.e. not their
	dren free.	own sons. Not foreigners. Gr. allotrios. Ap. 124.6.
	97 Notwithstanding last we should offend	26 Then=It followeth, then, that.
s	27 Notwithstanding, °lest we should offend them, go thou ²⁴ to the sea, and cast °an hook,	27 lest we should offend, &c. But, not (Gr. mē.
	and take up the fish that first cometh up; and	Ap. 105. II) to give them an occasion of offence (either by neglecting their duty or by traducing the Lord). See 18.6.
	when thou hast opened his mouth, thou shalt	an hook. A weighted line with several hooks, rapidly
	find °a piece of money: that take, and give	drawn through the water, is employed to-day at
	unto them ° for Me and thee."	Tiberias. Gr. agkistron. Occ. only here.
		a piece of money. Gr. stater: i.e. a shekel. Occ. only here. See Ap. 51. I. 5.
O1 W1	18 °At the same °time came the disciples unto °Jesus, saying, °"Who is the	for. Gr. anti. Ap. 104. ii.
(p. 1349)	10 unto ^o Jesus, saying, ^o " Who is the	
	° greatest ° in ° the kingdom of ° heaven?"	18. 1-35 (O ¹ , p. 1346). DISCIPLESHIP. LITTLE CHILD. (Repeated Alternation.)
	2 And ¹ Jesus called a ^o little child unto Him,	$O^1 W^1 1-6$. Instruction. Humility.
	and set °him ¹ in the midst of them, 3 And said, °" Verily I say unto you, °Except	X^1 7-9. Offences. One's self.
1	ye ° be converted, and become as ² little chil-	W ² 10-14, Instruction. Humility.
	dren, ye shall ° not enter ° into 1 the kingdom	X ² 15-20, Offences, Brethren,
	of ¹ heaven.	W ³ 21, 22. Instruction. Forgiveness. X ³ 23-34. Offences. Fellow-servants.
	4 Whosoever therefore shall humble himself	W ⁴ 35. Application.
	°as this ² little child, the same is ¹ greatest ¹ in	1 At=In. Gr. en. Ap. 104. viii. time=hour.
	¹ the kingdom of ¹ heaven.	Jesus. Ap. 98. X. Who=Who, then.
	5 And whoso shall receive one such ² little child ^o in My name receiveth Me.	greatest = greater. Put by Fig. Heterosis (of Degree)
	6 But whoso shall ° offend one of these ° little	for greatest. See Ap. 6. in. Gr. en. Ap. 104. viii.
	ones which ° believe ° in Me, it were better for	the kingdom of heaven. See Ap. 114.
	him that ° a millstone were hanged ° about his	heaven=the heavens (pl.). See note on 6. 9, 10.
	neck, and that he were °drowned ¹ in °the	2 little child. Gr. paidion. Ap. 108. v.
	depth of ° the sea.	bim =it. 3 Verily. See note on 5. 18.
X1	7 Woe unto the ° world ° because of offences !	Except=Unless. Lit. "If ye be not". Assuming the
	for it must needs be that offences come; ^o but	possibility. Ap. 118. I. 2.
	woe to that °man ° by whom the offence	be converted = be turned : i. e. to God, in repentance.
	cometh! 9 Wherefore ⁹ if the hand or the fact ⁹ offend	not = by no means. Gr. $ou m \delta$. Ap. 105. III. into. Gr. eis . Ap. 104. vi.
	8 Wherefore ° if thy hand or thy foot ° offend thee, cut them off, and cast <i>them</i> ° from thee:	4 as this. Not as this little child humbles himself,
	it is ° better for thee to enter ³ into ° life halt	for no one but the Lord humbles Himself. Cp. Phil.
	or maimed, rather than having two hands or	2. 7, 8. 5 in. Gr. epi, Ap. 104. ix. 2.
	two feet to be cast ³ into ^o everlasting fire.	6 offend = cause to offend, as in $vv. 8, 9$, and 16. 27.
	9 And ⁸ if thine eye ⁶ offend thee, pluck it out,	little ones. Not the same as in v. 2.
	and cast it ⁸ from thee: it is better for thee to	
1	enter ³ into ⁸ life with one eye, rather than	in. Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi. a millstone=an ass-millstone. Onikos. Occ. only
	having two eyes to be cast ³ into [°] hell fire.	here and Luke 17. 2; but frequently in the Papuri (see
W ²		
	these ⁶ little ones; for I say unto you, That ¹ in ¹ heaven ° their angels do always ° behold the	millstone requiring an ass to turn it. about. Gr. epi=upon. Ap. 104. ix. 3. But all the
	face of My $^{\circ}$ Father Which is 1 in 1 heaven.	texts read "peri"=around. Ap. 104. xiii. 3.
	11 For ° the Son of man is come to save ° that	drowned. See note on 14. 30.
	which was lost.	the depth = the deep sea (i.e. the sea as to its depth).
	12° How think ye? ° if a 7 man have an hun-	the sea = the sea (as to its surface). So in Rev. 18. 17. 7 world. Gr. kosmos. Ap. 129. 1.
	dred sheep, and one °of them be gone astray,	because of Gr and An 104 iv
	° doth he [°] not leave the ninety and nine, and	but=yet, or only.
		man. Gr. anthropos. Ap. 123. 1.
	by = by means of. Gr. <i>dia</i> . Ap. 104. v. 1. 8 if the offend = keepeth on causing these to offend. from	y hand, &c. Assuming the condition. See Ap. 118. I. a. a. Gr. apo. Ap. 104. iv. better=good. Fig. Heterosis
	(of Degree). Ap. 6. life=the life: i.e. resurred	ction life, or life eternal. Gr. zöč. Ap. 170. 1. See note
		e Ap. 151. II. B. ii. 9 hell fire=Gehenna of fire. See
	note on 5. 22. Occ. elsewhere only in Mark 9. 47.	Ap. 131. 1. 10 not. Gr. mē, Ap. 105, II. their
		of so-called "guardian" angels has no foundation in this.
		11 the Son of man. See Ap. 98. XVI. that which parable was repeated later, in another connection. See
	Luke 15. 4, &c. if a man, &c. The condition	n is not the same as in v . s, but is purely hypothetical =
	if there should be to any man. See Ap. 118. 1. b.	
1	will he not leave the ninety-nine on the mountain	and seek, &c. not. Gr. ouchi. Ap. 105. I (a).

18	12
TO .	14.

28	goeth °into the mountains, and seeketh that which is gone astray? 13 And ¹² if so be that he find it, °verily I say unto you, he rejoiceth more °of ° that sheep, than ° of the ninety and nine which went ¹⁰ not astray. 14 Even so it is ° not the ° will of °your ¹⁰ Fa- ther Which is ¹ in ¹ heaven, that one of these ⁶ little ones should perish.	 into=upon. Gr. epi. Ap. 104. ix. 3. 13 verily. See note on 5. 18. of=over, Gr. epi. Ap. 104. ix. 2. that sheep=it. 14 not. Gr. ou. Ap. 105. I. will=desire. Gr. thelēma, from thelo. Ap. 102. 1. your. L Tr. WH and Rm read "My". 15 trespass. Gr. hamartanō. Ap. 128. I. 1. against. Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi. tell him his fault = reprove him. 16 with. Gr. meta. Ap. 104. xi. 1.
X ² (p. 1349)	 15 Moreover ¹² if thy brother shall ° trespass ° against thee, go and ° tell him his fault between thee and him alone: ¹² if he shall hear thee, thou hast gained thy brother. 16 But ¹² if he will ¹³ not hear thee, then take °with thee one or two more, that ° in the mouth of ° two or three witnesses every ° word may be established. 17 And ¹² if he shall ° neglect to hear them, tell <i>it</i> unto the ° church : but if he ° neglect to hear ° the ° church, let him be unto thee as ° an heathen man and ° a publican. 18 ¹³ Verily I say unto you, °Whatsoever ye shall bind ° on ° earth shall be bound ¹ in ° heaven : and whatsoever ye shall loose ° on ° earth shall be loosed ¹ in ° heaven. 19 Again I say unto you, That ¹² if two of you shall agree ¹⁸ on ¹⁸ earth ° as touching any ° thing that they shall ° ask, it shall be done for them ° of My ¹⁰ Father Which is ¹ in ¹ heaven. 20 For where ° two or three am I ¹ in the midst of them." 	 in=upon. Gr. epi. Ap. 104. ix. 1. two or three. Ref. to Pent. (Deut. 19. 15). Cp. John 8. 17. See Ap. 117. I. word. Gr. rhēma=statement. See note on Mark 9. 32. 17 neglect=fail. Gr. parakouō. Occ. only here. church=assembly. In this case the synagogue, or local court, as in Acts 19. 39. See Ap. 120. the church=the assembly also. an heathen=the Gentile. Gr. ethnikos. Occ. only here. 18 Whatsoever, &c. See 16. 19. on=upon. Gr. epi. Ap. 104. ix. 1. earth=the earth. Gr. gē. Ap. 129. 4. heaven=the heaven. See notes on 6. 9, 10. 19 astouching=concerning. Gr. peri. Ap. 104. xiii.1. thing=matter. ask. Gr. aiteō. Ap. 134. I. 4. of from. Gr. para. Ap. 104. xii. 1.
W3	21 Then came Peter to Him, and said, °"Lord, how oft shall my brother ° sin ¹⁵ against me, and I forgive him? till seven times?" 22 Jesus saith unto him, "I say ¹⁴ not unto thee, Until seven times: but, Until ° seventy times seven.	$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $
X ³ Y ¹ v ¹ (p. 1350)	23 °Therefore is ¹ the kingdom of ¹ heaven likened unto °a certain king, which °would °take account °of his servants. 24 And when he had begun °to reckon, °one was brought unto him, °which owed him ten thousand °talents. 25 But forasmuch as he had ¹⁰ not to pay, his °lord commanded him °to be sold, °and his wife, °and °children, °and all that he had, °and payment to be made.	X ² 30. Conduct. Non-compliance.Y ³ X ³ 31. Action of Servant. Reported.w ³ 31. Action of Servant. Reported.w ³ 32. 33. Appeals. Contrasted.x ³ 34. Conduct. Punished.23 Therefore = On account of this. Gr. dia (Ap. 104.v. 1), touto.a certain king = a man (Ap. 123. 1) a king (Hebraism).would = wished. Gr. thelō. Ap. 102. 1.take account = to compare accounts. Gr. sumairō.Occ. only in Matthew (here, v. 24, and 25. 19). Said not to be classical Greek : but the colloquial Greek is found in the Papyri in Cent. II. in two letters, one from Oxyrhyn-
w ¹	26 The servant therefore fell down, and °wor- shipped him, saying, ²⁵ 'lord, have patience ° with me, and I will pay thee all.'	chus, and the other from Dakkeh in Nubia, dated March 6, 214 A.D. See Deissmann's Light, &c., pp. 118, 119. of=with. Gr. meta. Ap. 104. xi. 1. 24 to reckon=to compare accounts, as in v. 23. See
x ^ı	27 Then the 25 lord of that servant was moved with compassion, and $^{\circ}$ loosed him, and for- gave him the $^{\circ}$ debt.	note above. onewhich owed = one debtor. Found in Sopho- cles and Plato as well as the <i>Papyri</i> , though said to be only Biblical.
Y ² v ³	28 But the same servant went out, and °found one of his fellowservants, which °owed him an hundred °pence: and he °laid hands on him, and °took <i>him</i> by the throat, saying, 'Pay me ° that thou owest.'	 talents. See Ap. 51. II. 6. Gr. talanton. Occ. only in Matthew. 25 lord. Ap. 98. VI. i. a. 4. A. to be sold. Ref. to Pent. (Ex. 22. 3. Lev. 25. 39, 47). and. Fig. Polysyndeton (Ap. 6), for emphasis.
w^2	29 And his fellowservant fell down ° at his feet, and ° besought him, saying, 'Have patience 26 with me, and I will pay thee all.'	children. Ap. 108. I. 26 worshipped=did homage. See Ap. 134. I. 7 and 137. 1. with. Gr. <i>epi</i> . Ap. 104. ix. 2 (Tr. reads 3). 27 loosed=released.
X ²	30 And he would ¹⁴ not: but went and ° cast him ³ into prison, till he should pay the debt.	debt=loan. Gr. daneion. Occ. only here. 28 found=sought and found. owed=was owing. pence. Gr. denaria. See Ap. 51. I. 4. laid hands on=seized.
	took him by the throat = began throttling him. besought=kept beseeching (imperfect). Ap. 134. show that this was a widespread Græco-Roman-Eg	that=what. 29 at. Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi. I. 6. 30 cast him into prison. The Papuri

	18. 31. MATT	HEW.	19. 12.
Y ³ v ³ (p. 1350) 28	31 So when his fellowservants °saw what °was done, they were °very sorry, and came and °told unto their ²⁵ lord all that was done.	31 saw. Ap. 133. I. 1. was done=had taken place. very=exceedingly.	
w ³	32 Then his ²⁵ lord, after that he had called him, said unto him, 'O thou ° wicked servant, I forgave thee all that debt, because thou ° de- siredst me: 33 ° Shouldest ¹⁴ not thou also have ° had com- passion on thy fellowservant, ° even as 3 had pity on thee ?'	told=narrated (gave an exact account). sapheō. Occ. only here. 32 wicked. Gr. ponēros. Ap. 128. IV. 1. desiredst=besoughtedst. Same word as 33 Shouldest, &c. = Was it not binding of had compassion=pitied, as in the no Same word. 34 tormentors: or jailors. Gr. basanistēs, here. Imprisonment was called in Roman	in v. 29. on thee? ext clause. as 3 also. Occ. only
x ³	34 And his ²⁵ lord was wroth, and delivered him to the °tormentors, till he should pay all that was due unto him.	cruciatus corporis. 35 heavenly. Gr. epouranios. Elsewher nios. See 6. 14, 26, 32; 15. 13. Luke 2. 13. trespasses. See Ap. 128. II. 4.	
W ¹ (p. 1349)	35 So likewise shall My °heavenly ¹⁰ Father do also unto you, ¹² if ye ⁸ from your hearts forgive ¹³ not every one his brother their °tres- passes."	 19. 1-12 (P¹, p. 1346). PHARISEES. Q (Introversion and Alternation.) P¹ A 1, 2. The Cause. Miracles wrought. B y 3. Inquiry. To tempt. z 4-6. Answer. Original pur 	
P ¹ A (p. 1351)	19 °And it came to pass, that when °Jesus had finished these °sayings, He °de- parted °from Galilee, and came °into the °coasts of Judæa °beyond Jordan; 2 And great multitudes followed Him; and He healed them there.	$B \mid y \mid 7$. Inquiry. To tempt further $z \mid 8, 9$. Answer. Mosaic suffer $A \mid 10-12$. The Consequence. Disciples1 And it came to pass. A Hebraism.Jesus. Ap. 98. X.sayings=words. Gr. logos. See note on	r. rance. instructed.
Ву	3 The °Pharisees also came unto Him, °tempting Him, and saying unto Him, "Is it lawful for a man to put away his wife °for every cause?"	Mark 9. 32. departed = withdrew (by sea). from. Gr. apo. Ap. 104. iv. into. Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi. coasts = beyond Jordan. Perea, east side of Jo the Sea of Galilee to the Dead Sea.	=borders. ordan, from
Z	4 And He answered and said unto them, ""Have ye "not read, that He Which made them "at "the beginning made them " male and female, 5 And said, "For this cause shall a man leave father and mother, and shall cleave to his wife: " and " they twain shall be one "flesh?" 6 Wherefore they are no more ⁵ twain, but one ⁵ flesh. "What therefore "God" hath joined together, let " not " man put asunder."	 3 Pharisees. See Ap. 120. tempting Him = trying Him. See note on for=on account of. Ap. 104. x. 2. 4 Have ye not read? See Ap. 143. not. Gr. ou. Ap. 105. I. at=from. Gr. apo. Ap. 104. iv. the beginning. See note on John 8. 44. male and female=a male and a femal Pent. (Gen. 1. 27). This settles the theory of male. Gr. arsén. Ap. 123. 5. 5 and they twain. This is added by the set of the theory of	le, Bef. to f evolution.
By	7 They say unto Him, "Why did Moses then command to give a writing of divorce- ment, and to put her away?"	Gen. 2. 24. See Ap. 107. II. 2, and 117. I. they twain=the two. flesh. Fig. Synecdochē (of the Part), put fo person. Ap. 6.	
8	8 He saith unto them, ⁷ "Moses ° because of the hardness of your hearts ° suffered you to put away your wives: but ¹ from ⁴ the begin- ning it ° was ⁴ not so. 9 ° And I say unto you, Whosoever shall put away his wife, except <i>it be</i> ° for fornication, and shall marry another, committeth adul- tery: and whoso marrieth her which is put away doth commit adultery."	 6 What=The unity, not "those" (the performance of the perform	er, &c. The 10. note on 8. 4. rty years. 24. 1). See
A	10 His disciples say unto Him, °" If the °case of °the ⁶ man be so ° with <i>his</i> wife, it is ⁴ not [°] good to marry." 11 But He said unto them, °" All <i>men</i> cannot receive this ¹ saying, save <i>they</i> to whom it ° is given. 12 For there are some eunuchs, which were so °born °from <i>their</i> mother's womb: and there are some eunuchs, which were °made eunuchs °of ⁶ men: and there be eunuchs, which have made themselves eunuchs °for °the kingdom of °heaven's sake. He that is able °to receive <i>it</i> , °let him receive <i>it</i> ." The kingdom of heaven's. See Ap. 114. as in v. 21. to receive let him receive.	 pros. Ap. 104. xv. 3. suffered = was not so: i.e. from the first constitution Moses. 9 And = But. for. Gr. epi. Ap 10 If the case, &c. The condition is hy See Ap. 118. I. 1. case=cause, as the man. Put by Fig. Synecdochē (of Ge for a husband. with. Gr. meta. Ap. good = profitable. 11 All men cannot = not (as in v. 4) all m is = has been. 12 born. See note on "begat", 1.2. from. Gr. ek. Ap. 104. vii. made eunuchs. The verb occ. only here. of = by. Gr. hupo. Ap. 104. xviii. 1. for sake. Gr. dia. Ap. 104. v. 2. heaven's = the heavens'. Pl. as in v. 14. Fig. Polyptöton. Ap. 6. 	ton down to b. 104. ix. 2. ypothetical. in v. 3. nus), Ap. 6, 104. xi. 1. nen can.

19. 13.

MATTHEW.

19. 27

	19. 15. MAT	19 . 27,
O ² a (p. 1352) 28	13 Then were there brought unto Him ° little children, that He ° should put <i>His</i> hands on them, ° and pray:	19. 13-15 (O ² , p. 1346). DISCIPLESHIP. LITTLE CHILDREN. (Introversion.) O ² a 13 Request for His hands to be laid.
20 b	and the disciples ° rebuked them.	b -13. Rebuked by Disciples. b 14. Encouraged by Christ.
ь	14 But ¹ Jesus said, "Suffer ¹³ little children, and ° forbid them ⁶ not, to come ° unto Me : for ° of such is ¹² the kingdom of ¹² heaven."	a 15. Request granted. 13 little children = young children. Gr. pl. of paidion. Ap. 108. v. Cp. Mark 10. 13-15. Luke 18. 16, 17. should put=should lay, as in v. 15.
a	15 And He laid <i>His</i> hands on them, and departed thence.	and pray=and should pray. Gr. proseuchomai. Ap. 134. I. 2
$\mathbb{P}^2 c^1$	16 And, ° behold, one came and said unto Him, ° "Good ° Master, what good thing shall I do, that I may have ° eternal life ? "	rebuked = reprimanded. 14 forbid = hinder. unto. Gr. pros. Ap. 104. xv. 3. of such is: or, to such belongeth (in Eng. idiom): so
d1	17 And He said unto him, ""Why callest thou Me good? <i>there is</i> none good but One, <i>that is</i> , "God: but ¹⁰ if thou "wilt enter ¹ into "life, keep the "commandments."	Tyndale. 16-26 (P ² , p. 1346). A CERTAIN MAN. QUESTION. (Repeated Alternation.) P ² c ¹ 16. Young Man. Question. "What?" &c.
c^2	18 He saith unto Him, ""Which?" Jesus said,	d ¹ 17. The Lord. Answer. "Keep", &c. c ² 18 Young Man. Question. "Which?" d ² -18, 19. The Lord. Answer. All. (Tenth
ď²	 ° "Thou shalt do ° no murder, Thou shalt •not commit adultery, Thou shalt •not steal, Thou shalt •not bear false witness, 19 Honour thy father and <i>thy</i> mother : and, ° Thou shalt love thy neighbour as thyself." 	omitted.) c ³ 20. Young Man. Question. "What?" &c. d ³ 21. The Lord. Answer. The Tenth enforced. c ⁴ 22. Young Man. Went away. d ⁴ 23, 24. The Lord. Application.
G3	20 The young man saith unto Him, ""All these things have I kept ¹² from my youth up: what lack I yet?"	 c⁵ 26. Disciples. Question. "Who then?" &c. d⁵ 26. The Lord. Answer. God. 16 behold. Fig. Asterismos. Ap. 6. Good. All the texts omit. The accounts here(vv. 16-27, 1000)
da	21 ¹ Jesus said unto him, ¹⁰ " If thou ° wilt be perfect, go and sell ° that thou hast, and give to the ° poor, and thou shalt have treasure ° in ° heaven : and come and follow Me."	Mark 10. 17-28, and Luke 18. 18-28) are partly identical and partly complementary. Master=Teacher. Gr. Didaskalos. See Ap. 98. XIV. v. 1. eternal life=life age-abiding. Gr. zūč aionios. Ap.
C ⁴	22 But when the young man heard that ¹ say- ing, he went away [°] sorrowful: for he had [°] great possessions.	170.1 and 151. II. B. i. This was to be gained by "doing" in that Dispensation and since the Fall. Cp. Lev. 18. 5. Now all is "done", and "eternal life is the <i>gift</i> of God" (Rom. 6. 23: 1 John 5. 11, 12).
d4	23 Then said ¹ Jesus unto His disciples, [°] "Verily I say unto you, That a rich man shall [°] hardly enter ¹ into ¹² the kingdom of ¹² heaven. 24 And again I say unto you, It is easier for a [°] camel to [°] go [°] through [°] the eye of a needle, than for a rich man to enter ¹ into [°] the kingdom of ⁶ God."	 17 Why? Note the several questions. See the Structure above. wilt enter=desirest (Ap. 102. 1) to enter. life. Gr. zōz. Ap. 170. 1. commandments. All of them (5. 19. Jas. 2. 10, 11. Deut 27. 26 (Sept.). Gal. 3. 10. 18 Which? The Lord, in reply, recites five (the sixth, seventh, eighth, ninth, and fifth), but omits the tenth in order to convict him out of his own mouth
\mathbf{c}^{5}	25 When His disciples heard it , they were exceedingly amazed, saying, "Who [°] then can be saved?"	when he says he has kept "all these". See Ap. 117. I. Jesus = And Jesus. Ap. 98. X. Thou shalt do, &c. Quoted from Ex. 20. 12-16. no. Gr. ou. Ap. 105. I.
d⁵	26 But ¹ Jesus ° beheld <i>them</i> , and said unto them, ° " With ⁶ men this is impossible; but ° with ⁶ God ° all things are possible."	19 Thou shalt love thy neighbour as thyself. Quoted from Lev. 19. 18. 20 All these. Yes, but not the tenth. Hence the Lord's answer "go and sell", which brought con-
O ³ C ¹ e ¹ (p. 1353)	27 Then answered Peter and said unto Him, ¹⁶ "Behold, we have forsaken all, and followed Thee; what shall we have therefore?"	viction. 21 wilt be=art willing to be. Ap. 102. 1. that thou hast=thy property or possession. Same word (but not the same form) as "is" in Phil. 3. 20= exists as a possession.
	22 sorrowful=grieving. great=many. difficulty. 24 camel. With its burden. Not Gr. dia. Ap. 104. v. 1. the eye. Gr. tru A small door fixed in a gate and opened after d Hence the difficulty of the rich man. He must be In Palestine the "camel"; in the Babylonian Talr The third of five occurrences in Matthew. See n 26 beheld. Gr. emblepö. Ap. 133. 7. Not the sa	$p\bar{e}ma$. Occ. only here. the eye of a needle. ark. To pass through, the camel must be unloaded. unloaded, and hence the proverb, common in the East. nud it is the elephant. the kingdom of God. ote on 6. s3, and Ap. 114. 25 then = it followeth.

19. 27-20. 16 [For Structure see next page].

I

	19. 28. MAT	THEW. 20. 11.
f ¹ (p. 1353) 28		$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c } \hline (Extended \ and \ Repeated \ Alternation \ with \ Introversion.) \\ \hline O^3 & C^1 & e^1 & 19. \ 27. \ The \ first \ chosen \ (John \ 15. \ 16). \ The \ Twelve. \ Inquiry. \ ``We". \ f^1 & 19. \ 28. \ Agreement \ with \ them. \ Twelve \ Twelv$
g ¹	29 And every one that hath forsaken houses, or brethren, or sisters, or father, or mother, or wife, or children, or lands, for My name's sake, shall receive an hundredfold, and shall inherit overlasting olife.	$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$
D 1	30 But °many that are first shall be last; and the last shall be first.	$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$
C ² e ²	20 For °the kingdom of °heaven is like unto °a man <i>that is</i> an householder, which went out °early in the morning °to hire labourers °into his °vineyard.	C^3 g^3 20. 9. Others. The last called. Rewarded first. f^3 20. 10. Agreement with the first chosen. e^3 20. 11-15. The first chosen. Their complaint. D^3 20. 16. Prophecy fulfilled. The
f³	2 And when he had agreed °with °the la- bourers °for a °penny a day, he sent them ¹ into his ¹ vineyard.	 "many" are first (in order). The few are last (in order). 28 ye. The answer to Peter's "we", v. 27.
g²	3 And he went out °about °the third hour, and saw °others standing idle °in the market- place, 4 And said unto them; 'Go pe also ¹ into the ¹ vineyard, and whatsoever is °right I will °give you.' And they went their way. 5 Again he went out ³ about °the sixth and °ninth °hour, and did likewise. 6 And ³ about °the eleventh hour he went out, and found others standing idle, and saith unto them, 'Why stand ye here all the day idle?' 7 They say unto him, 'Because °no man hath ¹ hired °us.' He saith unto them, 'Go pe also ¹ into the ¹ vineyard; and whatsoever is ⁴ right, <i>that</i> shall ye receive.'	 the regeneration = the making of all things new. The restoration of Acts 3. 21 = the "when" of the next clause. In Mark 10. 30 we have the synonymous expression "the coming age": thus referring to the future time of reward, and not to the then present time of their following; the word <i>palingenesia</i> occurs only here, and in Titus 3. 5. The Syr. reads "in the new world" (i.e. age). the Son of man. See Ap. 98. XVI. shall sit = shall have taken His seat. in = upon. Ap. 104. ix. 1. the throne of His glory = His glorious throne. upon. Gr. epi. Ap. 104. ix. 3. the twelve tribes of Israel. This can have nothing to do with the Church of the Mystery as revealed in the prison epistles. 29 or. Note the Fig. Paradiastolē. Ap. 6. everlasting. Gr. aiōnios. See Ap. 151. II. B. ii. life. Gr. zöē. Ap. 170. 1. 30 many. Connected with "last" as well as "first".
\mathbf{D}^2	8 So when °even was come, the °lord of the 1 vineyard saith unto his steward, 'Call the labourers, and ⁴ give them <i>their</i> hire, beginning ° from the last unto the first.'	Omit the italics "that are", and connect this verse with 20.1 as evidenced by the word "For" (20.1) and "So" in v. 16. 20.1 the kingdom of heaven. See Ap. 114. This
C3 g3	9 And when they came that were hired ³ about ⁶ the eleventh hour, they received [°] every man a penny.	parable occurs only in Matthew, and is called forth
f	10 But when the first came, they "supposed that they should have received more; and they likewise received "every man a " penny.	holder. A Hebraism = master of a house. early in the morning = together with the dawn. to hire. Gr. mistheomai. Occ. only here, and v. 7. into = for. Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi.
	in English we "turn an honest penny". The initial Gr. peri. Ap. 104. xiii. 8. the third hour (Acts 2. 15). others. Not there at the first hou 8. 4, 12; 9. 10, 25, 27, 30). in. Gr. en. Ap. 104. sixth hour. The hour of the vision when H ninth hour. The hour when the angel appeared to 21. 16). 6 the eleventh hour. The Art. is en It was immediately before the end. 7 no m gospel of the kingdom, immediately before the el 18. 2, 8, 10, 18, 24; 19. 6-8, 20; 20. 1, 4, 17; 21. 8, 16. 28. 25, 26), "the eleventh hour" is still future, await Even Bengel held that this refers to "the last jud of the reward spoken of in 19. 29, when all will the from. Gr. apo. Ap. 104. iv. 9 every material states and the states in the states i	 vineyard. See Isa. 5. 1-7. Ps. 80. 8, 9. Israel was in question, not the Church. See 19. 28. 2 with. Gr. meta. Ap. 104. xi. 1. the labourers: i.e. the twelve Apostles (the first or from [the bargain] a penny a day. penny. Gr. uke 10. 25 = two days'). Came to be used for any coin, as of dēnarius came to be our "d" for pence. 3 about. =9 a.m. The hour named in connection with Pentecost r. Other labourers were then engaged (Acts 4. 36; 6. 1, 5; viii. 4 right=just. give=pay. 5 the beter was sent to the Gentiles at Cæsarea (Acts 10. 9). Cornelius (Acts 10. 3), and others became labourers (Acts nphatic, as with the "third". See note on "even" (v. 8). an = no one. us. These were the heralds of the lose of the dispensation of the Acts. See Acts 17. 34; But, as the Nation refused the call to repent (Acts ling the proclamation foretold in 24. 14. 8 even. gment". And it is clearly the time of reckoning and be justly rewarded. lord. Ap. 98. VI. i. a. 4. A.

master of the house.

11 against. Gr. kata. Ap. 104. x. 1.

	20. 12.	MATT	HEW.	20. 25.
28	one hour, a unto us, wl [°] heat of the 13 But he [°] Friend, I thou agree v 14 [°] Take [°] [°] will ⁴ give u 15 Is it [°] no [°] with [°] mine	answered °one of them, and said, do thee °no °wrong: didst °not with me for a ² penny? that thine is, and go thy way: °I into this last, °even as unto thee. t lawful for me to do what I ¹⁴ will own? Is °thine eye °evil, because	12 These = That these. Gr. words between quotation marks. 23.43. have wrought but one hour: Hebraism. Cp. Ruth 2. 19, "Wh to-day?" (Heb. 'ānāh 'āsīthā). So, in or spending time (Acts 15. 33; 1 used for continuing, as suggested it is the same word rendered " clause. made them = done to them. heat = scorching heat.	See note on Luke = made one hour. A here wroughtest thou a the sense of making 8.23. 2 Cor. 11.25); in A.V. marg. But made" in the next
D ³	°3 am °good 16 °So the	a last shall be first, and the first ny be called, but few chosen."	13 one. Representing the who the "one" in 19, 27. Friend. Gr. <i>Hetairos</i> = Comrad	e, more distant than
(p. 1353) H M (p. 1346)	17 And °Je the twelve said unto the 18 °"Beho °the Son of chief priests shall°conden 19 And sha ¹⁷ to mock, a	sus going up ° to Jerusalem took disciples apart ³ in the way, and em, Id, we go up ¹⁷ to Jerusalem; and man shall be ° betrayed unto the and unto the scribes, and they in Him to death, Ill ° deliver Him ¹⁷ to the Gentiles and ¹⁷ to scourge, and ¹⁷ to crucify	 philos (=beloved). Occ. only in M 22. 12; 26. 50). no. Gr. ou. Ap. 105. 1. wrong=injustice. not. Gr. ouchi. Ap. 105. I. a. 14 Take=Take up. that thine is=thine own. I will give=for I will (Ap. 102 will = wish, or desire. See Ap. 2 even as unto thee = as to thee as 15 not. Gr. ou. Ap. 105. I. with=in. Gr. en. Ap. 104. viii 	2. 1) to give. 102. 1. ulso.
Nh (p. 1354) i	20 Then ^o Zebedee's shipping <i>Hi</i> ^o of Him. 21 And He s She saith un two ²⁰ sons m and the other 22 But ¹⁷ Jes ¹⁵ not what y ^o the cup tha	he third day He shall rise again." ⁶ came to Him °the mother of ⁶ children ² with her °sons, °wor- m, and °desiring a certain thing said unto her, "What ¹⁴ wilt thou?" nto Him, °" Grant that these my lay sit, the one °on Thy right hand, r °on °the left, ³ in Thy kingdom." sus answered and said, °" Ye °know 'e °ask. Are °ye able to drink of at ¹⁵ 3 ° shall drink of, and to be	 mine own. Plural=mine own thine eye evil. A Hebraism. 15. 9). Ap. 117. I. evil=grudging. Gr. poneria. A S. Emphatic. good=generous. 16 So, &c. See note on 19. 30 parable, as this concludes it. 17 Jesus. Ap. 98. X. 17 to. Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi. 1. 18 Behold. Fig. Asterismos. the Son of man. See Ap. 98. X betrayed, &c. = delivered up, as the additional features of this to 	Ref. to Pent. (Deut. Ap. 128. IV. 1. , which precedes the Ap. 6. (VI. s in v. 19. These are third announcement
	tized with? able." 23 And H drink indee with the ²² b but to sit ²¹ left, is ¹⁵ not given to the ⁸ Father."	ith the ° baptism that \Im am ° bap- "They say unto Him, "We are e saith unto them, ²² "Ye ° shall d of My cup, and be ²² baptized aptism that \Im am ²² baptized with: on My right hand, and ²¹ on My t Mine to give, ° but <i>it shall be</i> <i>m</i> for whom it is ° prepared ° of My	BRETHREN FREE. (i $N \mid h \mid 20, 21$. Pre-eminence sough i $\mid 22, 23$. Pre-eminence. R	122. 7. up, as in v. 18. LES. AUTHORITY. Introversion.) t for two brethren. efusal.
k	° moved with brethren.	hen the ten heard <i>it</i> , they were th indignation °against the two	k 24. Indignation of the i 25, 26 Pre-eminence. In tiles, not for brethren.	nstruction. For Gen-
î	²² "Ye know exercise do	tus called them <i>unto Him</i> , and said, that the princes of the Gentiles minion over them, and $^{\circ}$ they that xercise authority upon them.	h -26, 27. True pre-eminence 20 came. With her sons. Ma their mother]". the mother. Salomē. Cp. 27. 27. Zebedee's. See note on 4. 21. children = sons. Ap. 108. iii. 1 and John) acted with their mot	rk 10.35 "came [with 56 with Mark 15.40. The two sons (James her (prompting her).
	from. Gr Gr. ek. A have no i Which w shall drin Ap. 115. I. to traditic and read by. Gr. h tion=tool 25 exerci authority	= prostrating herself. Gr. proskuneö. . para. Ap. 104. xii. 1. 21 (p. 104. vii. the left=[Thy] let dea. Gr. oida. Ap. 132. I. 1. ould be at His right hand. A symb lk of=am about to drink of. I. 23 shall=shall indee but it shall be give Cp. Mark upo. Ap. 104. xviii, 1. Father	Cp. "Ye" (v. 22, and Mark 10.5 Mark says. All three came toge Ap. 137. 1. desiring=a Grant=Bid, as in 4.3; or 23.3 ("b ft. 22 Ye. Ye two. ask=ask for. Ap. 134. I. 4. ol of participation. Jer. 25. 15; baptized. Ap. 115. I. i. d. James (Acts 12. 2), and John n to them for whom, &c. Or 10. 40. prepared: or, des r. Ap. 98. III. 24 mo about, or with respect to. Gr. 4 ey that are great=the great one 104. 4. I) in the verb implies a bad	 35). Mark's account ther. wor-asking. of a side of the second s

 h "but whosoever "4 will be great "among yon, 14. State is thim be your "similaters" among yon, 14 him be your "servant: "among yon, 14 him be your "servant: "among yon, 14 him be your "servant: "among yon, 28 Even as "4 the Son of man came "a not "to be ministered unto = to be served. To be ministered unto = to be served. To be ministered unto = to be served. The servat of the set of the served. The served is the served of the set of the served. The served is the served is "life = soul. See Ap. 110. III. 1. Transfer = served. The served is the set of color served. The served is the set of the served. The second of the second of the served. The second of the		20. 26. MATT	THEW. 21. 2.
 (p. 1354) left min be your "servant: 37 And whosoever " will be "chief a among you, let him be your "servant: 38 The fourth annoncement of His sufferings you, let him be your "servant: 38 The fourth annoncement of His sufferings how on 61 a 6 KZ 28 Even as "the Son of man came " not "to give His "life a "ransom "for many." 1 21 20 And as they "departed sfrom Jericho, a "great multitude followed Him. 9 by the way side, 1 cond. J. 20 And as they "departed sfrom Jericho, a 1 "great multitude "rebuked them, because they should hold their "peace: 1 hot they "cried "the mere, saying, " Have 1 mass and "they son of David." 1 al. And the multitude "rebuked them, because they should hold their "peace: 1 m Ja. And the multitude "rebuked them, because they should hold their "peace: 1 m Ja. And the multitude "rebuked them, because 1 m Ja. Babuke useless. 1 m Ja. And the multitude "rebuked them, because 1 m Ja. Babuke useless. 1 m Ja. Babuke useless. 1 m Ja. Babuke multitude. 1 m Ja. Babuke useless. 1 m Ja. Babuke useless. 2 may be opened." 2 J. And " when they drew nigh " unto Jern 2 Mathematical and a condition of the shall do 2 muto the mount of Olives, then sent Jern 2 J. And " when they drew nigh " unto Jern 2 J. Janka and " were come "to "Bethplage, 2 muto the mount of Olives, then sent Jern 2 J. 1 - 26. 35 (F, p. 1305). THE FOURTH FERIOD. THE KINGDOM REJECTED. 2 J. 1 - 26. 35 (F, p. 1305). THE FOURTH FERIOD. THE KINGDOM REJECTED. 2 J. 1 - 26. 35 (F, p. 1305). THE FOURTH FERIOD. THE KINGDOM REJECTED. 3 J. 1 - 7 (E, above). BETTIFHAGE. ARTIVAL AND DEPARTURE. (Introversion). 3 J Son of David. There seese end n.1. 3 Jaelled them. In the other case were d	28	26 ° But it shall ¹⁵ not be so ° among you :	
(p. 1346) be ministered muto, but to minister 10.4 to give His's life a 'ransom 'for many.' 11 29 And as they 'departed 'from Jericho, a "great multitude followed Him. (p. 1355) (p. 1355) (and 's behold, 'two blind men 'sitting 'by the way side, 'Lord, Thou 'Son of David.'' (p. 1355) (and they should hold their 'peace: 'but they 'cried o'the more, saying, "Have 'mercy on us, O so Lord, Thou 'Son of David.'' (and 'Jesus stood still, and 'called them, and said, 'What 'Wully that I 'sail 'a list multitude.'' The stood in the stood still, and 'called them, and said, 'What 'Wully that I 'sail 'a list.'' (and ''they followed Him. (b) Add and a ''sstieght, and ''sstight, and ''sstight	h (p. 1354)	let him be your ° minister; 27 And whosoever ¹⁴ will be ° chief ²⁶ among	 27 chief=first. servant=bond-servant (in relation to servitude). 28 The fourth announcement of His sufferings. See note on 16. 21.
 29 And as they "departed * from Jericho, a 30 And, "behold, "two blind men "sitting "Do the way side, "Son of David." m when they heard that " Jesus "passed by, cried out, saying, "Have "mercy on us, O "Lord, Thou "Son of David." n 31 And the multitude "rebuked them, because they should hold their "prace: a but they "cried "the more, saying, "Have "mercy on us, O so Lord, Thou "Son of David." 31 And the multitude "rebuked them, because they should hold their "prace: a but they "cried "the more, saying, "Have "mercy on us, O so Lord, Thou "Son of David." 32 And "Jesus stood still, and "called them, and said, "What "will y et hat I "shall do "unto you?" 33 Abo "Jesus had compassion on them, and touched their eyes: and immediately their eyes "received sight, and "they followed Him. F E' o 21 And "when they drew nigh "unto Jeru- "thot the mount of Olives, then sent 5 Jesus two "disciples, "I and "they followed Him. F E' o 21 And "when they drew nigh "unto Jeru- "thot, and "were come "Go " Bettphage "two "disciples, "I and "they followed Him. F E' o 21 And "when they drew nigh "unto Jeru- "thot, and " were come "Go " and them. See note on 1.1. "Son of David. Therefore largelite, having a on Him as such. The fifth of nine occurrences they followed. As in Mark 10. e.e. and "Law 10. "the second and "coll with her : loces they followed. As in Mark 10. e.e. and "Law 10. "they followed. As in Mark 10. e.e. and "Law 10. "The second and the out of Olives. The second and "Coll " with her : loces they followed. As in Mark 10. e.g. and "Law 10. "The second and the out of Olives. Frediction. E' [21. 17 Ethephage. Arrival and Departure. F [21. 17 Ethephage. Arrival had Departure. F [21. 17 Ethephage. Arrival had Departure. [21. 17 (Ethephage. Second and them to the or they followed. As in Mark 10. e.g. and "Law 10. "the second on "the first end to the fore they followere the them to the fore of second and time of the follow		be ministered unto, but ° to minister, and to	to minister = to serve.
Field out, saying, "Have 'mercy on us, O''Lord, Thon 'Son of David." n 31 And the multitude 'rebuked them, because they should hold their 'peace: n 31 And the multitude 'rebuked them, because they should hold their 'peace: n but they 'oried 'the more, saying, "Have 'somercy on us, O 'so Lord, Thon 'Son of David." 32 And "Jesus stood still, and 'called them, and said, "What 'will ye that I 'shall do 'so the build use in the set of the more, saying, "Have 'somercy on us, O 'so Lord, Thon 'Son of David." 33 And ''Jesus stood still, and 'called them, and said, "What 'will ye that I 'shall do 'so the build use is account and those of Mark 10. 34 So '' Jesus had compassion on them, and touched their eyes: and immediately their eyes 'received sight, and 'they followed Him. F Et o 21 And 'when they drew nigh 'unto Jerre, 's as Left, and 'straightway ye shall find an 'asstied, and a 'colt 'with her : loose 'them, and bring them unto Me. F I 3. Saying unto them, ""Go 'into the village 'over against you, and 'straightway ye shall find an 'asstied, and a 'colt 'with her : loose 'them, and bring them unto Me. F 21. 1-26. 35 (F, p. 1905). THE FOURTH PERIOD. THE KINGDOM REJECTED. (Bapeated and Extended Alternation.) F 121. 1-26. 35 (F, p. 1905). THE FOURTH PERIOD. THE KINGDOM REJECTED. (Bapeated and Extended Alternation.) F 121. 1-26. 35 (F, p. 1905). THE FOURTH PERIOD. THE KINGDOM REJECTED. (Bapeated and Extended Alternation.) F 121. 1-26. 35 (F, p. 1905). THE FOURTH PERIOD. THE KINGDOM REJECTED. (Bapeated and Extended Alternation.) F 121. 1-76. Bethang. Return to. F 123. 1-78. Bethang. Return to. F 124. 1-78. Bethang. Return to. F 124. 1-78. Bethang. Return to. F 126. 1-7. Bethang. Return to. F 126.		[°] great multitude followed Him. 30 And, ¹⁸ behold, [°] two blind men [°] sitting	 35. 31). Ap. 117. I. for=in the stead of. Gr. anti. Ap. 104. ii. 20. 29-34 (L, p. 1346). MIRACLE. TWO BLIND MEN. (Introversion.)
 1 Joi Attack the interface of the speace: a but they 'cried 'the more, saying, "Have 'omercy on us, 0 'o Lord, Thon 'Son of David." 32 And " Jesus stood still, and 'called them, and said, "What 't will ye that I 'shall do 'o unto you?" 33 They say unto Him, ³⁰ " Lord, that our eyes may be opened." 34 So ''Jesus had compassion on them, and touched their eyes: and immediately their eyes 'neceived sight, 'eyes 'neceived sight, 'a unto the mount of Olives, then sent 'Jesus 'Lord Ap, 98 VI. i. a. 3. B. a. Son of David. The state, Ap. 104. Xii. 8. The 'eyes 'lace is the sent 'Jesus 's 'lace is the sent 'Jesus 's 'lace is the sent 'Jesus 's 'lace is the sent 'lace is the more. 'Gr. making, 'a 'lace is the sent 'lace is the 's 'lace is 'lace is	m	cried out, saying, "Have ° mercy on us, O	m -30. Request, and cry for healing. n 31. Rebuke of multitude. n -31. Rebuke useless.
 a but they °cried °the more, saying, "Have arriving and leaving, as in Mark 10. 4. ³⁰ mercy on us, O °s Lord, Thou °Son of David." ³² And "Jesus stood still, and °called them, and said, "What ¹⁴ will ye that I °shall do ¹⁶ the population was about 10 explosive the gates. ³⁰ They say unto Him, ⁵⁰ "Lord, that our eyes may be opened." ³⁴ So "Jesus had compassion on them, and touched their eyes: and immediately their eyes °received sight, ³⁴ and °they followed Him. ²⁵ and °they followed Him. ²⁶ and °they followed Him. ²⁷ and °they followed Him. ²⁸ So intervent of the same the same touched their eyes: and immediately their eyes °received sight. ³⁵ and °they followed Him. ²⁶ and °they followed Him. ²⁷ Saying unto them, °"Go ° into the village °unto the mount of Olives, then sent °Jesus two ° disciples, ²⁸ Saying unto them, °"Go ° into the village °over against you, and °straightway ye shall find an °ass tied, and a °colt °with her: loos them, and bring them unto Me. ²⁸ 21. 1-26. 35 (F, p. 1305). THE FOURTH PERIOD. THE KINGDOM REJECTED. (Repeated and Extended Alternation.) ²⁹ [21. 1-26. 35 (F, p. 1305). THE FOURTH PERIOD. THE KINGDOM REJECTED. (Repeated and Extended Alternation.) ²⁹ [21. 1-7. Bethapy. Return to G²¹ [21. 2-22. 4-1. 1 Bethap. Science. Frediction. ²¹ [21. 1-7. G²¹ [21. 2-7. Bethapy. Return to G²¹ [21. 2-7. Bethapy. Return to G²¹ [21. 2-7. Bethapy. Re	n	31 And the multitude \degree rebuked them, because they should hold their \degree peace:	l -34. The two blind men. Following.
 32 And "Jesus stood still, and "called them, and said, "What ¹⁴ will ye that I ° shall do and said, "What ¹⁴ will ye that I ° shall do and said, "What ¹⁴ will ye that I ° shall do and said, "What ¹⁴ will ye that I ° shall do and said." There are no "discreps of "33 They say unto Him, so "Lord, that our eyes "are posend." 34 So ¹⁷ Jesus had compassion on them, and touched their eyes: and immediately their eyes ° received sight, and ° they followed Him. F E¹ o ²⁹ 21 And ° when they drew nigh ° unto Jeru ¹⁰ and ° when they drew nigh ° unto Jeru ¹⁰ and ° when they drew nigh ° unto Jeru ¹⁰ and ° when they drew nigh ° unto Jeru ¹⁰ and ° when they drew nigh ° unto Jeru ¹⁰ and ° when they drew nigh ° unto Jeru ¹⁰ and ° when they drew nigh ° unto Jeru ¹⁰ and ° when they drew nigh ° unto Jeru ¹⁰ and ° when they drew nigh ° unto Jeru ¹⁰ and ° when they drew nigh ° unto Jeru ¹⁰ and ° when they drew nigh ° unto Jeru ¹⁰ and ° when they drew nigh ° unto Jeru ¹⁰ and ° when they drew nigh ° unto Jeru ¹⁰ and ° when they drew nigh ° unto Jeru ¹⁰ and ° when they drew nigh ° unto Jeru ¹⁰ and ° when they drew nigh ° unto Jeru ¹⁰ and ° when they drew nigh ° unto Jeru ¹⁰ and ° when they drew nigh ¹⁰ and ¹⁰	n	but they °cried °the more, saying, "Have ³⁰ mercy on us, O ³⁰ Lord, <i>Thou</i> °Son of David."	arriving and leaving, as in Mark 10. 46. great multitude. The population was about 100,000.
and ° they followed Him. P and ° they followed Him. 21 and ° they drew nigh ° unto Jeru- 29 ° unto the mount of Olives, then sent ° Jesus two ° disciples, 2 Saying unto them, ° "Go ° into the village ° over against you, and ° straightway ye shall find an ° ass tied, and a ° colt ° with her: loose <i>them,</i> and bring <i>them</i> unto Me. 21. 1-26. 35 (F, p. 1805). THE FOURTH PERIOD. THE KINGDOM REJECTED. (Repeated and Extended Alternation.) 7 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	m	and said, "What ¹⁴ will ye that I ° shall do ° unto you?" 33 They say unto Him, ³⁰ "Lord, that our eyes may be opened." 34 So ¹⁷ Jesus had compassion on them, and touched their eyes: and immediately their	30 two blind men. There are no "discrepancies" between this account and those of Mark 10. 46 and Luke 18. 35. They describe three miracles on four blind men : one on approaching Jericho; one on leav- ing; two after He had left. See Ap. 152. sitting. Not "begging", as in Luke 18. 35. by=beside. Gr. para. Ap. 104. xii. 3. The others were at each gate.
$F E^{i} \circ 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 $	z	and ° they followed Him.	Lord. Ap. 98. VI. i. a. 3. B. a. Son of David. Therefore Israelites, having a claim
p 2 Saying unto them, ""Go " into the village ° over against you, and "straightway ye shall find an "ass tied, and a "colt" with her: loose them, and bring them unto Me. 21. 1-26. 35 (F, p. 1305). THE FOURTH PERIOD. THE KINGDOM REJECTED. (Repeated and Extended Alternation.) F $ E^1 21. 1-7.$ Bethang. Return to. $F^1 21. 1-7.$ Bethang. Return to. $F^2 21. 1-2$ For shall = should $F^2 21. 1-7.$ Bethang. Return to. $F^2 21. 1-2.$ Jerusalem. The tast Supper. $G^2 21. 23-25. 46.$ In the temple and on Olivet. Prediction. $F^3 2617-2.$ Jerusalem. The Mount of Olives. Prediction. $F^3 2617-2.$ Jerusalem. The Supper. $G^3 26. 30-35.$ In the Mount of Olives. Prediction. $F^3 2617-2.$ Jerusalem. The Last Supper. $G^3 26. 30-35.$ In the Mount of Olives. Prediction. $F^3 2617-2.$ Jerusalem. The Last Supper. $G^3 2637-29.$ Jerusalem. The Last Supper. $G^3 2637-29.$ Jerusalem. The second on "the first of the following week (Mark 11. 1-3. Luke 19. 28-31. John 12. 12-15). See Ap. 153 and 156. \dots to. Gr. ets. Ap. 104. vi. were come = had arrived. Bethphage = House of Figs. No ef Tor. According to the Talmud Bethphage consisted of some buildings and the sance of groom of actor ef Tor. According to the Talmud Bethphage consisted of some buildings and the sance of groom of actor ef Tor. According to the Talmud Bethphage consisted of some buildings and the sance of groom buildings and the sance of grom buildings and the		[°] unto the mount of Olives, then sent [°] Jesus	title in Matthew. See note on 1.1, and Ap. 98. XVIII. 31 rebuked peace=charged them to be silent. cried=kept crying. the more. Gr. meizon. (Adv.) Occ. only here.
 21. 1-26. 35 (F, p. 1805). THE FOURTH PERIOD. THE KINGDOM REJECTED. (Repeated and Extended Alternation.) F E¹ 21. 1-7. Bethphage. Arrival and Departure, F¹ 21. s-11. Jerusalem. The first entry into. G¹ 21. 12-16. In the temple. Cleansing. E² 21. 17. Bethany. Return to. F² 21. 18-22. Jerusalem. Return to. G² 21. 23-25. 46. In the temple and on Olivet. Prediction. E³ 26. 1-17 Bethany. Return to. F³ 26. 1-17 Bethany. Return to. G³ 26. 30-35. In the Mount of Olives. Prediction. 21. 1-7 (E¹, above). BETHPHAGE. ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE. (Introversion.) E¹ 0 1. Mission of Two Disciples. Begun. p 2, 3. Commission given. q 4, 5. Fulfilment of Prophecy. p 6. Commission of arried out. o 7. Mission of Two Disciples. Ended. 1 when they drew nigh. There were two entries : the first in Matthew 21: the second on "the first of the following week (Mark 11. 1-3. Luke 19. 28-31. John 12. 12-15). See Ap. 153 and 156 to. Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi. were come = had arrived. Bethphage = House of Figs. No. et Tor. According to the Talmud Bethphage consisted of some buildings and the space of Figs. No. et Tor. According to the Talmud Bethphage consisted of some buildings and the space of Figs. No. et Tor. According to the Talmud Bethphage consisted of some buildings and the space of Figs. No. et Tor. According to the Talmud Bethphage consisted of some buildings and the space of Figs. No. et Tor. According to the Talmud Bethphage consisted of some buildings and the space of Figs. No. et Tor. According to the Talmud Bethphage consisted of some buildings and the space of Figs. No. et Tor. According to the Talmud Bethphage consisted of some buildings and the space of Figs. No. et Tor. According to the Talmud Bethphage consisted of some buildings and the space of Figs. No. et Tor. According to the Talmud Bethphage consisted of some buildings and the space of Figs. No. et Tor. According to the Talmud Bethphage consisted of some buildings and the space of	р	° over against you, and ° straightway ye shall find an ° ass tied, and a ° colt ° with her: loose	Matthew. See note on 1.1. 32 called them. In the other cases He commanded them to be "called" (Mark 10.49), and "led" (Luke 18.40). Ap. 152. shall=should. unto=for. 34 received=regained.
 F E¹ 21. 1-7. Bethphage. Arrival and Departure. F¹ 21. s-11. Jerusalem. The first entry into. G¹ 21. 12-16. In the temple. Cleansing. E² 21. 13-22. Jerusalem. Return to. F² 21. 18-22. Jerusalem. Return to. G² 21. 23-25. 46. In the temple and on Olivet. Prediction. E³ 26. 1-17 Bethany. Return to. F³ 2617-29. Jerusalem. The Last Supper. G³ 26. 30-35. In the Mount of Olives. Prediction. 21. 1-7 (E¹, above). BETHPHAGE. ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE. (Introversion.) E¹ 0 1. Mission of Two Disciples. Begun. 9 4. 5. Fulfilment of Prophecy. 9 6. Commission carried out. 0 7. Mission of Two Disciples. Ended. 1 when they drew nigh. There were two entries : the first in Matthew 21: the second on "the first of the following week (Mark 11. 1-3. Luke 19. 28-31, John 12. 12-15). See Ap. 153 and 156. to. Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi. were come = had arrived. Bethphage = House of Figs. Not et Tor. According to the Talmud Bethphage consisted of some buildings and the space of ground external the matter of the source of ground external arrived. Bethphage = House of Figs. Not et Tor. According to the Talmud Bethphage consisted of some buildings and the space of ground external arrived. 		21. 1– 26. 35 (<i>F</i> , p. 1305). THE FOUR (<i>Repeated and E</i>)	TH PERIOD. THE KINGDOM REJECTED.
 o 7. Mission of Two Disciples. Ended. 1 when they drew nigh. There were two entries: the first in Matthew 21: the second on "the first of the following week (Mark 11. 1-3. Luke 19. 28-31. John 12. 12-15). See Ap. 153 and 156. to. Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi. were come = had arrived. Bethphage = House of Figs. Not et Tor. According to the Talmud Bethphage consisted of some buildings and the space of ground extra set. 		$F^{1} [21. 8-11. Jerusalem. The first entry into.G^{1} [21. 12-16. In the temple. Cleansing.E^{2} [21. 17. Bethany. Return to.F^{2} [21. 18-22. Jerusalem. Return to.G^{2} [21. 23-25. 46. In the temple and on Olivet. Prediction.E^{3} [26. 1-17 Bethany. Return to.F^{3} [2617-29. Jerusalem. The Last Supper.G^{3} [26. 30-35. In the Mount of Olives. Prediction.21. 1-7 (E1, above). BETHPHAGE. ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE. (Introversion.)E^{1} [0] 1. Mission of Two Disciples. Begun.p] 2, 3. Commission given.$	
from the wall of Jerusalem about a mile (or half-way) toward the town of Bethany (now el'Azariyeh) Ap. 153 and 156. unto=toward. Gr. pros. Ap. 104. xv. 3. All the texts read "eis" as in the p ing clause. Jesus. Ap. 98. X. disciples. Not Apostles. 2 Go = go forward. Gr. eis, as above. over against=or just off the high road. Gr. apenanti=facing you. In Max Luke katenanti = opposite and below, preferred, here, by all the texts. But the text may have been a to make Matt. agree with Mark and Luke. straightway=immediately. asscolt. Here t are sent for, because Zech. 9. 9 was to be fulfilled. In Mark, and Luke, only one (only one being necess fulfil the part of Zechariah quoted by John 12. 14, 15). with. Gr. meta. Ap. 104. xi. 1,		 [o] 7. Mission o 1 when they drew nigh. There were two entries of the following week (Mark 11, 1-3. Luke 19, 28to. Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi. were come = ha et Tor. According to the Talmud Bethphage consist from the wall of Jerusalem about a mile (or half-w. Ap. 153 and 156. unto=toward. Gr. pros. A ing clause. Jesus. Ap. 98. X. disciple: Gr. eis, as above. over against=or just off t Luke katenanti=opposite and below, preferred, her to make Matt. agree with Mark and Luke. stra are sent for, because Zech. 9. s was to be fulfilled. 	f Two Disciples. Ended. : the first in Matthew 21: the second on "the first day" -31. John 12. 12-15). See Ap. 153 and 156. unto d arrived. Bethphage = House of Figs. Now Kefr ted of some buildings and the space of ground extending ay) toward the town of Bethany (now el'Azariyeh). See p. 104. xv. 3. All the texts read "eis" as in the preced- s. Not Apostles. 2 Go = go forward. into. the high road. Gr. apenanti = facing you. In Mark and e, by all the texts. But the text may have been altered ightway = immediately. ass colt. Here the two In Mark, and Luke, only one (only one being necessary to

21. 3.

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29	3 And °if any man say ought unto you, ye shall say, °'The Lord hath need of them; ' and ² straightway he will send them."	3 if &c. Expressing the condition simply. Ap. 118. 1. b. The Lord. Ap. 98. VI. i. a. 2. A. 2. 4 was done=came to pass.
q 1 35 5)	4 All this ° was done, that it might be ° fulfilled which was ° spoken ° by the prophet, saying, 5 ° "Tell ye the daughter of Sion, ° Behold,	fulfilled. Cp. Luke 21. 24 and 32. spoken. As well as written. by=through. Gr. <i>dia</i> . Ap. 104. v. 1. 5 Tell ye, &c. Quoted from Zech. 9. 9. See Ap. 107.
p	thy King cometh unto thee, meek, and sitting "upon an ² ass, and a ² colt the foal of [°] an ass." 6 And the disciples went, and did as ¹ Jesus	I. 1, and II. 4. Cp. Isa. 62. 11. Ap. 117. I. Behold. Fig. Asterismos. Ap. 6. upon. Gr. epi. Ap. 104. ix. 3.
o	commanded them, 7 And $^{\circ}$ brought the ² ass, and the ² colt, and $^{\circ}$ put on them their $^{\circ}$ clothes, and $^{\circ}$ they set	an $ass = a$ beast of burden. Not the same word as in the preceding clause. 7 brought=led. put on clothes. Cp. 2 Kings 9. 13 (a mark of respect). clothes = outer garments.
F ¹ r 1356)	<i>Him</i> ° thereon. 8 And °a very great multitude spread their garments ° in the way; others cut down	they set Him. "He took His seat". Gr. $epikathiz\overline{o}$. Occ. only here. thereon = upon them : i.e. the garments.
	branches ° from the trees, and ° strawed them ° in the way.	21. 8-11 (F ¹ , p. 1355). JERUSALEM. FIRST ENTRY. (<i>Introversion.</i>) F ¹ r 8. Action.
8	9 And the multitudes that went before, and that followed, cried, saying, ° "Hosanna to ° the Son of David : Blessed is He That cometh ⁸ in the name of ° the LORD ; ° Hosanna ⁸ in the high-	s 9. Cry. Made. s 10. Cry. Effect. r 11. Action.
	est."	8 a very great multitude = the greater part of the crowd : referring to the proportionate part, not to the
S	10 And when He was come ² into Jerusalem, all the city was [°] moved, saying, [°] " Who is	actual size. in. Gr. en. Ap. 104. viii.
	This?"	from. Gr. <i>apo.</i> Ap. 104. iv. strawed=were strewing. Same word as "spread"
r	11 And the multitude said, "This is ¹ Jesus the Prophet ° of ° Nazareth of Galilee."	in preceding clause. Eng. "straw"=to scatter straw. Here used of branches of trees.
G't	12 And ¹ Jesus went ² into ° the temple of ° God,	9 Hosanna = Save now. Aramaic $H\bar{o}sh\bar{i}^{\dagger}an-na^{\prime}$ = Help
	and cast out all them that sold and bought ⁸ in	now. See Ap. 94. III. 3. Quoted from Ps. 118, 25, 26. At the later entry (Luke 19. 38) the cry was different
	[°] the temple, and overthrew the tables of [°] the moneychangers, and the seats of them that	in words, but similar in intent. For the order of events of these last six days, see Ap. 156.
	sold ° doves,	the Son of David. Ap. 98. XVIII. The seventh of
u	13 And said unto them, "" It is written, " My house shall be called the house of prayer;	nine occ. of this title in Matthew. See note on 1, 1. the LORD = Jehovab. Ap. 98. VI. i. α . 1. B. a.
	but ye have made it a den of "thieves."	10 moved = agitated. Same word as "quake" (27. 51) and "shake" (28.4. Heb. 12.26. Rev. 6. 13).
ť	14 And the blind and the lame came to Him	Who is This? The city was evidently taken by sur-
	⁸ in 12 the temple; and He healed them. 15 And when the chief priests and scribes	prise at this first entry; but the second entry (Mark 11. 1-11. Luke 19. 29-44) was known, and the people
	saw the °wonderful things that He °did, and	"met Him" (John 12. 18), hence, there was no surprise. 11 of=from. Gr. apo. Ap. 104. iv.
	the °children crying ⁸ in the temple, and saying, ⁹ "Hosanna to °the Son of David ;" they were	Nazareth. See note on 2.23. Ap. 169.
	sore displeased, 16 And said unto Him, "Hearest thou what	21. 12–16 (G ¹ , p. 1355). IN THE TEMPLE. CLEANSING. (Alternation.)
	these ° say?"	G ¹ t 12. Miracle. Cleansing.
u	And ¹ Jesus saith unto them, "Yea; [°] have ye never read, [°] Out of the mouth of babes and	u 13. Scripture fulfilled. t 14-16 Miracle. Healing.
770	sucklings Thou hast ° perfected praise'?"	u -16. Scripture fulfilled. 12 the temple. Gr. <i>hieron</i> , the temple courts. Not
E ² 1355)	17 And He left them, and went °out of the city ² into Bethany; and He °lodged there.	the naos. See note on 23. 16. God. Ap. 98. I. i. 1.
\mathbf{F}^2	18 Now °in the morning as He returned ² into	the moneychangers. The half-shekel had to be paid on the 15th of the month Adar, by every Israelite
	the city, He hungered.	(even the poorest). In every city collectors sat to receive it. On the 25th day (18 or 19 days before the
	Passover) they began to sit in the temple; and the profit for the moneychangers. (So Maimonides, quo	en they distrained if not paid. Change was given at a ted by Lightfoot, vol. iii, p. 45, Pitman's edn.) doves.
	Required for the Temple offerings. 13 It i	s written = It standeth written. My house, &c.
	A composite quotation from Isa. 56. 7, and Jer. 7. 11. Same word as in 27. 38, 44. 15 wonderful thing	See Ap. 107. II. 4, and 117. I. thieves=robbers. s=the wonders. Occ. only here. These were the Lord's
	final miracles, wrought at this crisis, and must have	re been very special in character. did=wrought. of David. The eighth of nine occ. in Matthew. See note
	on 1. 1. 16 say=are saying. have ye nev	er read ? See Ap. 143. 4. Out of. Gr. ek. Ap.
	104. vii. See Ap. 107. I. 1, and 117. I. Out of t. prepared. Gr. katartizē = to perfect by preparing.	he mouth, &c. Quoted from Ps. 8.2. perfected = See Ap. 125. 8. 17 out of = without, outside. Not
	the same word as in v. 16. lodged = passed the r	ight (in the open air). Occ. only here, and in Luke 21. 37.
		ALEM. RETURN TO. (Introversion.)
	F ² v 18, 19 Wor w -19. Mira	ds of the Lord. Curse. cle. Fig-tree withered.
	w 20. Mirac	le. Marvel of Disciples.
	v 21, 22. Word	s of the Lord. Faith. Ap. 97.

	21. 19. M A	ATTHEW.	21. 30,
29	19 And when He saw ° a fig tree ° in the w He came ° to it, and ° found nothing there but leaves only, and said unto it, "Let no fi grow ° on thee henceforward ° for ever." A ° presently the fig tree withered away. 20 And when the disciples saw <i>it</i> , they m velled, saying, °" How soon is the fig t withered away!" 21 ¹ Jesus answered and said unto the " Verily I say unto you, °If ye have faith, a ° doubt ° not, ye shall not only do this <i>wh</i> <i>is done</i> to the fig tree, but also if ye shall s unto this mountain, ° Be thou removed, a be thou cast ² into the sea ;' it shall be done 22 And all things, whatsoever ye shall ° a ° in prayer, believing, ye shall ° receive."	in = on. Gr. epi. Ap. 104. ix. 1. to = up to. Gr. epi. Ap. 104. ix. 3. found nothing. See notes on Mark 11. 13 on. Gr. ek. Ap. 104. vii. for ever = for the age (see Ap. 151. II. A i.e. to the end of that Dispensation. The presents the national privilege of Israel (se Judges 9. 10), and that is to be restored (Ron presently = at once, on the spot; Gr. p rendered "soon" in v. 20. See note on "imm ich Luke 1. 64. 20 How soon, &c. Fig. Erotësis (in word 21 Verily. See note on 5. 18. If ye have faith, &c. This is the third oc.	. ii. 4. a.), fig tree re- e notes on n. 11. 2, 26). arachrēma, nediately ", ler). Ap. 6. casion that lark 11. 23;
G ² H R x (p. 1357)	23 And when He was come ² into the [°] temp the chief priests and the elders of the Peo came unto Him as He was teaching, and sa [°] "By [°] what [°] authority doest Thou these thing and who gave Thee this [°] authority?"	doubt. Ap. 122. 4. not. Gr. mē. Ap ple id, s? 12. 4. not. Gr. mē. Ap Be thou removed, &c. It was a commu- to say of a great teacher, who removed diffic he was " a rooter up of mountains". See no 17. 6. 22 ask. Gr. aiteō. Ap. 134. I. 4.	on proverb ulties, that te on Luke
У	24 And ¹ Jesus answered and said unto the " \Im also will ask you one ° thing, which ° if tell Me, ° \Im in like wise will tell you ²³ by will authority I do these things. 25 The ° baptism of John, whence was " ° from ° heaven, or ° of men?"	ye will ", from 26. 39-44. Jas. 5. 14, 15. 1 Joh This is the one abiding condition of all pr this Ellipsis must always be supplied.	in 5. 14, 15. ayer; and
z	And they reasoned ° with themselves, sayin ²⁴ "If we shall say, ° 'From heaven;' He will s unto us, ' Why did ye ° not then believe him 26 But ²⁴ if we shall say, ²⁵ 'Of men;' we for the ° people;	ay $Moral.$?' $H 23. 13-39.$ Scribes and Pharisees. Der $J 24. 1-25. 46.$ Teaching. Disciples. 21. 23-22. 46 (H, above). PRIESTS	Disciples. nunciation. Prophetic. S AND
z	for $^{\circ}$ all hold John as a prophet."	ELDERS. CONTROVERSY IN TEM (Introversion.)	PLE.
y	27 And they answered ¹ Jesus, and said, "V ° cannot ° tell."	We H K 21. 23-27. Questions. Chief Priests a L 21. 28-44. Parables. Two Sons and	
x	And be said unto them, "Neither tell \Im y ²³ by what authority I do these things.	M 21.46. Conspiracy.	
L N ¹ a ¹ b ¹	28 But what think ye? ^o A certain man had two ^o sons; and he can to the first, and said, ^o · Son, ^o go work to d ⁸ in my vineyard.' 29 He answered and said, ^o · I will ²⁵ not: ' I afterward he ^o repented, and went. 30 And he came to ^o the second, and said likewise. And he answered and said, ' ^o ^o sir: ' and went ²⁵ not.	ay $ \mathbf{K} \mathbf{x} 23$. Their question. Put. $ \mathbf{y} 24, 25-$. His question. Put. $ \mathbf{z} -25, 26-$. Their reasoning. $ \mathbf{z} -26$. Their reason. $ \mathbf{y} 27-$. His question. Unanswered.	Sadducees. CHIEF rion.)
	24 thing=question. Gr. logos=word, or matt tingency. Ap. 118. 1. b. 3 in like wise= Ap. 115. II. 1. from. Gr. ek. Ap. 104. vii. "God", sing. of=from. Same word as "fro	hat kind of. authority. Gr. exousia. ter. if. The condition being quite dependen S also. Note the Fig. Anteisagõge. Ap. 6. 22 1. heaven. Put by Fig. Metonymy (of Subject m"in preceding clause. with. Gr. para. Ap bowd. all. Put by Fig. Synecdoche (of Genus)	t on a con- baptism.), Ap. 6, for . 104. xii. 2.), Ap. 6, for
	$L \mid N^1 \mid 28-32. T$	ove). PARABLES. (Division.) he Two Sons. Disobedience.	
	21. 28-32 (N ¹ , above). THE TWO N ¹ $\begin{vmatrix} a^1 & 2s - App \\ b^1 & -2s - 3c \\ a^2 & 31 - App \end{vmatrix}$. The Two Sons. Contrasted. eal for decision. The Two Sons. Answer.	n.)
	28 A certain man, &c. Here follow three p teknon. Ap. 108. i. Go work to day = Go Ap. 102. 1. repented. Gr. metamelomai. "the other" (Gr. heteros, Ap. 124. 2). sire	to-day, work. 29 I will not = I do not cho See Ap. 111. I. 2. 30 the second. Tischer	oose [to go].

21. 31.

MATTHEW.

a² 29	31 ° Whether ²⁵ of them twain did ° the will of <i>his</i> father? "	31 Whether of them twain = Which of the two. the will=the desire. Gr. thelēma (the Noun of Ap.
\mathbf{b}^{2}	They say unto him, "The first."	102. 1). publicans=tax-gatherers.
(p. 13 57) a ³	¹ Jesus saith unto them, ²¹ "Verily I say unto you, That the ° publicans and the harlots °go ² into ° the kingdom of ¹² God ° before you. 32 For John came ² unto you ⁸ in the way of righteousness, and ye believed him ²⁵ not : but the ⁸¹ publicans and the harlots believed him: and ge, when ye had seen <i>it</i> , ²⁹ repented ²⁵ not afterward, that ye might believe him.	 go into before =go before you into. the kingdom of God. See Ap. 114. The fourth of five occurrences in Matthew. See note on 6.33. 21. 33-44 (N², p. 1357). THE HUSBANDMEN. REBELLION. (Alternation.) N² 0 33-41. The Parable. Given. P 42. The Scripture cited (Ps. 118.22).
N² O c (p. 1358)	33 Hear ° another parable: There was a cer- tain ° householder, which planted a vineyard, and ° hedged it round about, and digged a ° winepress ⁸ in it, and built a ° tower, and ° let it out to husbandmen, and ° went into a far country:	 O 43. The Parable. Its application. P 44. The Scripture cited (Isa. 8, 14). 21. 33-41 (O, above). THE PARABLE GIVEN. (Alternation.) O c 33. The Owner making His Vineyard. d 34-39. The Husbandmen. Conduct.
đ	34 And when the °time of the fruit drew near, he sent his servants °to the ³³ husband- men, that they might receive the fruits of it. 35 And the husbandmen took his servants, and °beat one, °and killed °another, °and stoned °another. 36 Again, he sent °other servants °more than the first: and they did unto them °like- wise. 37 But °last of all he sent ¹ unto them °his son, saying, 'They will °reverence my son.' 38 But when the husbandmen saw the son, they said °among themselves, 'This is the heir; come, let us kill him, and let us °seize on his inheritance.' 39 And they caught him, and cast him °out of the vineyard, and slew him.	 c 40. The Owner coming to His Vineyard. d 41. The Husbandmen. Judgment. 33 another. Gr. allos. Ap. 124. 1 : i. e. a similar. The second parable spoken in the Temple. householder=master of a house. hedged it round about=placed about it a fence. winepress. Sept. for Heb. gath, the press, not the vat. Isa. 5. 2. tower. For the watchmen. See Isa. 1. 8; 5. 2; 24. 20. Job 27. 18. let it out. There were three kinds of leases :(1) where the labourers received a proportion of the produce for their payment; (2) where full rent was paid; (3) where a definite part of the produce was to be given by the lessees, whatever the harvest was. Such leases were given by the year, or for life, or were even hereditary. From v. 34 and Mark 12. 2 the word "of" shows that the latter kind of lease is referred to in this parable. went into a far country=went abroad, or jour-
C	40 ° When ° the lord therefore of the vineyard ° cometh, what will he do unto those hus- bandmen?"	neyed. As in 25. 14, 15. Mark 12. 1; 13. 34. Luke 15. 13; 20. 9. 34 time=season. to. Gr. pros. Ap. 104. xv. 3.
đ	41 They say unto him, "He will ° miserably destroy those ° wicked men, and will let out his vineyard unto ³⁶ other husbandmen, ° which shall render him the fruits ⁸ in their seasons."	 35 beat one, &c. = one they beat, and one they killed, and one they stoned. and. Note the Fig. Polysyndeton, Ap. 6. another = one. 36 other. Gr. allos. Ap. 124. 1. 37 last of all = at last. his son = his own son. Here is the real answer to
Р	42 ¹ Jesus saith unto them, [°] " Did ye never read ⁸ in the scriptures, [°] 'The Stone Which the builders rejected, the same is become the head of the corner : this is [°] the LORD'S doing, and it is marvellous ⁸ in our eyes ?'	<i>v</i> . 23.
0	43 Therefore say I unto you, ³¹ The kingdom of ¹² God shall be taken ⁸ from you, and [°] given to a nation bringing forth the fruits thereof.	39 out=without, outside (as in Heb. 13. 12). 40 the lord. Ap. 98. VI. i. a. 4. A. cometh=shall have come.
Р	44 And whosoever shall fall °on this Stone shall be broken: but °on whomsoever It shall fall, It will ° grind him to powder."	41 miserably wicked. Note the Fig. Parono- masia (Ap. 6). Gr. kakous kakōs. In Eng. "miserably destroy those miserable [men]" (R.V.); or, "those wretches he will put to a wretched death".
M (p. 1357)	45 And when the chief priests and Pharisees had heard His parables, they "perceived that He spake of them.	The Stone, &c. Quoted from Ps. 118. 22. Cp. Acts
М	46 But when they sought to lay hands on Him, they feared the ° multitude, because they ° took Him ° for a prophet.	 4. 10-12. See Ap. 107. I. 1. the LORD'S = Jehovah's. Ap. 98. VI. i. α. 4. B. a. Lit. "from (Ap. 104. xii. 1) Jehovah". 43 given to a nation. The new Israel, as prophesied in Isa. 66. 7-14.
	grind him to powder. Supposed to mean winnow or third cent. A.D.) it is used for <i>ruining</i> a thing in where only in Luke 20. 18; Sept. (Theodotion) for utt	44 on = upon. Gr. <i>epi</i> . Ap. 104. ix. 3. v or scatter as dust. But in a <i>Papyrus</i> (Fayyūm, second some way. This supplies the contrast here. Occ. else- ter destruction, in Dan. 2. 44. Cp. Job 27. 21. 45 per-

	22. 1. MA	TTHEW.	22. 15.
L Q ¹ e (p. 1359) 29	$\sim \sim$ them again ° by ° parables, and said 2 ° "The kingdom of ° heaven is like u a certain king, which made a ° marriage	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	ARRIAGE
	his son, 3 And °sent forth his servants to call th that °were bidden °to the °wedding:	(Austmation.)	
f	and they ° would ° not come.	$Q^1 \mid e \mid 1-3-$. Call to those bidden. First ca f $\mid -3$. Servants sent. Refused.	111.
e	4 Again, he ³ sent forth ^o other servants, s ing, 'Tell them which ^o are bidden, ^o · Beh I have prepared my ^o dinner: my oxen my ^o fatlings are killed, and all things ready: come ^o unto the ² marriage.''	bld, 1 Jesus. See Ap. 98. X. and $by = in$, Gr. en, Ap. 104, viii.	
ſ	5 But they $^{\circ}$ made light of <i>it</i> , and $^{\circ}$ went the ways, one $^{\circ}$ to $^{\circ}$ his farm, another $^{\circ}$ to $^{\circ}$ merchandise: 6 And the remnant took his servants, a $^{\circ}$ entreated <i>them</i> spitefully, and $^{\circ}$ slew <i>them</i> 7 But when the king heard $^{\circ}$ <i>thereof</i> , he wroth: and he sent forth $^{\circ}$ his armies, destroyed those murderers, and $^{\circ}$ burned their city.	his marriage = marriage or wedding feast. S II. 2. a sent forth, &c. John, the Lord, and the were bidden=those who had been bid bidding had been done by the prophets. He tom of such a later "sending" cp. Est. 5. s to. Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi. wedding = wedding feast, as "marriage" would not come = wished not to come.	10. See Ap. 140. he Twelve. Iden. This 'or the cus- with 6. 14. in $v. 2$.
Q3 g	8 °Then saith he to his servants, 'The ³ w ding is ready, but they which ³ were bid were ³ not worthy.	ed- not. Gr. ou. Ap. 105. I. 4 other servants. Peter and "them that I (Heb. 2. 3), as recorded in the Acts. are bidden = had been bidden. as in v. 3.	
h	9 °Go ye therefore ° into ° the highways, as many as ye shall find, bid ⁵ to the ² n riage.'	ar- breakfast, or luncheon. Not dein is supper.	
h	10 So those servants ° went out ° into ⁹ highways, and gathered together all as me as they found, both ° bad and good: and ⁸ wedding ° was furnished with guests.	b made light of it = gave no heed [to it].	
g	11 And when the king came in ° to see guests, °he saw there a °man which had ³ on °a ³ wedding garment: 12 And he saith unto him, ° Friend, H camest thou in hither °not having ¹¹ a ³ w ding garment?' And he was °speechless. 13 Then said the king to the servants, 'E him hand and foot, and take him away, cast him ¹⁰ into °outer darkness; there si be °weeping and gnashing of teeth.' 14 °For many are called, but few are chose	 the merchandise = commerce. Gr. emporia. not in Matthew. 6 entreated, &c. As in Acts 4. 1-3; 5. 40 ow slew them. Acts 7. 54-60; 8. 1; 12. 2-5. 7 thereof. See the varied supply of t after "heard" in vv. 7, 22, and 33. his armies. The Roman armies. burned up their city. Gr. emprēthō. Occommendation of Jerusalem, place shortly after the close of the Acts Discontinue of the Ac	, 41; 11. 19. he Ellipsis c. only here. which took pensation.
KRT (p. 1360)	15 Then ° went ° the Pharisees, and t counsel how they might ° entangle Him <i>His</i> talk.	(Introversion.)	•
	of 24. 14, for it has to do with the same people Dispensation. into = upon. Gr. epi. A roads. Gr. diexodos. Occ. only here. 10 bad. Gr. ponēros. Ap. 128. III. 1. was view as a spectacle, or inspect. Ap. 133. I. 1: Gr. anthrōpos. Ap. 123. 1. a wedding ga Gr. hetairos. Occ. only in Matthew (here; 11. same word as in v. 11, because this refers to t entered, not to the mere forgetfulness of the fi implied in the negative mē, above. 13 out and 25. 30. weeping, &c. The weeping an 22. 15-46 (K, p. 1357). QUESTIONS. $K \mid \mathbf{R} \mid 15-22$. The H S $\mid 23-33$. The R $\mid 34-40$. The F S $\mid 41-46$. The	present Dispensation, and takes up the yet future 9 Go ye therefore, &c. After 2 Go ye therefore, &c. After 3 Go ye therefore, &c. After 4 or 104. ix. 3. the highways = the public road vent out = having gone out. into. Gr. eis. furnished = became filled. 11 to see = to be naw = he beheld. Ap. 133. I. 1. ment. As prescribed by Eastern etiquette. 6; 20. 13; 26. 50). not. Gr. mē. Ap. 105. J he man's subjective consciousness of the omissic act. speechless. There was no excuse for her = the outer. Gr. exôteros. Occ. only in Matt. 8. I the grinding. See note on 8. 12. 14 For, &c. PHARISEES AND SADDUCEES. (Alternation harisees' Question. Civil. Sadducees' Question. Religious. harisee's Question. Moral. Lord's Question and Answer. For Structure see next page]. ptation. See R, S, and R, above. the Phan	e preaching the present ds, or cross- Ap. 104. vi. gaze upon, man. 12 Friend. 11. Not the on when he to the insult 22. 13; Cp. 20. 16. <i>n.</i>)

16 And they sent out unto Him ° their dis-ciples ° with the ° Herodians, saying, ° " Master, U 22. 15-22 (R, p. 1359). THE PHARISEES' QUES-(p. 1360) TION. (Introversion and Alternation.) "we know that Thou art true, and teachest R | T | 15. Counsel taken. 29 the way of °God ¹⁵ in truth, °neither carest U | 16, 17. Their Question as to Tribute. $\begin{array}{c|c} V & i & 18, 19-. \\ k & -19. \\ \end{array}$ Their compliance. $V & i & 20. \\ \end{array}$ His Question. Thou °for any man : for Thou °regardest ³not the person of ¹¹ men. The 17 Tell us therefore, What thinkest Thou? Argument. k | 21-. Their Reply. Is it lawful to give "tribute unto Cæsar, or $U \mid -21$. Their Question answered. ³ not?' $T \mid 22$. Departure taken. 18° But ¹ Jesus ° perceived their ° wickedness, Υi 16 their = their own. and said, "Why tempt ye Me, ye hypocrites? with. Gr. meta. Ap. 104. xi. 1. 19 Shew Me the ⁷ tribute [°] money. Herodians. It is uncertain whether this refers to Herod's servants, officers, household, or to a political And they ° brought unto Him a ° penny. k party. Prob. = courtiers.Master=Teacher. Ap. 98. XIV. v. 1. 20 And He saith unto them, "Whose is this **V**i ° image and ° superscription?' we know. Gr. oida. See Ap. 132, 1. God. Ap. 98. I. i. 1. 21 They say unto Him, "Cæsar's." neither carest = there is no (Gr. ou. Ap. 105. I.) care k with Thee. Then saith He unto them, "Render therefore U for=about. Gr. peri=concerning. Ap. 104. xiii. 1. unto Cæsar the things which are Cæsar's; regardest not=lookest not on. Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi. and unto ¹⁶ God the things that are ¹⁶ God's.' 17 tribute. This was the poll-tax paid in Roman money by each person who was enrolled in the census. 22 When they had heard ° these words, they T See note on 17. 25. Occ. only there, here, and Mark marvelled, and left Him, and went their way. 12.14. **18** perceived. Gr. ginōskō. Ap. 132, I. 2. wickedness. Gr. ponēria. Ap. 128. III (1). 23 °The same day came to Him ° the Sad-S 1 ducees, which say that there ° is ° no resurrec-19 money = coin. Gr. nomisma. Occ. only here. penny = a dēnarius. See note on 20. 2 and Ap. 51. I. 4. tion, and asked Him, Therefore not a Jewish or Herodian 24 Saying, ¹⁶ "Master, ^oMoses said, ^o If a man **20** image. m °die, having 23 no °children, his brother shall coin, but a Roman. superscription = inscription.°marry his wife, and raise up °seed unto his 22 these words. See note on "thereof", v. 7. brother'. 25 Now there were ° with us seven brethren: 22. 23-33 (S, p. 1359). THE SADDUCEES' QUES-TION. (Alternation.) and the first, when he had married a wife, deceased, and, having ²³ no ° issue, left his wife S | 1 | 23. Sadducees' error. Denial of Resurrection. unto his brother: m | 24-28. Resurrection. Questioned. 26 Likewise the second also, and the third, l | 29. Sadducees' error. Ignorance of Scripture. unto the seventh. m | 30-33. Resurrection. Proved. 27 And ° last of all ° the woman died also. 28 Therefore ¹⁵in the resurrection whose wife 23 The same day=On (Gr. en. Ap. 104. viii) that same day. shall she be of the seven? for they all had the Sadducees. No Article. See Ap. 120. II. her.' is no resurrection = is not a resurrection. 29 ° Jesus answered and said unto them, "Ye no. Gr. mē. Denying subjectively not the fact, but Z asserting their disbelief of the fact. do err, onot knowing the scriptures, nor the power of 16 God. 24 Moses. See note on 8.4. If a man die, &c. An hypothetical case. See 30 For ¹⁵ in the resurrection they neither Ap. 118. I. b/ Quoted from Deut. 25. 5. See Ap. 107. m II. 2. marry, nor are given in marriage, but are as the angels of 16 God 15 in ° heaven. die=should die. children. Gr. teknon, here put for son. So Deut. 25. s. 31 But as ° touching the resurrection ° of the marry. Gr. epigambreuō. Occ. only in Matthew. dead, ° have ye ³ not read that which was spoken unto you ° by ¹⁶ God, ° saying, Used here because it specially refers to a marriage between relatives. 32 ° () am the ¹⁶ God of Abraham, ° and the God of Isaac, ° and the ¹⁶ God of Jacob?' ¹⁶ God is seed = issue, as in v. 25. 25 with. Gr. para. Ap. 104. xii. 2. issue. Same as "seed" in v. 24. ³ not the ¹⁶God of [°] the dead, but of [°] the living." 27 last of all = at last, as in 21. 37. 33 And when the multitude heard ° this, they the woman died also = the woman also died. were astonished at His ° doctrine. 29 Jesus = But Jesus (Ap. 98. X). 34 But when ¹⁵ the Pharisees had heard that Rn not knowing. Note the negative, implying their He had put ²³ the Sadducees to silence, they (p. 1361) unwillingness to know, not stating the mere fact. See were gathered together. Ap. 105. II. All are sure to err who do not know the Scriptures. 30 heaven. Singular. See note on 6.9, 10. 1. of the dead=of dead bodies, with Art. See 31 touching = concerning. Gr. peri. Ap. 104. xiii. 1. Ap. 139. 1. have ye not read . . . = Did ye never read . . . See Ap. 143. by. Gr. hupo. 32 I am, &c. Quoted from Ex. 3. 6. the dead = dead people. See Ap. Ap. 104. xviii, 1, saying. See Ap. 107. II. 1. See Ap. 117, I. and. Note the Fig. Polysyndeton (Ap. 6). the living=living people. The only conclusion being that they 139. 2 (without the Article). must rise and live again in resurrection in order that He may be their God. This is what the Lord set out to prove (in v. 31) "concerning the resurrection". Gr. zao. See note on 9.18. 33 this.

MATTHEW.

22. 34.

22. 16.

doctrine = teaching.

at. Gr. epi. Ap. 104. ix. 2.

See note on "thereof" (v. 7).

	22. 35. MA	ATTHEW.	23. 4.
29	35 Then one °of them, which was °a law asked Him a question, tempting Him, saying, 36 ¹⁶ "Master, °which ° <i>is</i> the great comm	and TION. (Introversion.) $R \mid n \mid 34-36$. The Great Commandmen	nt. Question.
0 (p. 1361)	ment ¹⁵ in the law?" 37 ¹ Jesus said unto him, ""Thou shalt "the LORD thy ¹⁶ God "with all thy heart, "with all thy "soul, and "with all thy mind	love 0 39. Answer. The Second: Lo and Neighbour. and n 40. The Great Commandment. 35. of. Gr. ek. Ap. 104. vii.	ove of Severally.
o	38 This is the first and great commandm 39 And [°] the second <i>is</i> like unto it, ³⁷ Thous	halt 36 which, &c. = what kind of comm.	andment?
n	10ve thy neighbour as thyself. 40 °On these two commandments hang		of the members er of days in the
SW p	the law and the prophets." 41 While the °Pharisees were gathered gether, ¹ Jesus asked them, 42 Saying, °" What think ye ° of °Chr whose Son is He?"	 1 to- ist? year): 248 + 365 = 613 = the number of Decalogue. Some were great and som heavy and light). The question was small (as in v. 38); not the greatest and 37 Thou shalt love, &c. Quoted 13 	of letters in the ne were small (or as to great and d least.
q	They say unto Him, °" The Son of David.	 10. 12; 30. 6. the LORD = Jehovah. Ap. 98. VI. i. 6 	α. Α. α.
x	43 He saith unto them, "How then David ° in ° spirit call Him Lord, saying, 44 ° 'The LORD said unto My ° Lord, 'Sit T ° on My right hand, ° till I make Thine ener Thy footstool?'	with. Gr. en. Ap. 104. viii. doth soul. Gr. psuchē. Ap. 110. V. 39 the second, &c. Quoted from L 40 On=In. Gr. en. Ap. 104. viii. 22. 41-46 (S, p. 1359). THE LORI	Lev. 19. 18. all=the whole. D'S QUESTION
W p	45 If David then call Him ° Lord, how is his Son?"	AND ANSWER. (Introven	rsion.)
q	46 And ono man was able to answer a ord, neither durst any man of from that forth ask Him any more questions.	Him q -42. Their Answer: "Th	He his Son?"
J r ⁱ	23 Then spake °Jesus to the °multit and to His disciples, 2 Saying, "The scribes and the °Phari °sit °in °Moses' seat:	isees of = concerning. Gr. peri, as in v. 16 Christ=the Messiah (with Art.). The Son of David. Lit. David's S	("for"). Son. The last of
s 1	3 °All therefore whatsoever they bid you serve, ° <i>that</i> °observe and °do; °but do °no ° after their works: for °they say, and do ° 4 °For they bind heavy burdens and griev to be borne, and lay <i>them</i> °on °men's should	nob- nine occ. of this title in Matthew. S and Ap. 98. XVIII. 43 in spirit. Gr. pneuma. Ap. 101. II. 3. 44 The LORD said, &c. = Jehovah se Quoted from Ps. 110. 1. See Ap. 4. I Ap. 98. VI. i. a. 1. A. a. For the princ	See note on 1. 1, = by, as in v. 1. aid unto Adonai. I. and VIII (2); ciple underlying
	set Thine enemies as a footstool for Thy feet. Mark 12. 36. Luke 20. 42. Acts 2. 34. 1 Cor. the Father's throne until His enemies shall be they are at length put in subjection to the So placed as a footstool by Jehovah, but in 1 Co was subject to Israel's repentance. See note 45 Lord. Ap. 98. i. a. 1. B. b. 46 n	15:25. Heb. 1. 13; 10. 13). All refer to Mess o placed "as a footstool for His feet", except 1 (n (Adonai) "under His feet." In all the six, pr. 15. 25 they are placed "under" by Adona	hall have (Gr. an) n the N.T. (here; siah's session on Cor. 15. 25, where the enemies are i Himself. This 19-26; 28, 25-26.
	23. 1-12 (J, p. 1357). TEACHI DISCIPLES. (M $J r^1 1, 2.$ Self-e: $s^1 3, 4.$ "I $r^2 5-7.$ Self-e: $s^2 8-11.$ "	ING. IN THE TEMPLE. MULTITUDES A MORAL.) (Repeated Alternation.) xaltation. Scribes. (Session.) Do not ye" what they bid. xaltation. Scribes. (Works.) Be not ye" like them. altation. Scribes. (Application.)	AND
	1 Jesus. Ap. 98. X. multitude = crov. Ap. 120. II. The Sadducees had their own "le in = upon. Gr. epi. Ap. 104. ix. 1. If shows that the words following are not a composite of the very things that they thus bade. La destroy Jesus. that. Omit this word observe and do=ye observe and do. The and Imperative, and nothing can determine determines its meaning. observe. In contrast between "ye do" and "do ye not". Gr. kata. Ap. 104. x. 2. they say =	wds. Note the Structure (J ¹ , p. 1857). 21 eaven" (16. c) but not this. sit=have ta Moses'. See note on 8. 4. 3 All = A mand, for the whole chapter is taken up with ter (27. 20-23) they "bade" the People to as l as not being in the Greek, or required by t second person plural is exactly the same in e which is the Mood but the context; and hwardly. do. Outwardly. but not. Gr. mā. Ap. 105. II. after they say [ought to be done], but they do no Note the difference between the two negative you observe". A further proof that "observe". On but the second person size to be borne". On	sk Barabbas and the Fig. <i>Ellipsis.</i> a the Indicative d the Structure t. Marking the r = according to. ot do the works ves in this verse.

	23. 4. MATT	HEW.	23. 21.
29	but they <i>themselves</i> ° will ° not ° move them with one of ° their fingers.	will not move = do not choose to touch. will. See Ap. 102. 1.	
r ² (p. 1361)	5 But all their works they do °for to be seen of 4men: they make broad their °phy- lacteries, and enlarge °the borders of their garments, 6 And °love the °uppermost rooms °at feasts, and the °chief seats °in the synagogues, 7 And °greetings °in the markets, and to be called ° of 4 men, °Rabbi, Rabbi.	not. Gr. ou. Ap. 105. I. move. Much less bear. their=their own. 5 for to be seen=to be gazed upon as a Same word as "see" in 22, 11. for=for the purpose. Gr. pros. Ap. 104. x phylacteries. Gr. phulaktërion. Occ. of See notes, &c., on Ex. 13. 9. Deut. 6. 8. Re Ap. 92 and 117. I. the borders=the fringes. Ref. to Pent.	only here. f. to Pent.
s²	 8 But be °not ye called Rabbi: for One is your °Master, °even °Christ; and all ye are brethren. 9 And call °no man your °father °upon the earth: for One is your °Father, Which is ⁶ in °heaven. 10 Neither be ye called ⁸ masters: for One is your ⁸Master, ⁸even ⁸Christ. 11 But °he that is greatest among you shall be your servant. 	 37-41. Deut. 22. 12). Originally a mark of between Israel and the surrounding nations. 8. 44. 6 love = are fond of. Gr. <i>phileō</i>. Ap. 135. uppermost rooms = the first place, as in n at = in. Gr. en. Ap. 104. viii. chief seats = first seats, as in preceding cla in. Gr. en. Ap. 104. viii. 7 greetings = the formal salutations. of = by. Gr. hupo. Ap. 104. xviii. Rabbi = my Master. Cp. v. 8. Note the 	separation Cp. Luke I. 2. ext clause. use.
1 ³ H Y ¹ A t	 12 And whosoever shall exalt himself shall be °abased; and he that shall humble himself shall be exalted. 13 But ° woe unto you, ² scribes and ² Phari- 	 zeuxis for Emph. (Ap. 6). 8 not. Gr. mē. Ap. 105. II. Master = Leader, Guide, or Director. Gr. Occ. only here and in v. 10. All the texts r kalos, Teacher. 	ead didas-
(p. 1362)	sees, hypocrites! for ye ° shut up ° the king- dom of °heaven °against 4men: for ye °neither go in <i>yourselves</i> , ° neither suffer ye them that are entering to go in.	even Christ. All the texts omit, with Scrivener thinks, on insufficient authority. Christ. See Ap. 98. IX. 9 no. Gr. mē. Ap. 105. II. father. This is against those who loved	d to be so
u	14 ¹³ Woe unto you, scribes and ² Pharisees, hypocrites! for ye devour widows' houses, and for a pretence [°] make long prayer:	called. upon. Gr. epi. Ap. 1 Father. See Ap. 98. III. heaven = the heavens. See note on 6. 9, 10 11 he that is greatest among you = the	
24	° therefore ye shall receive the ° greater ° dam- nation.	you. 12 abased = humbled, as in next clause.	
t	15 ¹³ Woe unto you, scribes and ² Pharisees, hypocrites! for ye compass sea and [°] land to make one [°] proselyte, and when he [°] is made, ye make him twofold more [°] the child of [°] hell than yourselves.	23. 13-39 (H, p. 1357). SCRIBES PHARISEES. (Division.) H Y ¹ 13-33. Denunciation. The Eight W Y ² 34-39. Prophecy. 13-33 (Y ¹ , above). DENUNCIATION. TH WOFS. (Introversion)	Voes.
В	say, 'Whosoever shall swear ° by ° the Tem- ple, it is ⁴ nothing; but whosoever shall swear ° by the gold of °the Temple, he is a °debtor!' 17 Ye fools and blind : for whether is greater, the gold, or ¹⁶ the Temple that sanctifieth the gold? 18 And, 'Whosoever shall swear ¹⁶ by the altar, it is nothing; but whosoever sweareth ¹⁶ by the gift that is upon it, he is ¹⁶ guilty.' 19 Ye fools and blind : for whether <i>is</i> greater, the gift, or the altar that sanctifieth the gift? 20 Whoso therefore shall swear ¹⁶ by the altar, sweareth ¹⁶ by it, and ¹⁶ by all things thereon. 21 And whoso shall swear ¹⁶ by ¹⁶ the Temple, sweareth ¹⁶ by it, and ¹⁶ by Him That dwelleth therein. <u>make long prayer = praying at great length.</u>	 B 16-22. False swearing. C 23. Hypocrites. C 24. Blind guides. B 25-28. False cleansing. A 29-33. Their treatment of the dead. 13-15 (A, above). THEIR TREATMENT LIVING. (Introversion.) A t 13. Proselytes. The honest hindered. u 14 Incrimination. t 16. Proselytes. Those made, made we 13 woe. The first of eight woes in Y¹ (vv. 5. 3; and see Ap. 126. All the texts (with 15 pose vv. 13 and 14. the kingdom of heaven. See Ap. 114. heaven = the heavens. See note on 6. 9, 10 against = before: i.e. in men's faces. neither = not, as in v. 4. 14 Woe, &c. Cp. 5. 4; and see Ap. 126. therefore = on this account. Gr. dia (App. 14). 	OF THE 13-33). Cp. Syr.) trans- Cp. 5. 3. 0.
	see Ap. 126. land=dry [land]. prosely to. Used of a Gentile who came over to the Jew is made=becomes [one]. the child of he	ll=a son of Gehenna. A Hebraism=Gehenn Gr.en. Ap. 104. viii. the Temple=the and of the Holy Place and the Holy of Holies guish it from <i>hieron</i> , the whole of the Temple tt" in <i>The Companion Bible</i> . debtoo	comer over 6.5; 13.43. na's people. Sanctuary: Sanctuary: Spelt in courts, but r=is bound

	23. 22.	MATT	HEW.	23. 36.
29	22 And he that shall s sweareth ¹⁶ by the thron Him That sitteth thereon	e of $^{\circ}$ God, and 16 by	22 heaven. Sing. See notes on 6. 9, 10. God. Ap. 98. I. i. 1. 23 Woe, &c. Cp. 5. 7, and see Ap. 126.	, , , ,
C (p. 1362)	23 °Woe unto you, sc hypocrites! for ye °pay °anise and °cummin, an weightier matters of the l and °faith: these ought *not to leave the other un	y tithe of mint and ad have omitted the aw, judgment, mercy, ye to have done, and	pay tithe = tithe, or take tithes. Eng. tith hence, a district containing ten families was tithing. anise = dill. Occ. only here. cummin. Heb. kumin. Gr. kuminon. (Occ. of Germ. kummel. faith. Or, faithfulness, as in Rom. 3. 3. G	s called a
С	24 Ye blind guides, °w °gnat, and °swallow °a	vhich •strain °at °a °camel.	24 which, &c. Fig. <i>Paræmia</i> . Ap. 6. strain = habitually filter out. Gr. <i>diulizō</i> . here.	Occ. only
В	25 °Woe unto you, sc hypocrites! for ye °make the cup and of the °plat are full of °extortion and 26 Thou blind Pharises which is within the cup outside of them may °be 27 °Woe unto you, sc hypocrites! for ye °are sepulchres, which indeed ward, but are within full of and of all uncleanness.	ribes and Pharisees, e clean the outside of tter, but within they ° excess. e, cleanse first ° that and platter, that the ° clean also. ribes and Pharisees, e like unto ° whited appear beautiful out-	 at. A mistake perpetuated in all editions of All "the former translations" had "out". a = the : which makes it read like a proverbing the second second	4.
A	 28 Even so pe also ° outweeous unto 4 men, but whypocrisy and ° iniquity. 29 ° Woe unto you, sc 	ithin ye are full of	 be = become. clean also. The "also" must be connected outside: "that the outside also may become 27 Woe, &c. Cp. 5. 9, and see Ap. 126. are like unto. Gr. paromoiazõ. Occ. onl whited. Sepulchres were whitened a more 	clean". y here.
Y ² v	hypocrites! because ye bu prophets, and ° garnish til righteous, 30 And say, ° · If we had our fathers, we would ' takers with them 6 in the phets.' 31 ° Wherefore ye be v selves, that ye are the which killed the prophets 32 ° Fill ge up then the thers. 33 Ye serpents, ye ° gene can ye ° escape the ¹⁴ dam 34 ° Wherefore, ° behold	he ° sepulchres of the l been ⁶ in the days of a not have been par- be blood of the pro- vitnesses unto your- c ° children of them measure of your fa- tration of vipers, how nation of ¹⁶ hell ?	 the Passover, to warn off persons from contracleanness (Num. 19. 16). appear. Ap. 106. I. 1. dead men's bones=bones of dead people. 139. 2. 28 iniquity=lawlessness. Ap. 128. III. 4. 29 Woe, &c. Cp. 5. 9, and see Ap. 126. tombs. Gr. taphoi. There are four at of Olivet: those of Zechariah, Absalom, Jehand St. James; but there is no authority names. garnish=adorn or decorate. Perhaps being just then, before the Passover. sepulchres=mnemia=monuments. 30 If, &c. The condition being assumed tual fact. See Ap. 118. 2. a. 	See Ap. See Ap. the base oshaphat, for these whitened
	prophets, and wise mer some °of them ye shall i some °of them shall ye so gogues, and persecute the city:	n, and scribes: and kill and crucify; and courge ⁶ in your syna-	 31 Wherefore = so that. children = sons. Ap. 108. III. 32 Fill ye up = And ye, fill ye up. 33 generation = offspring, or brood. Pl. 12. 34; and Luke 3. 7. escape = escape from (Gr. apo). Ap. 104. iv 	
w	35 ° That °upon you ma eous ° blood shed °upon blood of ° righteous Abel ° Zacharias son of Baraci between ¹⁶ the Temple and	the earth, ³⁴ from the l unto the ° blood of hias, whom ° ve slew	23. 34-39 (Y ² , p. 1362). PROPHE (<i>Extended Alternation.</i>) Y ² v 34. Prophets. Future sending. w 35. Result.	CY.
X	36 °Verily I say unto y shall come ³⁵ upon °this g 34 Wherefore = Because unto. Gr. pros. Ap. 104. to. Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi. by Fig. Metonymy (of the S [one], Gen. 4. 4. Cp. Heb. 24. 20, 21) but Zechariah th the same way. And why Lord single out "Zacharis (the prophet) some 400 ye Baruch" who was thus m This may be taken as the Ps. 93. 1; 97. 1; 99. 1. Is:	you, All these things eneration. e of this. Gr. dia (Ap. 10 xv. 3. of. Gr. ek. Ap 35 That=So that. Subject) for blood-guiltine 11.4. Zacharias he prophet (Zech. 1. 1, 7), y not? Are there not many us the son of Jehoiada" th artyred some thirty-six ye o Fig. Prolepsis (Ampliatio	x 36. "I say unto you". v 37. Prophets. Past sending. w 38. Result. x 39. "I say unto you". 94. v. 2) touto. behold. Fig. Asterismont. 95. 104. vii. from = away from. Gr. apo. A 96. upon. Gr. epi. Ap. 104. ix. 3. bl. 95. (Ap. 6). righteous Abel=Abel the 96. son of Barachias. Not the son of Jehoiada who, we here learn (by Fig. Hysterësis, Ap. 6) was examples of historical coincidences? Why seen nearly 800 years before, instead of the later yi not be prophetic of another "Zechariah, ears after? See Josephus (Wars, iv. 5. 4).), Ap. 6, speaking of future things as present. 19, 20. Cp. Matt. 11. 2, &c.	Ap. 104. iv. cod. Put righteous (2 Chron. s killed in hould the Zacharias the son of ye slew.

	23. 37. MATT	'HEW. 24	. 6.
v 29	37 O ° Jerusalem, ° Jerusalem, thou that kill- est the prophets, and stonest them which are sent ³⁴ unto thee, how often would I have gathered thy ° children together, even as a hen gathereth her ° chickens ° under her wings, and ye ° would ° not!	37 Jerusalem. Note the Fig. Epizeuxis (Ap. 6) emphasis. Put by Fig. Metonymy (of Adjunct), A for the inhabitants. children. Pl. of teknon. Ap. 108. I. chickens=brood. Gr. nossia. Occ. only here. under. Gr. hupo. Ap. 104. xviii. would not=were not willing. Ap. 102. 1.	, for p. 6,
10	38 ³⁴ Behold, ° your ° house ° is left unto ° you ° desolate.	not. Gr. ou (Ap. 105. I), denying as a matter of 38 your you. Very emphatic. At the be	
x	39 For I say unto you, Ye shall ont osee Me henceforth, till ye shall say, o Blessed is He That cometh oin the name of the LORD.'"	ning of the Lord's ministry it was "My Fath house" (John 2. 16); but at the end, after His reject it was "gour house". house: i.e. the Temple, where He was speaking. is left = is being left. See 24. 1.	tion,
JD (p.1364)	24 And °Jesus °went out, and departed ° from °the temple:	desolate. Every "house" and every place is "o late" where Christ is not.	
E	and His disciples came to Him for to shew Him ° the buildings of ° the temple.	39 not=by no means, in no wise. Gr. ou mē, 105. III. see =behold. Ap. 133. I. till. With an, implying uncertainty. The not seeing	1. was
F	2 And ¹ Jesus said unto them, [°] "See ye [°] not all these things? [°] verily I say unto you, There [°] shall not be left here one stone [°] upon another, that [°] shall not be thrown down."	certain: their saying it at that time was uncertain. the four "untils" with ou $m\bar{e}$: 10.23; 16.28; 28.39; 2 Blessed, &c. Quoted from Ps. 118. 26; cp. M 21. 9. See Ap. 117. II. the LORD. Ap. 98. VI. i. a. 1. B. a.	24. 34.
D	3 And as He sat ° upon the mount of Olives,	24. 1–25. 26 (J, p. 1857). TEACHING. D	IS-
${oldsymbol{E}}$	the disciples came unto Him $^\circ privately,$ saying, "Tell us,	CIPLES. PROPHETIC. (Extended Alternation $J \mid D \mid 24.1$ -, Place. Departure from the Temple.	ı.)
G ₁	when shall these things be	E 241. Disciples come to show. F 24. 2. Prophecy. General.	
G ²	and what shall be the sign of Thy ° coming,	D 24. 3 Place. Arrival at the Mount of Oliv	es.
G³	and of ° the end of the ° world ?"	$\begin{bmatrix} E & 24. & -3. \\ F & 24. & 4-25. & 26. \\ \end{bmatrix}$	
F H ¹ y	4 And ¹ Jesus answered and said unto them, [°] " Take heed that [°] no man [°] deceive you.	1 Jesus. Ap. 98. X. went out, &c. Thus marking this (see Mark	
z	5 For many shall come [°] in My name, saying, 'J am [°] Christ;' and shall ⁴ deceive many.	as the second of the two prophecies: the former (I 21) being spoken "in the Temple". See Ap. 155. from=away from. Gr. <i>apo</i> . Ap. 104. iv.	Luke
2	6 And ye °shall hear of wars and rumours of wars: °see that ye be ° not troubled:	the temple = the Temple courts, the sacred enclose see note on 23. 35.	
у	for °all ° these things ° must ° come to pass, but ° the end is not yet.	the buildings, &c. These consisted of the courts, h colonnades, towers, and "wings". In Luke 21" so spake of its adornment with goodly stones and gif 2 See =Behold, look on. Ap. 133. I. 5. Not	ome" fts.
	shall not=shall by no means. Very emphatic, b Gr. epi. Ap. 104. ix. 3. shall not. All th first clause. 3 upon. Gr. epi. Ap. 104. 1.	he texts omit the " <i>mē</i> ", and read simply " <i>ou</i> " as in privately=apart. Luke 21 was spoken public	pon. n the
	-3 (E, above). DISCIPLES COME TO ASK. (Division.) $E \begin{bmatrix} G^1 \\ G^2 \end{bmatrix}$ -3 First Question: WHEN shall these things (v. 2) be? $\begin{bmatrix} G^2 \\ G^2 \end{bmatrix}$ -3 Second Question: WHAT the sign of Thy Parousia?		
	$ G^3 -3$. Third Question : WHAT	[the sign] of the consummation of the Age?	
	(Matt. 24. 3, 27, 37, 39. 1 Cor. 15. 23; 16. 17. 2 Cor. 7. 4 5. 23. 2 Thess. 2. 1, 8, 9. Jas. 5. 7, 8. 2 Pet. 1. 16; 3 Ptolemaic period down to the second century A.D. for the arrival or the visit of the king or the emp (See Deissman's <i>Light</i> , &c., pp. 372-8, 441-5). It the end of the world. See Ap. 129. 2. the that marks the consummation of the age; not <i>telos</i>	st of twenty-four occurrences of this important $5, 7$; 10. 10. Phil. 1. 26; 2. 12. 1 Thess. 2. 19; 3. 13; 4. 4, 12. 1 John 2. 28). The <i>Papyri</i> show that "from the word is traced in the East as a technical expreseror", also of other persons in authority, or of tr is not therefore a N.T. word, as some have supple end = the sunteleia. Sunteleia = meeting together $6 =$ the actual end, vv. 6, 13, 14. world. See Ap. 13	4. 15; n the ssion coops. oosed. of all
	24. 42 3. 26 (F, above). PR $F \mid H^1 \mid 24.4-6$. Answer	OPHECY. PARTICULAR. (Division.) to the First Question.	
	H ² 24. 7–28. Answer	to the Second Question.	
		nswer to the Third Question.) THE FIRST QUESTION. (Introversion.)	
	Read with Mark	13. 5-7. Luke 21. 8, 9.	
	$ \begin{array}{c c} \mathbf{H}^1 & \mathbf{y} & 4. & \mathbf{Warning}, \\ \mathbf{z} & 5. & \mathbf{Many} & 4, \\ \mathbf{z} & 6, & \mathbf{Rumo}, \\ \mathbf{y} & 6, & \mathbf{Rumo}, \end{array} $	Antichrists. urs of Wars. FIRST SIGN.	
	4 Take heed. Gr. blepō. Ap. 133. I. 5. n lead astray. 5 in = upon: trading upon. Ap. 98. IX. 6 shall hear = will be about t same word as in vv. 2, 15, 30. not. Gr. mē. come to pass = arise (as in v. 34). the en	o man=not (<i>mē</i> . Ap. 105. II) any one. decei Gr. <i>epi</i> . Ap. 104. ix. 2. Christ=the Mes to hear. see. Gr. <i>horaō</i> . Ap. 133. I. 8. No	siah. t the n to].

24. 7. MATTHEW. **24.** 24. **7° For nation shall rise ° against nation, and 24.** 7-28 (H², p. 1364). ANSWER TO THE SECOND QUESTION. (Alternation.) H² J kingdom against kingdom : and there shall be (p. 1365) $^{\circ}$ famines, and pestilences, and earthquakes, $^{\circ}$ in \mid H $^{2}\mid$ J \mid 7, 8. The Tribulation. The birth-pangs. Read 29 divers places. this with Mark 13. s, and Luke 21. 10, 11. K | 9-14. Tribulation. General. Read this with 8 All these are ° the beginning of ° sorrows. J | 15-20. The Second Sign. Mark 13. 9-23, 9 Then shall they deliver you up °to be Кa K | 21-28. The Great Tribulation.) not Luke 21. afflicted, and shall kill you: and ye shall be 7 For nation, &c. See Ap. 117. II. Quoted from Isa. 9. 2. against. Gr. epi. Ap. 104. ix. 3. hated ° of all nations ° for My name's sake. 19. 2. famines, and pestilences. Fig. Paronomasia (Ap. 6). 10 And then shall many °be offended, and b Gr. limoi kai loimoi. Eng. dearths and deaths. ° shall betray one another, and shall hate one in divers = Gr. kata (Ap. 104. x. 2) = in [different] places. another. 8 the =a. sorrows = birth-pangs. 11 And many false prophets shall rise, C 24. 9-14 (K, above). TRIBULATION. GENERAL. (Introversion.) and shall 4 deceive many. С K | a | 9. Proclamation. The Gospel of the Kingdom. 12 And °because °iniquity shall °abound, Ъ b | 10. Consequences. Stumbling. the love of ° many shall ° wax cold. c | 11-. False Prophets. Arising.
c | -11. False Prophets. Deception.
b | 12. Consequence. Coldness. 13 But he that ° shall endure ° unto ° the end, a the same shall be ° saved. a | 13, 14. Promise. The Gospel of the Kingdom. 14 And this [°] gospel [°] of the kingdom shall be 9 to be afflicted = unto tribulation. ° preached ° in all the ° world ° for a witness to=unto. Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi. unto all ° nations; and then shall ¹³ the end of=by. Gr. hupo. Ap. 104. vi. for=on account of. Gr. dia. Ap. 104. v. 2. come. 15 When ye therefore shall ° see ° the abomi-10 be offended = stumble. See Ap. 117. I, II. Quoted Jd from Isa. 8. 15. nation of desolation, spoken of oby Daniel the prophet, stand ¹⁴ in othe holy place, (whoso shall betray = will deliver up, as in v. 9. 12 because = on account of. Gr. dia, as in v. 9. readeth, let him °understand:) iniquity = lawlessness. Ap. 128. III. 4. abound = be multiplied. Cp. Acts 6. 1, 7; 7. 17; 9. 31. 16 Then let them which be ¹⁴ in Judæa flee е many = the many.° into the mountains: wax=grow. Anglo-Saxon weaxen, to grow. wax cold. Gr. psuchomai. Occ. only here. 17 Let him which is on the housetop for come down to take °any thing °out of his 13 shall endure = shall have endured. house: unto. Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi. 18 Neither let him which is ¹⁴ in the field rethe end. Gr. telos, the actual end. Not the sunteleia turn back to take his clothes. (v. 3), but the same as in vv. 6 and 14. saved = delivered (1 Thess. 1. 10). 19 And woe unto them that are with child, đ 14 gospel of the kingdom. See Ap. 140. and to them that give suck ¹⁴ in those days ! of=concerning. Gen. of Relation. Ap. 17. 5. preached = proclaimed. Ap. 121. 1. 20 But pray ye that your flight ° be 6 not in e in. Gr. en. Ap. 104. viii. the winter, neither ° on the sabbath day: world=the (then) habitable world. Gr. oikoumenē. See Ap. 129. 3. The civilised as distinct from barbarian. 21 For then [°] shall be great tribulation, such Kf as °was 2 not °since °the beginning of the Not the same word as in either vv. 3 and 21. for=to, or with a view to. Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi. °world to this time, ° no, ° nor ever shall be. 22 And except those days should be ° shortened. nations = the nations.there should ²¹ no flesh be saved : but ⁹ for the **24.** 15-20 (J, above). THE SECOND SIGN. elect's sake those days shall be shortened. (Alternation.) 23 Then ° if any man shall say unto you, 'Lo, here is °Christ,' or 'there;' believe itJ | d | 15. Warning. The Second Sign. g e | 16-18. Direction. Flight. $d \mid 19$. Commiseration. ⁶ not. e | 20. Direction. Prayer and Flight. 24 For there shall arise false Christs, and 15 see. Gr. eidon. Ap. 133. I. 1. Not the same word h as in either vv. 2, 6, 30. the abomination, &c. Ref. to Dan. 12. 11. See Ap. 117. I and II, and notes on Dan. 9. 27; 11. 31; 12. 11. Used as the equivalent for a special idol. Deut. 7. 26. 1 Kings 11. 7. 2 Kings 23. 13. Cp. 2 Thess. 2. 4. by = by means of, or through. of. Gen. of Cause, that which brings on God's desolating judgments. the holy place. See note on "pinnacle", 4. 5. understand = **16** into=upon. Gr. epi. Ap. 104. ix. 3. L Tr. WH read "eis". Ap. 104. vi. any thing. All the texts read "the things". out of. Gr. dia. Ap. 104. v. 1. observe attentively. 17 on. Gr. epi. Ap. 104, ix. 1. Gr. ek. Ap. 104. vii. 20 be=happen. on. Gr. en. Ap. 103. viii. **24.** 21-28 (K, above). THE GREAT TRIBULATION. (Introversion.)

 K
 f | 21, 22. The Great Tribulation. Beginning.

 g | 23. Warning. "If they shall say".

 h
 24-. False Messiahs and false prophets.

 \hbar -24. Their object. $g \mid 25, 26.$ Warning. "If they shall say". $f \mid 27, 28.$ The Great Tribulation. The End. 21 shall be, &c. See Ap. 117. II. Quoted from Dan. 12. 1. was not = has not arisen, or happened; same as "fulfilled", v. 34. since = from, as in v. 1. the beginning. See note on John 8. 44. world. Gr. kosmos Ap. 129. 1. no. Gr. ou. Ap. 105. I. nor ever = ou mē. Ap. 105. III; 22 shortened = curtailed. See Ap. 90. i.e. shall by no means happen. 23 if ... &c. The Christ=the Messiah. Ap. 98. IX. condition is hypothetical. Ap. 118. 1. b.

	24. 24. MATT	`HEW. 24. 34.
29	false prophets, and shall [°] shew great signs and wonders;	24 shew=give. insomuch that=so as to, &c. if it were possible. The condition involves no
h (p. 1365)	° insomuch that, ° if <i>it were</i> possible, they shall 4 deceive the very elect.	doubt as to its being <i>impossible</i> . See Ap. 118. 2. a. 26 secret chambers. See note on 6. 6. Gr. <i>tameion</i> . Occ. only there, here, and Luke 12. 3, 24.
g	25 Behold, I have told nou before. 26 Wherefore ²³ if they shall say unto you, 'Behold, He is ¹⁴ in the desert;' go ⁶ not forth: 'behold, He is ¹⁴ in the °secret chambers;' be- lieve it ⁶ not.	 27 as = just as. out of = from. Gr. apo. Ap. 104. iv. also. All the texts omit "also". the coming = the parousia, or presence. See note on v. 3. the Son of man. See Ap. 98. XVI. 28 carcase. Gr. ptoma. eagles=vultures. gathered together. See Job 39. 30: which shows the
ſ	27 For °as the lightning cometh °out of the east, and shineth even unto the west; so shall °also ° the coming of ° the Son of man be. 28 For wheresoever the °carcase is, there will the °eagles be ° gathered together.	true interpretation. 24. 29–25. 46 (H ³ , p. 1364). THE ANSWER TO THE THIRD QUESTION. (Introversion and Alternations.) H ³ L N 24. 29, 30. The Son of man. Shining forth. The THIRD SIGN.
H³ L N i (p. 1366)	29 °Immediately °after the tribulation of those days °shall the sun be darkened, °and the moon shall 2not give her light, °and the stars shall fall 1 from °heaven, °and °the powers of °the heavens shall be shaken :	The Fig-tree, and Noah.
k	Son of man ¹⁴ in ²⁹ heaven:	Farable.
i	²⁹ and °then shall all the tribes of the °earth mourn, ²⁹ and °they shall see ²⁷ the Son of man coming	$\begin{bmatrix} M \\ P \\ Virgins. \\ Q \\ therefore ". \\ R \\ Parable. \end{bmatrix} $
k	"in the clouds of "heaven "with power and great glory.	$ \begin{array}{ c c c } & Parable. & Parable. \\ L & Z5. 31. The Son of man. On His throne. \\ O & Z5. 32-46. The gathering of the nations \\ \end{array} $
0	31 And He shall send His angels ³⁰ with ^o a great sound of a trumpet, and ^o they shall gather to- gether ^o His elect ^o from the four winds, ¹ from one end of ^o heaven to the other.	(Gentiles). 24. 29-30 (N, above). THE SON OF MAN. SHINING FORTH. THE THIRD SIGN. (Alternation.)
MP1	32 Now learn °a parable °of the fig tree; When °his branch °is °yet tender, and putteth forth leaves, ye °know that summer <i>is</i> nigh:	Read this with Mark 13. 24-27. Luke 21. 25-28. N i 29. Heaven. Sun darkened. k 30 The Son of man. The Third SIGN. i -30 Earth. Mourning.
m	33 So °likewise pe, when ye ^s shall see all these things, ^{s2} know that °it is near, even °at the doors.	$\begin{vmatrix} k \end{vmatrix}$ -30. The Son of man. Himself. 29 Immediately after. No room therefore for a Millennium before His coming. It must follow it.
n	34 ² Verily I say unto you, [°] This generation shall [°] not pass, [°] till all these things [°] be ful- filled.	after. Gr. meta. Ap. 104. xi. 2. shall the sun, &c. Ap. 117. II. Quoted from Isa. 13. 10; 34. 4. and. Note the Fig. <i>Polysyndeton</i> (Ap. 6), to emphasise each particular.
	filled. and. Note the Fig. Polysyndeton (Ap. 6), to emphase	

	24. 35. M.	ATTHEW.	25. 1.
0 (p. 1366) 29	35 ²⁹ Heaven and earth shall pass away, My ° words shall ³⁴ not pass away. 36 But ° of that day and hour ° knoweth man, no, not the angels of ²⁹ heaven, but ° Father ° only.	² no 36 of = concerning. Gr. peri. Ap. 104. xii. knoweth = has any intuitive knowledge.	i. 1. Gr. <i>oida</i> . known");
l	37 But ²⁷ as the days of Noe were, so °s °also ° the coming of ²⁷ the Son of man be.		of man",
m	38 For ²⁷ as ¹⁴ in the days that were ° before flood they were eating and drinking, ma ing and giving in marriage, until the that °Noe entered ° into the ark,	the rry-also the coming = the parousia (or presence the coming = the parousia. See note on v. 3day38 before. Gr. pro. Ap. 104. xiv. Noe=Noah.	
n	39 And ³² knew ² not [°] until the flood came, took them all away ;	40 the one shall be taken, &c. 1 Thes	15. 4 . 15, 16
0	so ³⁷ shall ³⁷ also the coming of ²⁷ the Son of p be. 40 Then ³⁷ shall two be ¹⁴ in the field; ^o the ^o shall be ^o taken, and the other ^o left. 41 Two ^o women shall be grinding ^o at ^o mill; the one ³⁷ shall be distributed and the other of the other of the other of the other	one taken = taken to one's side, in peace and for as in 1. 20, 24; 17. 1. Luke 9. 10; 18. 31; John 2 ceive "). the left. For judgment; as in 13. 30 ("let"); 1	14. 3 (" re- 5. 14 (" let
0.5 -	mill; the one ³⁷ shall be ⁴⁰ taken, and the or ⁴⁰ left.	ther alone"); 19. 27, 29 ("forsaken"); 23. 38; 26. 5 41 women. Grinding was and is woman' the East, and is done in the morning.	
QSp (p. 1367)	42 ° Watch therefore : for ye ³⁶ know ² not what hour your ° Lord o	at = in. Gr. en . Ap. 104. viii.	
q	come.	24. 42-44 (Q, p. 1366). WARNING. "	WATCH
Т	43 But ³² know this, that ²⁴ if the °goods of the house had ³⁶ known in what watch thief °would come,	Hall O (Sin 14) Wanning "Watch"	Com-
Т	he would have watched, and would ² not h suffered his house to be broken up.	$\begin{bmatrix} T & -43. \text{ Thief. Action against. } \\ S & p & 44 \text{ Warning. "Be ready".} \end{bmatrix}$	parison.
Sp	44 °Therefore ° be pt also ready :	q -44. Reason. 42 Watch. As in 1 Thess. 5.6 and 10 ("was	ıke ").
q	for in such an hour as ye think ² not ²⁷ the of man cometh.	43 goodman of the house = master of the	house.
R r	45 Who then is a faithful and wise serva	nt, 44 Therefore = on this account. Gr. dia t	
s	whom his lord hath made ruler °over household, to give them °meat ¹⁴ in due seas	on? 24. 45-51 (R, p. 1366). SERVANTS. P.	
t	46 °Blessed is that servant, whom his when he cometh shall find so doing.	$\begin{bmatrix} Extended \ Alternation. \end{bmatrix}$ lord R r 45 The faithful and wise servant. s -45. His duties performed.	
u	47 ² Verily I say unto you, That he s make him ruler [°] over all his [°] goods.	hall t 46. His lord's coming. u 47. His reward. r 48. The evil servant.	
r	48 ° But and ²³ if that ° evil servant shall ¹⁴ in his heart, "My lord delayeth ° his comin	say 8 49. His duties neglected.	
8	49 And shall begin to smite his fellows ants, and to eat and drink ³⁰ with the drund	erv- 45 over = at the head of. Gr. epi. Ap. 10	
t	50 The lord of that servant shall come a day when he looketh 2 not for <i>him</i> , and an hour that he is 2 not $^{\circ}$ aware of,		
u	51 And shall cut him asunder, and app him his portion 30 with the hypocrites: t shall be ° weeping and gnashing of teeth.	oint evil. Gr. kakös. Ap. 128. iv. 2. his coming = to come. 50 aware of = knoweth, as in v. 32, 33, 39. 51 weeping and gnashing. See note on	8. 12.
MPUWv (p. 1368)	25 °Then °shall °the kingdom of °hea be likened unto ten virgins, which their °lamps, and went forth °to meet bridegroom.	took	ure time. is parable iching on
	on the repentance of that generation in resp Pentecost, proclaimed and formulated in Ac has nothing to do with the Church to-day as as to watchfulness. shall=will. heavens. Cp. 6. 9, 10. lamps=torches. Se meeting (of two parties from opposite directi	hfulness, in view of the then immediate parousia, co onse to the ministry of Peter and the Twelve, beg its $3.19-26$. See the Structure of H^3 (p. 1366). The to interpretation, though there is the same solemn of the kingdom of heaven. See Ap. 114.	onditional inning at the Parable application twon = the t = for the banantēsis.

Ì	25. 2. MATT	THEW. 25. 21.
29	2 And five of them were $^{\circ}$ wise, and five were foolish.	25. 1-12 (P, p. 1366). PARABLE. THE TEN VIRGINS. (Introversion and Alternations.)
w (p. 1368)	3 They that were foolish took their ¹ lamps, and took $^{\circ}$ no oil $^{\circ}$ with them :	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $
x	4 But the ² wise took oil [°] in their [°] vessels ⁸ with their lamps.	X y 5 The Bridegroom tarrying. z -5. The ten sleeping ones. V 6 The Cry.
Ху	5 While the bridegroom tarried,	V -6. The Call.
z	they all °slumbered and °slept.	$\begin{bmatrix} U & W & v \\ w & s. \text{ The five foolish.} \end{bmatrix}$
v	6 And at midnight ° there was a cry made, ° · Behold, the bridegroom cometh;	$x \mid 9$. The five wise. $X \mid y \mid 10$. The Bridegroom coming. $z \mid 11,12$. The five foolish ones.
V	go ye out ¹ to meet him.'	2 wise = prudent.
UW v	7 Then all ° those virgins arose, and trimmed their 1 lamps.	3 no. Gr. ou. Ap. 105. I. with. Gr. meta. Ap. 104. xi. 4 in. Gr. en. Ap. 104. viii.
w	8 And the foolish said unto the 2 wise, 'Give us ° of your oil ; for our lamps ° are gone out.'	vessels. Containing oil, to pour on the torches. Gr. angeion. Occ. only here, and 13. 48. 5 slumbered=became drowsy. Gr. nustāzā. Occ.
x	9 But the wise answered, saying, ° 'Not so; lest there be ° not enough for us and you: but go ye rather ° to them that sell, and buy for yourselves.'	only here and 2 Pet. 2. 3.
Xy	10 And while they "went to buy, the bride- groom came; and they that were ready went in "with him " to the "marriage: and the door was shut.	 7 those = those former ones. 8 of. Gr. ek. Ap. 104. vii. are gone out = are going out. 9 Not so. Or, supply the Ellipsis thus: "[we must refuse] lest there be not enough", &c.
z	11 Afterward °came also the other virgins, saying, ° 'lord, lord, open to us.' 12 But he answered and said, ° 'Verily I say unto you, °I know you "not.'	not. Gr. ou. Ap. 105. I. But all the texts read "ou mē". Ap. 105. III. to. Gr. pros. Ap. 104. xv. 8. 10 went: were on their way. marriage=marriage, or wedding feast; as in 22. 2, 3, 4.
Q (p. 1366)	13 °Watch therefore, for ye 12 know ° neither the day nor the hour ° wherein ° the Son of man cometh.	11 came also the other virgins = "came the other virgins also". lord, lord. Fig. <i>Epizeuxis</i> , Ap. 6, for emph., denoting urgency. Ap. 98. VI. i. α . 4. B.
R Y (p. 1368)	14 For ° the kingdom of heaven is as a ° man ° travelling into a far country, who called his own servants, and delivered unto them his goods. 15 And unto one he gave five ° talents, to another two, and to another one; to ° every man ° according to ° his several ability; and straightway ° took his journey.	 12 Verily. See note on 5. 18. 1 know you not. Gr. oida. Ap. 132. I. 1. 13 Watch. This is the great lesson of the parable. See Q and Q (p. 1366): neither=not. Gr. ou, as in v. 6. wherein=in (Gr. en. Ap. 104. viii) which. the Son of man. See Ap. 98. XVI. 25. 14-30 (R, p. 1366). SERVANTS. PARABLE. THE MASTER. (Alternation.)
Z	16 Then he that had received the five ¹⁵ talents went and ° traded with the same, and ° made <i>them</i> other five ¹⁵ talents. 17 And likewise °he that <i>had received</i> two, he also gained other two. 18 But he that had received one ° went and digged ⁴ in the ° earth, and hid his ° lord's money.	 R Y 14, 15. The Master. Departure. Commission. Z 16-18. Servants. Conduct. Described. Y 19. The Master. Beturn. Beckoning. Z 20-30. Servants. Conduct. Judged. 14 the kingdom of heaven. Or supply the Ellipsis from v. 13: "[the coming of the Son of man]". man. Gr. anthropos. Ap. 123. 1. travelling, &c. See note on "went", &c., 21. ss. 15 talents. Gr. talanton. Occ. only here, and in 18. 24.
Y	19 °After a long time the ¹⁸ lord of those serv- ants cometh, and ° reckoneth ⁸ with them.	See Ap. 51. II. 8. (2). Hence the word comes to be used now of any gift entrusted to one for use. every man = each one.
Z A ¹ a ¹ (p. 1369)	20 And so he that had received five ¹⁵ talents came and brought other five ¹⁵ talents, saying, 'Lord, thou deliveredst unto me five ¹⁵ talents : ⁶ behold, I have gained ^o beside them five ¹⁵ ta- lents more.'	according to. Gr. kata. Ap. 104. x. 2. his several ability = his own peculiar capacity.
b1	21 His lord said unto him, 'Well done, thou good and faithful servant: thou hast been faithful ° over a few things,	for "gained". 17 he = he also. 18 went = went off. earth = ground. Gr. $g\bar{e}$. Ap. 129. 4.
C ¹	I will ° make thee ruler ° over many things: ° enter thou ° into ° the joy of thy ¹⁶ lord.'	lord. Ap. 98. VI. i. a. 4. A. 19 After. Gr. meta. Ap. 104. xi. 2. reckoneth = compareth accounts. Gr. sunairö. Occ. only here, and in 18. 23, 24.
	25. 20-30 [For S	tructure see next page].
		r Gr mi An 104 in Band 1 make - set enter

20 beside = upon. Gr. epi. Ap. 104. ix. 2. **21** over. Gr. epi. Ap. 104. ix. 3 and 1. make = set. enter... joy. He enters into joy, and joy enters into him. the joy = the [place of] joy. into. Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi.

	25. 22. MATT	HEW.	25. 37.
A ² a ² (p. 1369) 29	22 He also that had received two ¹⁵ talents came and said, ¹¹ · Lord, thou deliveredst unto me two ¹⁵ talents: ⁶ behold, I have gained two other ¹⁵ talents ²⁹ beside them.'	25. 20-30 (Z, p. 1868). SERVANTS. CO. JUDGED. (Repeated and Extended Alterno $Z \mid A^1 \mid a^1 \mid 20$. Reckoning. $b^1 \mid 21-$. Commendation.	
\mathbf{b}^{2}	23 His ¹⁸ lord said unto him, 'Well done, good and faithful servant; thou hast been faithful ²¹ over a few things	$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	
C ²	I will ²¹ make thee ruler ²¹ over many things: ²¹ enter thou ²¹ into the joy of thy ¹⁸ lord.'	A ³ a ³ 24, 25. Reckoning. b ³ 26, 27. Condemnation. c ³ 28-30. Punishment.	
A ³ a³	24 ° Then he which ° had received the one ¹⁵ talent came and said, ¹¹ · Lord, ° I knew thee that thou art an hard ¹⁴ man, reaping where thou ° hast ° not sown, and gathering where thou ° hast ° not strawed: 25 And I was afraid, and went and hid thy talent ⁴ in the earth: ° lo, <i>there</i> thou hast ° <i>that is</i> thine.'	24 Then he = He also. had received. Note the change from the the Perf. He had received it, and it remain him. I knew thee = I got to know thee. Gr. gind 132. I. ii. Not the same as vv. 12, 13, 26. hast not sown = didst not sow. hast not strawed = didst not scatter.	ned with
p ₂	26 His ¹⁸ lord answered and said unto him, ' <i>Thou</i> °wicked and slothful servant, °thou knewest that I reap where I sowed 9 not, and gather where I have 9 not ²⁴ strawed: 27 Thou oughtest therefore to have put my money to the °exchangers, and <i>then</i> at my coming \Im should have received mine own with °usury.	 25 Io, there. Fig. Asterismos. Ap. 6. that is thine=thine own. 26 wicked. Gr. ponëros. Ap. 128. IV. 1. thou knewest. Gr. oida. Ap. 132. I. i. 27 exchangers=bankers. So called from to or counters at which they sat. Gr. trapezitionly here. usury=interest. Ref. to Pent. (Deut. 23. 19, Ps. 15. 5. Hebrews were forbidden to take Hebrews, but allowed to take it from foreigne 	tēs. Occ. 20). Cp. it from
C ₃	28 Take therefore the ¹⁵ talent ° from him, and give <i>it</i> unto him which hath ten ¹⁵ talents. 29 For unto every one that hath shall be given, and he shall have abundance: but ²⁸ from him that hath °not shall be taken away even that which he hath. 30 And cast ye the unprofitable servant ²¹ into ° outer darkness: there shall be ° weeping and gnashing of teeth.'	weeping and grashing. See note on 8. 12: 31 When the Son of man. See the 5 (p. 1366). shall come=shall have come. upon. Gr. <i>epi</i> . Ap. 104. ix. 1.	me word only in Structure
<i>L N</i> (p. 1366)	31 ° When ¹³ the Son of man ° shall come ¹⁸ in His glory, and all the ³ holy angels with Him, then shall He sit ° upon ° the throne of His glory:	the throne. Luke 1. 32. Cp. Ps. 47. s. J 14. 21. Zeph. 3. s. 25. 32-46 (O, p. 1866). THE GATHERI THE NATIONS (GENTILES). (Introversion and Extended Alternation.	NG OF
0 B (p. 1369)	32 And before Him °shall be gathered all nations: and He shall separate °them one ²⁸ from another, as a shepherd divideth <i>his</i> sheep ²⁸ from the °goats:	O B 32. The Gathering. C d 33. Stationing. e 34. Right hand. Blessed. f 35, 36. Reason.	
Cd	33 And He shall set the sheep on His right hand, but the goats on the left.	$C \mid d \mid$ 41 Stationing.	
e	34 Then shall the King say unto them ³³ on His right hand, 'Come, ye blessed of My °Fa- ther, inherit the kingdom prepared for you ²⁸ from °the foundation of the world:	$\begin{array}{c c} g & 44. \text{ Inquiry.} \\ h & 45. \text{ Answer.} \\ B & 46. \text{ The Separation.} \end{array}$	
f	35 For I was °an hungred, and ye gave Me meat: I was thirsty, and ye gave Me drink: I was a stranger, and ye took Me in: 36 °Naked, and ye clothed Me: I was sick, and ye visited Me: I was 4 in prison, and ye came °unto Me.'	the word" (Acts 2. 41. 1 Thess. 2. 13): for the	20. The 8. 1, 2, 11, est is not prethren" "received hese were
g	37 ° Then shall the righteous answer Him, saying, ° 'Lord, when saw we Thee ³⁵ an hun- gred, and fed <i>Thee</i> ? or thirsty, and gave <i>Thee</i> drink?	the nations" (Num. 23. 9). The Church of the (Eph. 3) not here, because the reward here the foundation (Ap. 146) of the world" (v. s the Church was chosen "before" that (Eph. 1	ed among Mystery is "from 4); while
	are Neuter, and therefore are regarded collectiv	on, &c. See Ap. 146. 35 an hungred = of the Whole), Ap. 6. unto. Gr. pros.	here. hungry. Ap. 104.

	25. 38.	MATTHEW.	26. 9.
29	38 When saw we Thee a stranger, and Thee in? or ³⁶ naked, and clothed Thee 39 Or when saw we Thee sick, or 4 in p and came ³⁶ unto Thee?'	? 41 say also unto them = say unto	r a curse.
h (p. 1369)	40 And the King shall answer and say them, ¹² 'Verily I say unto you, Inasmi ye have done <i>it</i> unto one of ° the least of My brethren, ye have done <i>it</i> unto Me.'	y unto 1ch as 5 these 5 the	6. 2; 9. 12. 2 Thess. rnal result must be
C d	41 Then shall He °say also unto then the left hand,	has regard to the satisfaction of h	rs it, while <i>timōria</i> im who inflicts it.
е	'Depart ²³ from Me, [°] ye cursed, ²¹ into [°] ev ing fire, prepared for the devil and his a		ly here, and 1 John
ſ	42 For I was ³⁵ an hungred, and ye gat ⁸ no meat: I was thirsty, and ye gave M	ve Me What this kolasis is must be learnt from and note on Luke 3. 17.	om 25. 41. Cp. 3. 12,
	drink: 43 I was a stranger, and ye took Me ⁹ r ³⁶ naked, and ye clothed Me ⁹ not: sick as prison, and ye visited Me ⁹ not.'	nd ¹⁸ in $\begin{bmatrix} E^3 \\ E \end{bmatrix}$ D 1, 2. The Passover. Two da $E \begin{bmatrix} 3-5 \\ 2-5 \end{bmatrix}$ Conspiracy of Chief P	ys before.
g	44 Then shall they also answer Him, s ¹¹ Lord, when saw we Thee ³⁵ an hungr athirst, or a stranger, or ³⁶ naked, or sick, prison, and did ⁹ not minister unto Thee	red, or $E \mid 14-16$. Conspiracy of Juda or ¹⁸ in $D \mid 17-35$. The Passover. One of	as Iscariot.
h	45 Then shall He answer them, s ¹² Verily I say unto you, Inasmuch as <i>it</i> ⁹ not to one of ⁴⁰ the least of these, ye ⁹ not to Me.'	aying, finished. Cp. 7. 28. Marking an e ye did 13. 53; 19. 1. See Ap. 156.	n Mark 9. 42.
В	46 And these shall go away ²¹ into ° evo ing ° punishment : but the righteous ²¹ in eternal."	erlast- after two days, &c. See Ap. 156.	nomai. See note on
E ³ D (p. 1370)	26 And it came to pass, when ° Jess °finished all these °sayings, H unto His disciples, 2°" Ye know that °after two days ' <i>feast of</i> the °passover, and ° the Son o is °betrayed ° to be °crucified."	the Son of man. See Ap. 98. XV betrayed = delivered up. The Pr Fig. Prolepsis(Ap. 6). See note on "yu to = for : i.e. for the purpose of. Co empiricated = burgungs at the Co	esent Tense is the eslew", Matt. 23. 35 Fr. eis. Ap. 104. vi. stauros was not two as an upright pale
E	3 Then assembled together the chief p and the scribes, and the elders of the p ° unto the ° palace of the high priest, wh called Caiaphas, 4 And consulted ° that they might ° take ¹ by ° subtilty, and kill <i>Him.</i> 5 But they said, ° " Not ° on the feasi lest there be an uproar among the Peopl	39. Gal. 3. 13. 1 Pet. 2. 24). Even the a mere stake, or stave (cp. vv. 47, 55, (here) means to drive stakes. See A 3 unto. Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi. palace = court, with access from the so rendered in vv. 58, 69. Mark 14. 2 11. 21; 22. 55. John 18. 15, as it is i t day,	e Latin crux means &c.); while stauroo up. 162. e street. Should be 54, 66; 15. 16. Luke n Rev. 11. 2. It is
FG	6 Now when ¹ Jesus [°] was [°] in [°] Bethany, [°] house of [°] Simon [°] the leper, 7 There came unto Him [°] a woman h an alabaster [°] box of [°] very precious oint and poured it [°] on [°] His head, as He [°] meat.	$in the$ take = seize. subti $b Not.$ $Gr. m \overline{c}.$ Ap. 105. II. N $vv.$ $11, 24, 29, 35, 39, 40, 42, 53, 70, 72, 74.$ $on = during.$ $Gr. en.$ Ap. 104. v "among" in the next clause. v	iii. The same as
Нi	8 But when °His disciples saw <i>it</i> , the indignation, saying, ² "To what purp this waste?	$\begin{array}{c c} \textbf{26. 6-13} (F, above). & \text{THE SECO} \\ \hline \textbf{(Introversion and Alterno} \\ \textbf{ose is} & F & G & (6, 7. The woman. Historic. \\ & H & i 8. Indignation. \end{array}$	
k	9 For this olntment might have been so much, and given to the poor."	bld for $H \mid i \mid 10$. Reasoning. $H \mid i \mid 10$. Reprehension. $k \mid 11$. Reasoning. $G \mid 12, 13$. The woman. Prophet	ic.
	entry in Mark 11. 1-10, Luke 19. 29-38, and be a second anointing, later than that <i>Ampliatio</i> (Ap. 6). So called after his heal	ai. in. Gr. en. Ap. 104, viii. Be His first entry in Matt. 21. 1-11, &c., and be John 12. 12-19. See Ap. 156. Simon of John 12. 2-8. See Ap. 158, ing, as Matthew was still called "the tax-gat med. In the former anointing it was Mary, k. very precious. Gr. barutimo, the texts read ix. 2), as in vv. 39, 50. feet. See Ap. 158. sat=reclined [at tak]	thany. Note this fore His triumphal . Showing this to the leper. Fig. . herer". See note . See Ap. 158, and s. Occ. only here. . His head. In

26. 10.

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26. 27.

H i (p. 1370) 29	10 When ¹ Jesus ^o understood <i>it</i> , He said unto them, "Why trouble ye the woman? for she hath wrought a ^o good work ^o upon Me.	10 u. derstood=got to know. Gr. ginōskō. Ap. 132. l. n. Not the same word as in vv. 2, 70, 72, 74. good excellent.
k	11 For ye have the poor always ° with you; but Me ye have ° not always.	upon = toward. Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi. 11 with. Gr. meta. Ap. 104. xi. 1. not. Gr. ou. Ap. 105. i. Not the same as in vv. 5,
G	12 For ⁶ in that she hath poured this ointment ^o on My body, she did <i>it</i> ^o for My ^o burial. 13 ^o Verily I say unto you, Wheresoever ^o this gospel shall be ^o preached ⁶ in the whole ^o world, <i>there</i> shall ^o also this, that this woman hath done, be told ^o for a memorial of her."	29, 35; but the same as in vv. 24, 39, 40, 42, 53, 70, 72, 74. 12 on. Gr. epi . Ap. 104. ix. 1. for. Gr. pros. Ap. 104. ix. 4. buriai = embalming. Cp. John 19. 40. Should be the same as in Mark 14. s. John 12. 7. It is the Sept. for Heb. $h\bar{u}nat$, in Gen. 50. 2. 13 Verily. See note on 5. 18.
E	14 Then one of the twelve, called Judas Is- cariot, went °unto the chief priests, 15 And said <i>unto them</i> , "What ° will ye give me, and 3 will deliver Him unto you?" And they °covenanted with him for °thirty pieces of silver. 16 And °from that time he sought oppor- tunity to ² betray Him.	 this gospel=the good news. pre.ched=proclaimed. Ap. 121. 1. world. Gr. kosmos. Ap. 129. 1. also this, that=this also which. for. Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi, 14 unto. Gr. pros. Ap. 104. xv. 3. 15 will ye give?=what are ye willing to give? will. Gr. thelō. Ap. 102. 1. covenanted with him=they placed for him [in the balance]: i. e. they weighed to him.
D	17 Now "the first day of the feast of un- leavened bread the disciples came to 1 Jesus, saying unto Him,	thirty pieces of silver. See Ap. 161. These were shekels of the Sanctuary. Ap. 51. I. 6. This was the price of an ox which had gored a servant (Ex. 21. 32). It was here destined for the purchase of sacrifices.
F ³ K ¹ l (p. 1371)	^o "Where ¹⁵ wilt Thou that we prepare for Thee to eat the ² passover?"	16 from. Gr. apo. Ap. 104. iv. 26. -17-29 (F ³ , p. 1355). JERUSALEM. THE
m	18 And He said, "Go ° into the city ° to ° such a man, and say unto him, 'The ° Master saith, 'My time is at hand; I will keep the ² pass- over ° at thy house ¹¹ with My disciples.''"	LAST SUPPER. (Division.) F ³ K ¹ -17-19. The preparation. K 20-25. The Supper. Prediction. Betrayal. K ³ 26-29. The New Covenant.
m	19 And the disciples did as 1 Jesus $^{\circ}$ had appointed them;	-17-19 (K ¹ , above). THE PREPARATION. (Introversion.) K ¹ 1 -17. Preparation. Inquiry.
2	and they made ready the ² passover.	m 18. Command.
K ² n	20 Now when the even was come, °He sat down ¹¹ with the twelve. 21 And °as they did eat, He said, ¹³ " Verily I say unto you, that one °of you shall ° betray Me."	17 the first day. The eating of the Passover took place on the <i>fourteenth</i> of Nisan. See Ex. 12. 6, 8, 18, Lev. 23. 5. Num. 9. 3; 28. 16. The <i>fifteenth</i> was the high sabbath, the first day of the feast. See Num. 28. 17.
o	22 And they were exceeding sorrowful, and began °every one of them to say unto Him, °"Lord, is it \Im ?"	Where ? This question shows that the date was the fourteenth of Nisan. 18 into. Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi, as in vv. 30, 32, 41, 45, ^{52, 71.}
р	23 And He answered and said, "He that [°] dippeth <i>his</i> hand ¹¹ with Me ⁶ in the dish, the same shall ² betray Me.	here in N.T. Master Teacher. Ap. 98. XIV. v. 3.
n	24 °The Son of man goeth as it °is written ° of Him: but woe unto that man ° by whom ° the Son of man is ² betrayed! ° it had been good for that man ° if he had ¹¹ not been born."	at thy house = with (Åp. 104. xv. 3) thee. 19 had appointed. Gr. suntassõ. Occ. only here, and 27. 10. 20-25 (K ² , above). THE SUPPER. PREDICTION. BETRAYAL. (Extended Alternation.)
0	25 Then Judas, which ² betrayed Him, answered and said, ^{\circ} "Master, is it \Im ?"	K ² n 20, 21. Prediction. Betrayal. 0 22. Question of all.
p	He said unto him, ""Ihou hast said."	p 23. Answer. n 24. Prediction.
K ³	26 And as they were eating, ¹ Jesus took [°] bread, and blessed <i>it</i> , and brake <i>it</i> , and gave <i>it</i> to the disciples, and said, "Take, eat; [°] this is My body." 27 And He took the cup, and gave thanks,	 0 25 Question of one. p -25. Answer. 20 He sat down. Thus showing us that this could not be the Passover lamb, which must be eaten standing. See Ex. 12. 11. 21 as they did eat. This had been preceded by John 13. 1-30. It was the Passover feast, but not the
	 24 The Son of man. See Ap. 98. XVI. is we cerning. Gr. peri. Ap. 104. xiii, 1. by =by m in v. 63. it had been good. Fig. Paramia. See Ap. 118. 2. a. 25 Master = Rabbi. Ap. "Not I, is it, Master?" Thou hast said = Thou the second second	98. XIV. vii, as in v. 49; not the same as in v. 18. Lit.,

40.41.	26	5.	2	7	
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29		28 My blood. No covenant could be made without
	 ²¹ of it; 28 For this is °My blood of °the °new °testament, which °is shed for many ° for the remission of sins. 29 But I say unto you, I will °not drink henceforth ²¹ of °this fruit of the vine, until that day when I drink it ²⁸ new ¹¹ with you ⁶ in Way ° Father's kingdom " 	shedding of blood (Ex. 24. 8. Heb. 9. 20); and no re- mission of sins without it (Lev. 17. 11). the new testament = the New Covenant. This can be nothing else than that foretold in Jer. 31. 31. If not made then, it can never now be made, for the Lord has no blood to shed (Luke 24. 39). This is the ground of the proclamation of "them that heard Him" (Heb. 2. 3). See Acts 2. 38, and 3. 19, &c. See also Ap. 95. I.
G ³ q (p. 1372)	My ° Father's kingdom." 30 And when they had sung an °hymn, ° they went out ¹⁸ into the mount of Olives. 31 Then saith ¹ Jesus unto them, 'All me shall ° be offended ° because of Me ° this night: for °it is written, ° 'I will smite the shepherd, and the sheep of the flock shall be scattered abroad.' 32 But ² atter I am risen again, °I will go be- fore you ¹⁸ into ° Galilee."	new. Gr. kainos. New as to quality and character; not fresh made. Cp. 27. 60. Mark 1. 27. testament. Gr. $diath\bar{e}k\bar{e}$. This is the first occurrence in the N.T. It is an O.T. word, and must always con- form to O.T. usage and translation. It has nothing whatever to do with the <i>later</i> Greek usage. The ren- dering "testament" comes from the Vulg. "testamen- tum". See Ap. 95. I. Diath $\bar{e}k\bar{e}$ occurs in N.T. thirty- three times, and is rendered covenant twenty times (Luke 1. 72. Acts 8. 25; 7. 8. Bom. 9. 4; 11. 27. Gal.
r	33 °Peter answered and said unto Him, ° "Though all men shall ³¹ be offended ³¹ be- cause of Thee, yet will 3 never ³¹ be offended."	 B. 15, 17; 4. 24. Eph. 2. 12. Heb. 8. 6, 8, 9, 9, 10; 9. 4, 4; 10. 16, 29; 12. 24; 13. 20); and <i>testament</i> thirteen times (here, Mark 14. 24. Luke 22. 20. 1 Cor. 11. 25. 2 Cor. 3. 6, 14. Heb. 7. 22; 9. 15, 15, 16, 17, 20. Rev. 11. 19). It should be always rendered "covenant." See notes on
q	34 ¹ Jesus said unto him, ¹³ "Verily I say unto thee, ° That ³¹ this night, ° before ° the cock crow, thou ° shalt deny Me ° thrice."	 should be always rendered "covenant". See notes on Heb. 9. 15-22, and Ap. 95. is. Used by the Fig. <i>Prolepsis.</i> Ap. 6. for the remission of sins. See Acts 2. 38; 3. 19. 29 not=by no means. Gr. ou mē. Ap. 105. III.
9	35 Peter said unto Him, ° "Though I should die ° with Thee, yet will I ²⁹ not deny Thee." Likewise ° also said all the disciples.	This might have been soon verified, had the nation repented at the proclamation of Peter (Acts 3. 19-26). But now it is postponed. this function. Fine Bayinhurging An 6
D J	a place called Gethsemane, and saith unto the disciples,	26. 30-35 (G ³ , p. 1855). THE FIRST PREDICTION
K	"Sit ye here, while I go and ° pray yonder." 37 And He took with Him °Peter and the two sons of °Zebedee, and began to be ° sor- rowful and very heavy. 38 Then saith He unto them, "My ° soul is ° exceeding sorrowful, even unto death: tarry ye here, and watch ¹¹ with Me."	OF PETER'S DENIALS. (Alternation.) G ³ q 30-32. The Stumbling of all. r 33. The disclaimer of Peter. q 34. The Denial of one. r 35. The disclaimer of all. 30 hymn=Psalm. Probably the second part of "the great Hallel" (or Hallelujah), Pss. 115, 116, 117,
K		118. they went out. Another proof that this was not the Passover lamb. Cp. Ex. 12. 22. See note on v. 20. 31 be offended = stumble
	and a second cock-crow; not three cock-crows. T relating to fact, not to time; (2) Luke 22. 34, in the the Mount of Olives. See Ap. 156 and 160	33 Peter = But Peter. Though. Gr. Even 34 That. Gr. hoti. Separating what was said from
ļ		THE AGONY. (Introversion.)
	K 39-45. J 46. Depa	8. Purpose. Stated. . Purpose. Effected. arture.
	tion in the Wilderness (4. 1-11) and the Agony in the is shown in Luke 22, 63, John 14. 30; and by the fac 4. 11 with Luke 22. 43. place. Not the usua farmstead; used as "place" is in Eng. of a separated (here, Mark 14. 32. John 4. 5. Acts 1. 18, 19, 19; 4. 34; Ap. 94. III. 3. pray. Gr. proseuchomai. Ap. 16 37 Peter, &c. : i.e. Peter, James, and John. heavy=full of anguish and distress. Gr. adëmon 38 soul. Gr. psuchž. See Ap. 110. IV. 1.	(p. 1305) shows the correspondence between the Tempta- e Garden (26. 36-46). That both were an assault of Satan 2t that in each case angelic ministration was given. Cp. al word, or the same as in $v. 52$, but Gr. <i>chörion</i> =field, or d spot, in contrast with the town. Cp. its ten occurrences (5. 3, 8; 28. 7). Gethsemane. An Aramaic word. See 34. I. 2. As in $vv. 39$, 41, 42, 44. Not the same as in $v. 53$. Zebedee. See note on 4. 21. sorrowful and very teo=very heavy: only here, Mark 14. 33, and Phil. 2. 26. exceeding sorrowful=crushed with anguish. So the lling. See Ap. 102. 1.

26	10
20	40.

29	40 And He cometh ¹⁴ unto the disciples, and findeth them °asleep, and saith unto Peter, "What, could ye ¹¹ not watch ¹¹ with Me one	40 asleep. Intentionally. Ap. 171. 1. 41 that = to the end that. spirit. Gr. pneuma. Ap. 101. II. 8.
	hour? 41 Watch and ³⁶ pray, ^o that ye enter ⁵ not ¹⁸ into temptation: the ^o spirit indeed <i>is</i> ^o will- ing, but the flesh <i>is</i> weak."	willing = ready. 42 Thy will be done. The very words of 6. 10. 45 now = afterward. Not "now", for see v. 46. If taken as meaning "henceforth" it must be a question, as in Luke 22. 46.
	42 He went away again the second time, and ³⁶ prayed, saying, "O My ²⁹ Father, ²⁴ if this cup may ¹¹ not pass away ¹⁶ from Me, except I drink it, °Thy ³⁹ will be done." 43 And He came and found them asleep	the hour is at hand. See note on John 7. 6. the Son of man. See Ap. 98. XVI. 46 going. To meet Judas; not to attempt flight. 26. 47-28. 15 (C, p. 1305). THE BAPTISM OF
	again: for their eyes were heavy. 44 And He left them, and went away again, and ³⁶ prayed the third time, saying the same words.	SUFFERING (20. 22, 23). (Division.) C L^1 26. 47—27. 34. The Betrayal. L^2 27. 35-54. The Crucifixion. L^3 27. 55-66. The Burial.
	45 Then cometh He ¹⁸ to His disciples, and saith unto them, "Sleep on °now, and take your rest: behold, °the hour is at hand, and °the Son of man is ² betrayed ¹⁸ into the hands of sinners.	Q 26. 57. The Lord. Led to Caiaphas.
J (p. 1372)	46 Rise, let us be $^{\circ}$ going: ⁴⁵ behold, he is at hand that doth 2 betray Me."	R 26. 58. Peter. Following. O S 26. 59-66. The Lord before Cataphas. Cataphas. T 26. 67, 68. Personal abuse.
C L ¹ P U (p. 1373)	47 And while He yet spake, °lo, Judas, °one of the twelve, came, and ¹¹ with him a great °multitude ¹¹ with swords and °staves, ¹⁶ from the chief priests and elders of the People.	$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$
v	48 Now he that ² betrayed Him [°] gave them a sign, saying, "Whomsoever I shall kiss, that same is He: [°] hold Him fast." 49 And forthwith he came to ¹ Jesus, and said, [°] "Hail, ²⁵ Master"; and [°] kissed Him. 50 And ¹ Jesus said unto him, [°] " Friend, [°] wherefore art thou come?" Then came they, and laid hands ⁷ on ¹ Jesus, and [°] took	Pilate. T 27. 27-34. Personal abuse. 26. 47-56 (P, above). JUDAS. TREACHERY. (Alternation.) P U 47. Judas with the crowd. V 48-54. Acts of two disciples. Treachery and zeal. U 55, 56 The Lord to the multitudes.
	Him. 51 And, ⁴⁵ behold, one of them which were ¹¹ with ¹ Jesus stretched out <i>his</i> hand, and drew his ° sword, and struck °a servant of the high priest's, and smote off ° his ear. 52 Then said ¹ Jesus unto him, " Put up again thy sword ¹⁸ into his ° place: for all they that ° take the sword ° shall perish ° with the sword. 53 Thinkest thou that I ° cannot ° now ° pray to My ²⁹ Father, and He shall ° presently ° give Me more than ° twelve ° legions of angels ? 54 But how then shall the scriptures be ful- filled, that thus it must ° be?"	 V -56. Act of all the disciples. Desertion. 47 10. Fig. Asterismos. Ap. 6. one of the twelve. So in all three Gospels. Had probably become almost an appellative by the time the Gospels were written (as "he that betrayed Him" had). multitude=crowd. staves - clubs. As in v. 55 and Mark 14. 43, 48. Luke 22. 52. Not "staves", which is pl. of rabdos=a staff for walking, as in 10. 10. Mark 6. 8. Luke 9. 3 and Heb. 11. 21. 48 gave=had given. hold Him fast=seize Him. 49 Hail=Gr. Chaire. An Aramaic salutation, like the Greek "Peace". Occ. only here; 27. 29; 28. 9;
U	55 °In that same hour said ¹ Jesus to the ⁴⁷ mul- titudes, "Are ye come out as °against °a thief ¹¹ with swords and ⁴⁷ staves for to take Me? °I sat daily ° with you teaching °in the temple, and ye °laid °no hold on Me. 56 But all this °was done, ⁴¹ that the scriptures of the prophets might be fulfilled."	Matthew (here; 11. 16; 20. 13; 22. 12). wherefore, &c. This is not a question, but an ellip- tical expression : "[Do that] for which thou art here", or "Carry out thy purpose". took - seized.
v	Then all the disciples forsook Him, and fled.	51 sword. See Luke 22. 36. a servant - the bondservant; marking a special body-servant of the high priest, by name "Malchus"
	v. 36. take the sword, &c.: i.e. on their Cp. Gen. 9. 6. with = by. Gr. en. Ap. 104. even now. T Tr. WH R read this after "give M 134. I. 6. presently = instantly. giv Himself and the eleven apostles. legic Cp. 2 Kings 6. 17. 54 be = come to pass. same word as in v. 5". a thief = a robber.	(John 18. 10). : i.e. its sheath. Gr. topos. Not the same word as in own responsibility (Rom. 13. 4). shall perish. viii. 53 cannot=am not able. $now =$ le". pray=call upon. Gr. parakaleõ. Ap. re=send, or furnish. twelve legions: i.e. for ons. A legion consisted of 6,000 (6,000 × 12 = 72,000). 55 against. Gr. epi. Ap. 104. ix. 3. Not the As in 27 38, 44. (Not "thief", as in 6. 19, 20; 24. 43; sat=I used to sit; or, was accustomed to sit. Imperf.

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 97 And they that had 'slaid hold on 'sleaus led (p. 137); (p. 137);		20. 57. MATTHEW. 26. 69		
 S W [9, 1374] (p. 1374) 	(p. 1373) 29	 Him away ¹⁸ to Caiaphas the high priest, where the scribes and the elders °were assembled. 58 But Peter followed Him °afar off °unto the high priest's ³ palace, and went °in, and 	were assembled=had gathered together. 58 afar off=from (Gr. apo. Ap. 104. iv) afar. unto=even to. in=within [the court]. servants=officers. 26. 59-66 (S, p. 1373). THE LORD BEFORE	
$ \begin{array}{c} \textbf{X} s \\ \textbf{S} \\ \textbf{And the high priest arose, and said unto Him, "Answerest Thou "nothing? what is if puties that they might put, &c. \\ \textbf{S} \\ \textbf{S} none = not [any]. (F, cos. Ap. 105. L. \\ \textbf{yet found they none. All the texts omit these words; but Scrivener thinks on insufficient authority. \\ \textbf{S} \\ \textbf{S} \\ \textbf{M} \\ \textbf{T} \\ \textbf{S} \\ \textbf{S} \\ \textbf{M} \\ \textbf{S} \\ $		59 Now the chief priests, and elders, and all the °council, °sought °false witness °against 'Jesus, °to put Him to death; 60 But found °none: yea, though many false witnesses came, °yet found they none. °At the last came °two false witnesses, 61 And said, "This fellow said, ° I am able to destroy the °Temple of °God, and to build it	 S W 59-61. False witnesses. Sought. X 62-64. Examination. W 65-66 False witnesses. Superseded. X -66. Condemnation. 59 council=Sanhedrin. sought=were seeking. false witness. Gr. pseudomarturia. Occ. only in Matthew, here, and 15. 19. against. Gr. kata. Ap. 104. x. 1. Not the same 	
 two. Cp. Deut. 19.1s. and the high priest answered and said unto Him, "" I adjure Thee "by the living "God that Thou tell us "whether Thou be 'the Christ, "the Son of God." the Son of man sitting "on the right hand "of "power, and coming "in the clouds of "heaven." the Ant by Soken blasphemy; what further need have we of witnesses? "6 behold, now ye have heard His blasphemy; what further need have we of witnesses? 46 behold, now ye have heard His blasphemy; what further need and said, "He is "guilty of death." the palms of their hands, "68 Saying." "Prophesy unto us, Thou 63 Christ, Who is he that smote Thee?" R Y' u' (p. 1373) con. Gr. ek. Ap 104. vii. (Not the same word as in v. 18, "Gon Hastes, See Ap. 98. XV. de Son of God. See Ap.	Xs	62 And the high priest arose, and said unto Him, "Answerest Thou ° nothing? what is it	60 none=not [any]. Gr. ou. Ap. 105. I. yet found they none. All the texts omit these words; but Scrivener thinks on insufficient authority.	
 And the high priest answered and said unto Him, "I adjure Thee by the living "God that Thou tell us "whether %hou be 'the Christ. Thou tell us 'whether %hou be 'the Christ. "I de 'lesus saith unto him, " %hou hast said." (a data and 'of 'power, and coming 'n the clouds of 'neavern." 64 'lesus saith unto him, " %hou hast said." (a data and 'of 'power, and coming 'n the relater 'shell be destroy. This was "false". He said "Destroy ve". The false witnesses helped to fulfilit. "I def 'lesus saith unto him, " %hou hast said." (b def 'lesus saith unto him, " %hou hast said." (b def 'lesus saith unto him, " %hou hast said." (b def 'lesus saith unto him, " %hou hast said." (b def 'lesus saith unto him, " %hou hast said." (b def 'lesus saith unto him, saying, "He hath spoken blasphemy, what further need have we of witnesses? '6 behold, now ye have heard His blasphemy. 66 What think ye?" X They answered and said, "He is 'guilty of death." 7 T Then did 'they spit 'n His face, and 'n buffeted Him; and others 's smote Him with the palms of their hands, 68 Saying, "Prophesy unto us, Thou *Christ, Who is he that smote Thee?" (p. 1373) (p. 1374) (p. 1374)	t	63 But ¹ Jesus ^o held His peace.		
 t 64.¹ Jesus saith unto him, ° "Jhou hast said: : °nevertheless I say unto you, 'Hereafter ⁹ shall ye see ⁹ the son of man sitting ⁹ on the right hand ⁹ of ⁹ power, and coming ⁹ in the clouds of ⁹ heaven." W 65 Then the high priest rent his ⁹ clothes, saying, "He hath spoken blasphemy; what further need have we of witnesses? ⁴⁵ behold, now ye have heard His blasphemy. 66 What think ye?" X They answered and said, "He is ⁹ guilty of death." F 7 Then did ⁹ they spit ⁹ in His face, and ⁹ buffeted Him; and others ⁹ smote Him with the palms of their hands, 68 Saying, "Prophesy unto us, Thou ⁶⁹ Christ, Who is he that smote Thee?" R Y¹ u¹ (p. 1373) M 7 G r. ek. Ap. 104. vii. (Not the same word as in vv. 24, 39, 42. the Son of Gallee." R Y¹ u¹ (p. 1374) On, Gr. ek. Ap. 104. vii. (Not the same word as in v. 18, 18. a. 11. heaven the heavens. See note on 6. 7. 10. 39, 50. of. Gen. (of Origin). Ap. 17. 2. power. See note on 7. 2%. in =upon. Gr. ept. Ap. 104. vi. subject to; "guilty" is obsolete in this sense. 67 in onto. Gr. ets. Ap. 104. vi. (P. 1374) M 68 Caying, "Brond bar, and "a damsel came unto him, saying, "Joun also wast ¹¹ with ¹ Jesus of Galilee." On. Gr. ets. Ap. 104. vii. (Not the same word as in v. 18, 19. "On " here is not the same as in vv. 5, 7, 12, 39, 50. of. Gen. (of Origin). Ap. 17. 2. power. See note on 7. 2%. in =upon. Gr. ept. Ap. 104. vi. (p. 1374) M 67 Theo did, S. 1914. (Sym machus). M 7 1 (ap. 14. (Sym machus). M 7 1 (ap. 14. cock crowing. Y¹ [¹⁰ - 	s	And the high priest answered and said unto Him, "I adjure Thee "by the living ⁶¹ God that Thou tell us "whether Thou be "the Christ,	61 I am able to destroy. This was "false". He said "Destroy ye". The false witnesses helped to fulfil it. Temple. Gr. naos, the shrine. See note on 23. 16. God. Ap. 98. I. i. 1.	
 W bit 1 lief in the ingin priest rent his "clothes, saying, "He hath spoken blasphemy; what further need have we of witnesses? ⁴⁵ belod, now ye have heard His blasphemy. 66 What think ye?" 7 They answered and said, "He is "guilty of death." 7 They answered and said, "He is "guilty of buffeted Him; and others "smote Him with the palms of their hands, (B Saying, "Prophesy unto us, Thou ⁶⁵ Christ, Who is he that smote Thee?" 7 R Y' u' (9. 1374) 7 R Y' u' (9. 1374) 7 R Y' u' (9. 1374) 7 Mether and a sing the second of the second the second of the second the second of the second the	t	° nevertheless I say unto you, ° Hereafter ° shall ye see ° the Son of man sitting ° on the right hand ° of ° power, and coming ° in the clouds of	See Mark 2. 1. Acts 24. 17. Gal. 2. 1. 26. 62-64 (X, above). EXAMINATION (Alternation.) X s 62. Question.	
$ \begin{array}{c} x\\ & T\\ &$	W	saying, "He hath spoken blasphemy; what further need have we of witnesses? ⁴⁵ behold, now ye have heard His blasphemy.	$s \mid -63$. Adjuration. $t \mid 64$. Speech. Answer. 62 nothing. Gr. ouden. Related to ou. Ap. 105. I. 63 held = continued holding.	
T (p. 1373) (p. 1373) (p. 1373) (p. 1373) (p. 1373) (p. 1374) (p. 137	X	They answered and said, "He is guilty of	kizō. Occ. only here.	
 (p. 1373) ^o buffeted Him; and others ^o smote Him with the palms of their hands, 68 Saying, ^o Prophesy unto us, Thou ⁶³ Christ, Who is he that smote Thee ?" (p. 1374) (p. 1374)<!--</th--><th>m</th><th></th><th></th>	m			
(p. 1374) (p. 1374) (p. 1374) and ° a damsel came unto him, saying, " \mathfrak{Thou} also wast ¹¹ with ¹ Jesus of Galilee." (p. 1374) also wast ¹¹ with ¹ Jesus of Galilee." on. Gr. ek. Ap. 104. vii. (Not the same word as in v. 18.) "On "here is not the same as in v. 5, 7, 12, 39, 50. of. Gen. (of Origin). Ap. 17. 2. power. See note on 7, 29. in = upon. Gr. epi. Ap. 104. ix 1. heaven=the heavens. See note on 6. 9, 10. 65 clothes=robe. 66 guilty=deserving or subject to; "guilty" is obsolete in this sense Gr. enochos, as in Mark 14. 64. 1 Cor. 11. 27. Jas. 2. 10. 67 in=on to. Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi. buffeted=cuffed, or slapped. smote hands. One word in the Gr. Not necessarily implying "rods". See 5. 39. Mark 14. 65. John 18. 22; 19.3. Cp. Isa. 50. 6 (Sept.) and Hos, 5. 1; 11. 4 (Sym nachus). Gr. rapizo. Occ. only in Matthew, here and 5. 39. 68 Prophesy=Divine. Refers to the past, not to the future. 26. 69-75 (R, p. 1373). PETER. DENIAL. (Repeated Alternation.) $R \begin{bmatrix} Y^1 & 69-74 Peter. Three denials. Z^1 & [-74 A cock crowing.]Y^2 & [75 A cock crowing.] (The word of the Lord.)$		 ^o buffeted Him; and others ^o smote Him with the palms of their hands, 68 Saying, ^o" Prophesy unto us, Thou ⁶³ Christ, 	the Christ=Messiah. Ap. 98. VIII and IX. the Son of God. See Ap. 98. XV. 64 Thou hast said=Thou thyself hast said [it].	
on. Gr. ek. Ap. 104. vii. (Not the same word as in v. 18.) "On " here is not the same as in vv. 5, 7, 12, 39, 50. of. Gen. (of Origin). Ap. 17. 2. power. See note on 7. 29. in=upon. Gr. epi. Ap. 104. ix. 1. heaven=the heavens. See note on 6. 3, 10. 65 clothes=robe. 66 guilty=deserving or subject to; "guilty" is obsolete in this sense Gr. enochos, as in Mark 14. 64. 1 Cor. 11. 27. Jas. 2. 10. 67 in=on to. Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi. buffeted=cuffed, or slapped. smotehands. One word in the Gr. Not necessarily implying "rods". See 5. 39. Mark 14. 65. John 18. 22; 19. 3. Cp. Isa. 50. 6 (Sept.) and Hog. 5. 1; 11. 4 (Sym machus). Gr. rapizo. Occ. only in Matthew, here and 5. 39. 68 Prophesy=Divine. Refers to the past, not to the future. $R \begin{bmatrix} Y^1 & 69-74 Peter. Three denials. Z^1 & -74 A cock crowing. Y^2 & 75 A cock crowing. (The word of the Lord.)$		and ° a damsel came unto him, saying, "Ihou	shall ye see. See Ap. 133. I. 8. a. the Son of man. As in vv. 2, 24, 45. This is the last occurrence in Matthew. See Ap. 98. XVI and 117. I.	
$R \mid Y^1 \mid 69-74$ Peter. Three denials. $Z^1 \mid -74$. A cock crowing. $Y^2 \mid 75$ Peter. Denial. Remembered. $Z^2 \mid -75$ A cock crowing. (The word of the Lord.)		 39, 50. of. Gen. (of Origin). Ap. 17. 2. powrix. 1. heaven=the heavens. See note on 6. a, or subject to; "guilty" is obsolete in this sense 67 in=on to. Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi. buffet/word in the Gr. Not necessarily implying "rods". 50. 6 (Sept.) and Hos. 5. 1; 11. 4 (Symmachus). 68 Prophesy=Divine. Refers to the past, not to 	t in v. 18.) ¹¹ On " here is not the same as in vv. 5, 7, 12, er. See note on 7. 29. in = upon. Gr. epi . Ap. 104. 10. 65 clothes=robe. 66 guilty=deserving Gr. $enochos$, as in Mark 14. 64. 1 Cor. 11. 27. Jas. 2. 10. 9d = cuffed, or slapped. smote hands. One See 5. 39. Mark 14. 65. John 18. 22; 19.3. Cp. Isa. Gr. $rapiz\delta$. Occ. only in Matthew, here and 5. 39. the future.	
$egin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $				
		$egin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $		
		26. 69-74- (Y ¹ , above). PETER. THREE DENIALS. (Repeated Alternation.)		
\mathbf{Y}^{1} \mathbf{u}^{1} 69, First challenge. A maid. \mathbf{v}^{1} 70. First denial. \mathbf{u}^{2} 71. Second challenge. Another [maid]. \mathbf{v}^{2} 72. Second denial. \mathbf{u}^{3} 53. Third challenge. Bystanders.		v ¹ 70. First d u ² 71. Second ch v ² 72. Second u ³ 73. Third cha	lenial. nallenge. Another [maid]. 1 denial. 1 llenge. Bystanders.	
v^3 74 Third denial. 69 Now Peter, &c. See Ap. 160 on Peter's denials. a damsel. Because another is to be mentioned (v. 71). a damsel. Gr. one		69 Now Peter, &c. See Ap. 160 on Peter's denial	s. sat=was sitting. a damsel. Gr. one	

	26. 70. MA	TTHEW.	27. 11.		
v ¹ (p. 1374)	70 But he °denied before them all, sayin ² "I know ¹¹ not what thou sayest."	71 gone out. To avoid further questioning	ng.		
u ² 29	71 And when he was [°] gone out ¹⁸ into the porch, [°] another <i>maid</i> saw him, and said up them that were there, "This [°] fellow was at ¹¹ with ¹ Jesus of Nazareth."	This fellow was also = This [man] also wa to 72 the man. Not even His name. 50 74 curse: i.e. to call down curses on what he said were not true. Gr. katanathema	74 curse: i.e. to call down curses on himself if what he said were not true. Gr. katanathematizo. Occ.		
\mathbf{v}^2	72 And again he ⁷⁰ denied ¹¹ with an oath, do ¹¹ not ² know [°] the man."	Lonly here See Ap 160	o. 160.		
u ³	78 And ² after a while came unto him the that stood by, and said to Peter, "Surely finalso art one ²¹ of them; for thy speech bewrateth thee."	which=Who. said-had said. ou y- 27. 1 against. Gr. kata. Ap. 104. x. 1. Jesus. Ap. 98. X.			
V ³	74 Then began he to °curse and to swe saying, "I ² know ¹¹ not the man."	to put Him, &c. = so that they might put I 27. 3-10 (P, p. 1373). JUDAS. REMO (Alternations.)			
Z^1	And immediately ° the cock crew.	$P \mid A \mid w \mid 3$. Remorse.			
Y ²	75 And Peter remembered the "word of 1 sus, "which "said unto him,		Money eturned.		
Z^2	³⁴ "Before ³⁴ the cock crow, thou shalt deny ³⁴ thrice."	Full R Purchase Fulliment.	loney		
Y ³	And he went out, and wept bitterly.	3 which had betrayed Him = that delivered	ed Him up.		
Q (p. 1373)	27 When the morning was come, all the chief priests and elders of the Peop took counsel °against ° Jesus °to put Him death: 2 And when they had bound Him, they is the Him away, and delivered Him to Pontius is late the governor.	the thirty pieces, &c. Cp. 26. 16. 4 sinned. Ap. 128. I. 1. Lit. "I sinned" the innocent. (No Art.) The innocence of affirmed by six witnesses, three in Matt	f the Lord thew and (27. 24); (5); 5. the		
PAw (p. 1375)	3 Then Judas, "which had betrayed Hi when he saw that He was condemned," pented himself, and brought again "the thin pieces of silver to the chief priests and elder	(Luke 23. 47). innocent. Gr. athõos. Occ. only here, and e- blood. Put by Fig. Synecdochē (of the Par ty for the whole person with a latent rof to	d v. 24. rt), Ap. 6,		
x	4 Saying, "I have °sinned in that I ha betrayed °the °innocent °blood." And th said, °"What is that °to us? °see thou that."	by see thou to that = thou will see [to it], see. Ap. 133. I. S. 5 in. Gr. en. Ap. 104. viii. But all the t	04. xv. 8. texts read		
w	5 And he cast down the pieces of silver $^{\circ}$ the $^{\circ}$ Temple, and departed,	in eis=into (vi) the Sanctuary, over the barrie Sanctuary. Temple=the Sanctuary. Gr. naos. See			
x	and went and ° hanged himself.	23. 16. hanged himself. Gr. apagchomai. Occ.	only here		
<i>A</i> y	6 And the chief priests took the silver piec and said, "It is "not lawful for to put the "into the treasury," because it is the price blood."	Acts 1. 18 describes what took place, in com afterward. He must have been hanging of could "fall forward". See note there. Gr Occ. only here (Matt. 27. 5) in N.T. Sept. 1	before he r. apagchō. for hānaķ.		
Z	7 And they took counsel, and ° bought ° withem the potter's ° field, ° to bury strangers 8 Wherefore that ⁷ field was called, "The ⁷ field of blood", unto this day.	n. 6 not. Gr. ou. Ap. 105. I. into. Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi. because=since.			
y	9 Then was fulfilled that which was ° spok ° by ° Jeremy the prophet, saying, " And the took the thirty pieces of silver, (the price Him That was valued, Whom they ° of t ° children of Israel did value);	 ey ktaomai = acquired as a possession by purchased of 1.1s refers to quite another transaction. See There is no "discrepancy" except that which by inattention to the Greek words used. with = out of Gr. ek. Ap. 104. vii. 	here, but ase. Acts Ap. 161. I.		
z	10 And gave them ° for the potter's field, ' ° the Lord ° appointed me."	as field. Gr. agros, not chorion = a small hold Acts 1. 18.	ling, as in		
SB (p. 1376)	11 And ¹ Jesus stood before the governor:	to bury strangers in = for (Gr. eis. Ap. burying ground (Gr. taphē. Occ. only foreigners.			
	not ho gegraptai. See Ap. 161. by Jeremy = Jeremiah. of = from. Gr. apo. Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi. as = according Ap. 98. VI. i. a. 1. B. b. appointed. G	n or Zechariah, but "spoken" by Jeremiah. Gr. =by means of, or by [the mouth of]. Gr. dia. An Ap. 104. iv. children = sons. Ap. 108. III.	p. 104. v. 1. 10 for. the Lord.		

27. 11.

MATTHEW.

C D' (p. 1376)	Thou the King of the Jews?" PILATE. (Introversion and Alternation.)			
\mathbf{E}^{1}	And ¹ Jesus said unto him, "" \mathfrak{L}_{hou} sayest." $\begin{vmatrix} S \\ C \\ D^1 \end{vmatrix} = 11$. The Lord before the Governor.			
$\mathbf{D^2}$	12 And when He was accused ° of the chief	$E^1 \mid -11$. The Lord. Answer. $D^2 \mid 12$ Rulers. Accusation.		
29	priests and elders, He answered ° nothing.	$E^2 \mid -12$. The Lord. Silence. D ³ 13. Pilate. Question of the Lord.		
\mathbf{E}^2		$E^3 14$. The Lord. Silence.		
\mathbf{D}_{3}	13 Then [°] said Pilate unto Him, "Hearest Thou [°] not how many things they witness against Thee?"	D ⁴ 15-25. Pilate. Remonstrance with the People. B 26. The Lord delivered by the Governor.		
\mathbf{E}^{s}	14 And He answered him to ° never a ° word; insomuch that the governor marvelled greatly. 12 of -by. Gr. hupo. Ap. 104. xviii. 1. Not the			
D'Fa	15 Now °at <i>that</i> feast the governor was wont to release unto the °people a prisoner, whom they °would. 16 And they had then a notable prisoner, called °Barabbas.	 same as in vv. 9, 21. nothing. Note the occasions of the Lord's silence and speech. 13 said. The 1611 edition of the A.V. reads "saith". 14 never = not one. word. Gr. rhēma. See note on Mark 9. 32. 		
b	17 Therefore when they were gathered to- gether, Pilate said unto them, "Whom °will ye that I release unto you? ¹⁶ Barabbas, or °Jesus Which is called °Christ?" 18 For he °knew that °for envy they had de- livered Him.	27. 15-25 (D ⁴ , above). PILATE. REMON- STRANCE WITH THE PEOPLE. (Repeated Alternation.) D ⁴ F a 15, 16. Release of one. Customary. b 17, 18. Question as to preference. c 19. Advice of Pilate's wife to existing. Pilate.		
c	19 When he was set down ° on the judgment seat, his wife sent ° unto him, saying, "Have thou nothing to do with that just Man: for °I have suffered many things this day ° in °a dream ° because of Him."	$\begin{bmatrix} F & a & 20. \text{ Release of Barabbas. Persua-}\\ & \text{sion.}\\ & b & 21-23. \text{ Question as to preference.}\\ & c & 24, 25. \text{ Advice of Pilate to the}\\ & \text{people.} \end{bmatrix}$ Custom acted on.		
Fa	20 But the chief priests and elders °persuaded the °multitude that they should °ask 16 Barabbas, and destroy ¹ Jesus.	people = crowd. would. Gr. thelō. Ap. 102. I. 16 Barabbas. Aramaic. See Ap. 94. III. 3. 17 will = choose. Ap. 102. 1.		
b	21 The governor answered and said unto them, "Whether ⁹ of the twain ¹⁷ will ye that I release unto you?" They said, ¹⁶ "Barabbas," 22 Pilate [°] saith unto them, "What shall I do then with ¹ Jesus Which is called ¹⁷ Christ?" They all [°] say unto him, "Let Him be [°] cruci- fied." 23 And the governor said, "Why, what [°] evil hath He done?" But they [°] cried out the more, saying, "Let Him be ²² crucified."	Christ=Messiah. Ap. 98. IX. 18 knew=was aware. Gr. oida. Ap. 132. I. i. for=on account of. Gr. dia. Ap. 104. v. 2. 19 on=upon. Gr. epi. Ap. 104. ix. 1. Not the same as in 25, 30. unto. Gr. pros. Ap. 104. xv. 3. Not the same word as in vv. 27, 33; but same as in v. 62. I have suffered=I suffered. in. Gr. kata. Ap. 104. x. 2. a dream. Gr. onar. See note on 1. 20. because of. Gr. dia. Ap. 104. v. 2. 20 persuaded. See Ap. 150. I. 2.		
c	24 When Pilate saw that he could prevail nothing, but <i>that</i> rather a tumult ° was made, he took water, and ° washed <i>his</i> hands before the ²⁰ multitude, saying, "I am ° innocent ° of the ° blood of this just ° Person: ° see <u>pe</u> to it." 25 Then answered all the People, and said, "His ²⁴ blood <i>be</i> ° on us, and ° on our ° children."	 23 evil. Gr. kakos. Ap. 128. IV. 2. cried=kept crying. 24 was made = arose, or was brewing. washed. Gr. aponipto. Occ. only here. See Ap. 		
В	26 Then released he ¹⁶ Barabbas unto them: and when he had $^{\circ}$ scourged ¹ Jesus, he $^{\circ}$ de- livered <i>Him</i> to be ²² crucified.	136. ii. innocent=guiltless. of=from. Gr. apo. Ap. 104. iv. Same as in vv. 9, 57. Not the same as in vv. 12, 29, 48. blood. Put by Fig. Synecdoche (of Species), Ap. 6,		
T G	27 Then the soldiers of the governor took ¹ Jesus ⁶ into the [°] common hall, and gathered [°] unto Him the whole [°] band of soldiers.	for murder, as in 23. 35. Deut. 19. 12. Ps. 9. 12. Hos. 1. 4. Person = [One]. see ge=ye will see. Gr. opsomai. Ap. 133. I. 8. a. 25 on. Gr. epi. Ap. 104. ix. 3. Not the same as vv. 19, 30.		
	children = offspring. Gr. pl. of teknon. Ap. 108. I. 26 scourged. Gr. phragelloö. Occ. only here, and Mark 15. 15. delivered Him = handed Him over.			
	27. 27-34 (T, p. 1373). PERSONAL ABUSE. (Alternation.)			
	T G 27. Place. Prætorium. H 28-32. Treatment. Crown and Cross. G 33. Place. Golgotha. V Logotha.			
	$H \mid 34$. Treatment. The bitter cup.			
	27 common hall=Prætorium. In Mark 15. 16 it is called the <i>aulë</i> , or open courtyard (cp. Matt. 26. s). In John 18. 28, 33; 19. 9, it is Pilate's house, within the <i>aulë</i> . unto=against. Gr. <i>epi</i> . Ap. 104. ix. 8. Not the same as in <i>vv.</i> 19, 33, 45, 62. band. Render "cohort" and omit "of soldiers". The cohort contained about 600 men.			

	27. 28. MA 7	THEW. 27. 38.			
H d (p. 1377)	28 And they stripped Him, and put on Him a °scarlet ° robe.	n 27. 28-32 (H, p. 1376). TREATMENT. (Alternation.)			
(Р•-577) е 29	29 And when they had platted a °crown °c thorns, they put <i>it</i> °upon His head, and a ree ° in His right hand : and they bowed the kne before Him, and °mocked Him, saying; °" Hai King of the Jews !" 30 And they spit °upon Him, and took the reed, and °smote Him °on the head.	d d 31. Clothing. Re-changed. e 32. Cross. 28 scarlet = purple. robe. Gr. chlamus. Occ. only here, and v. 31.			
đ	31 And after that they had ²⁹ mocked Hin they took the robe off from Him, and put H own raiment on Him, and led Him away ^o t ²² crucify <i>Him</i> .	 s in. Gr. epi. Ap. 104. ix. 3. But all the texts read o in (as in vv. 5, 60). mocked Him: as foretold by Him in 20. 17-19, but 			
e	32 And as they came out, they found a material of Cyrene, Simon by name: "him they "compelled to bear His cross.	30 upon=at. Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi. smote=kept beating.			
G (p. 1376)	33 And when they were come °unto a plac called °Golgotha, that is to say, a place of skull,				
H	34 °They gave Him °vinegar to drin mingled °with gall: and when He had °taste thereof, °He would ⁶ not drink.	 33 unto. Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi. Not the same word as in vv. 19, 27, 45, 62. Golgotha. An Aramaic word, from the Heb. Gulgo- leth (see Ap. 94. III. 3. Judg. 9. 53. 2 Kings 9. 35). No- 			
L ² J ¹ f (p. 1377)	35 And they ²² crucified Him, and ° parted Higarments, casting lots: that it might be fu filled which was spoken ° by the prophet,	s thing is said about a "green hill". But an elevation,			
g	""They parted My garments among them, and upon My vesture did they cast lots." 34 They gave Himdrink. Note the five occa- sions on which this was done; and observe the accu-				
f	36 And sitting down they °watched His there;	Imperfect Tense), He did not drink. 2. When they			
g	37 And °set up ° over His head His accuse tion written, ° THIS IS 1 JESUS THE KIN OF THE JEWS.				
J ² h	38 ° Then were there two ° thieves ²² crucified ° with Him, ° one on the right hand, and an- other ° on the left. others, but afterward carried out (Matt. 27. 48). 5. last about the ninth hour, in response to the Lo call (John 19. 29). vinegar. In the first case, it was wine (Gr. or				
	drugged with myrh (see Mark 15. 22, 23). 2. In the second case, it was "vinegar (Gr. oxos) mingled with gall" (Gr. chol?) (Matt. 27. 33). 3. In the third case, it was "sour wine" (Gr. oxos), (Luke 23. 36). 4. In the fourth case it was also "sour wine" (Gr. oxos), (Matt. 27. 48, as in v. 34). 5. In the fifth case it was the same (Gr. oxos), (John 19. 28). These then were the five occasions and the three kinds of drink. with. Gr. meta. Ap. 104. xi. 1. tasted. See notes above. He would not. Gr. thelö. See Ap. 102. 1. 27. 35-54 (L ² , p. 1373). THE CRUCIFIXION. (Division.) $L^{9} \begin{bmatrix} J^{1} \\ J^{2} \\ J^{3} \end{bmatrix}$ 38-44. After the parting of the garments. $J^{3} \end{bmatrix}$ 38-44. After the parting of the garments. $J^{3} \end{bmatrix}$ 45-54. The three hours' darkness. 27. 35-37 (J ¹ , above). THE PARTING OF THE GARMENTS. (Alternation.) $J^{1} \begin{bmatrix} f \end{bmatrix}$ 35 The crucifixion. $g \begin{bmatrix} -35. \text{ God's writing fulfilled.} \\ f \end{bmatrix}$ 36. The watching.				
	$\begin{vmatrix} g & 37. Man's writing put up. \\ 35 parted His garments. This fulfilled Ps. 22. 18; and marks a fixed point in the series of events, whidetermines the time of others. by. Gr. hupo. Ap. 104. xviii. 1. 36 watched=were keepiguard over. (Note the Imperf. Tense.) 37 set up over His head. This is not therefore toinscription written by Pilate and put upon the cross before it left Pilate's presence (John 19. 19); this wbrought after the dividing of the garments; and was probably the result of the discussion of John 19. 21,See Ap. 163. over. Gr. epano=up over. See note "upon", 28. 2. THIS, &c. For these capitletters see Ap. 48.27. 38-44 (J2, above). AFTER THE PARTING OF THE GARMENTS. (Introversion.)J^2 h 3s. The two lestai (robbers). Brought.i 39, 40. The Reviling of the Rulers.h 41-43. The Mocking of the Rulers.h 44. The two lestai (robbers). Reviling.38 Then. After the parting of the garments. See Ap. 163, two thieves=two robbers. Gr. lestTherefore not the two "malefactors" (Gr. kakourgoi) of Luke 23. 32, who "were led with Him to be pito death", and came to Calvary and were crucified with Him (Luke 23. 33). These two "robbers" webrought later. Note the word "Then" (v. 38). See Ap. 164. with=together with : i.e. in conjunctio(not association). Gr. sun. Ap. 104. xvi. one on, &c. See Ap. 164. on. Gr. ek. Ap. 104. xvi.$				

27. 39.

MATTHEW.

39 And they that ° passed by reviled Him, wagging their heads, 40 And saying, ° " Thou That destroyest the (p. 1377)

- 29 ⁵ Temple, and buildest *it* ²⁹ in ⁵ three days, save Thyself. If Thou be °the Son of God, come down ° from the cross."
 - 41 Likewise ° also the chief priests mocking ż Him, ³⁴ with the scribes and elders, $^{\circ}$ said, 42 $^{\circ}$ "He saved $^{\circ}$ others; Himself He $^{\circ}$ can-

not save. ° If He be the King of Israel, let Him now come down 40 from the cross, and we will believe Him.

43 He °trusted 29 in ° God; let Him deliver Him now, "if He 17 will have Him : for He said, 'I am 40 the Son of God.'

- 44 The ³⁸ thieves also, which were crucified h with Him, ° cast the same in His teeth.
- 45 Now 40 from ° the sixth hour ° there was **J**³ K 1 darkness over all the °land ° unto °the ninth (p. 1378) hour.
 - 46 And °about ⁴⁵ the ninth hour ¹ Jesus cried \mathbf{m} with a loud voice, saying, °" Eli, Eli, lama sabachthani?" that is to say, "My ⁴³God, My ⁴⁸ God, why hast Thou forsaken Me?"
 - 47 Some of them that stood there, when they Ln heard that, said, "This man calleth for "Elias."
 - 48 And straightway one ²⁹⁻ of them ran, and 0 took a spunge, and filled it with ° vinegar, and put it on a reed, and ^ogave Him to drink.
 - 49 The rest 41 said, " Let be, let us see whether n 47 Elias ° will come to save him.'
 - K m50¹ Jesus, when He had cried again with a loud voice, yielded up the ° ghost.
 - 51 And, ° behold, ° the veil of the 5 Temple was 2 rent °in twain °from the top to the bottom; °and the earth did quake, and the rocks ° rent;

52 And the ° graves were opened; and many bodies ° of the saints which slept ° arose,

- 53 And came °out of the 52 graves °after His °resurrection, and went 6 into °the holy city, and ° appeared unto many.
- 54 Now when the centurion, and they that L were ³⁴ with him, watching ¹ Jesus, ^o saw the earthquake, and those things that were done, they feared greatly, saying, " Truly This was ⁴⁰ the Son of God.'
- 55 And many women were there ° beholding °afar off, °which followed 1 Jesus 40 from °Galilee, ministering unto Him:

- **39** passed = were passing. Another indication that it was not the Passover day. See Ap. 156.
- 40 Thou that, &c. Perverting the Lord's words (John 2, 19). Cp. 6. 18.
- the Son of God. Ap. 98. XV.

from = off. Gr. apo. Ap. 104. iv. Same as in vv. 42, 45, 55, 64.

41 also the chief priests = the chief priests also. said=kept saying. 42 He saved. Note the Alternation here, in the

Greek. In Eng. it is an Introversion.

- j | Others
- k | He saved;
- $j \mid \text{Himself}$ \dot{k} | He cannot save.

others. Ap. 124. 1.

- cannot = is not (Gr. ou, as in v. 6) able to. If he be, &c. The condition is assumed. See Ap. 118.
- 2. a. All the texts omit "if", and read "he is" (in irony). 43 trusted. See Ap. 150. I. 2. Quoted from Ps. 22. s.
- God. Ap. 98. I. i. 1. if He will. The condition assumed, as in v. 42. Cp.

Ps. 18. 19; 41. 11. 44 cast . . . teeth=kept reviling Him. Both the

robbers reviled ; but only one of the malefactors (Luke 23. 39, 40). See Ap. 164.

27. 45-54 (J³, p. 1377). THE THREE HOURS' DARKNESS. (Alternation and Introversion.)

- J³ | K | 1 | 45. Sign in heaven. Darkness.
 - m | 46. Cry. "Eli, Eli". L | 47-49. Misunderstanding of Bystanders.
 - m | 50. Cry. Repeated. K l | 51-53. Signs on earth. Veil, earthquake, &c.
 - $L \mid 54$. Understanding of Centurion and others.

45 the sixth hour. Noon. See Ap. 165. there was darkness. No human eyes must gaze on the Lord's last hours.

over. Gr. epi. Ap. 104, ix. 3.

land. Gr. gē. Ap. 109. 4. unto=until. See Ap. 165. the ninth hour. 3 p.m. See Ap. 165.

46 about. Gr. peri. Ap. 104. xiii. 3.

Eli, Eli, lama sabachthani. The English transliteration of the Greek, which is the Greek transliteration of the Aram. 'eli, 'eli, lamah 'azabthani. The whole expression is Aramaic. See Ap. 94. III. 3. Words not reported in Luke or John. Quoted from Ps. 22. 1. See the notes there. Thus, with the Lord's last breath He gives Divine authority to the O.T. See Ap. 117. I. Note the "seven words" from the cross: (1) Luke 23. 34; (2) Luke 23. 43; (3) John 19. 26, 27; (4) Matthew 27. 46; (5) John 19. 28; (6) John 19. 30; (7) Luke 23. 46.

27. 47-49 (L, above). MISUNDERSTANDING

OF BYSTANDERS. (Introversion.)

L | n | 47. The Call, 'Elī, 'Elī. Misunderstood.

o | 48. Giving to drink.

 $n \mid 49$. The Response. Waited for.

47 Elias. Greek for Elijah. Mistaken by the hearers for the Heb. (or Aramaic) '*ēliy-yāh*. 48 vinegar. Gr. oxos. See notes on v. 34. 49 will come = is coming. gave - was offering. Ref. to Mal. 4. 5. 50 ghost=spirit. Gr. pneuma. See Ap. 101. II. 6. 51 behold. Fig. Asterismos. Ap. 6. the veil. Gr. katapetasma = that which is spread out downward, or that which hangs down. Sept. for Heb. $m\bar{a}_{3}\bar{a}k$ (Ex. 26. 37; 35. 12; 40. 5). Occ. only here; Mark 15. 38, Luke 23. 45. Heb. 6. 19; 9. 3; 10. 20. Not the same word as in 1 Cor. 11. 15, or as in 2 Cor. 3. 13-16 (Ex. 34. 33, &c). in = into. Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi. Not the same word as in vv. 5, 19, 29, 40, 43, 59, 60. from the top = from above, as in Luke 1. 3. See note there. Gr. anothen. First of thirteen occurrences. and. Note the Fig. Polysyndeton in vv. 51-53. the Fig. Polysyndeton in vv. 51-53. rent = were rent. edition of the A.V. had incorrectly "of saints". aro **52** graves = tombs. of the saints. The 1611 arose = were waked. All the texts read "were raised" Is this the resurrection referred to in Rom. 1. 3? See notes there. Gr. egersis = awaking, rousing up, or arising. Occ. only here. Cp. John 12 24. They thus fulfilled the Lord's word in John 5. 25. 53 out of. Gr. ek. Ap. 104. vii. after. Gr. meta. Ap. 104. xi. 2. resurrection = arising He rose : they were raised. the holy city. See note on 4.5. appeared : privately. Gr. emphanizo. See Ap. 106. I. iv. 54 saw=having seen.

27. 55-28. 15 [For Structure see next page].

55 beholding. Gr. theoreo. Ap. 133. I. 11. which =afar off=from (Gr. apo. Ap. 104. iv) afar. Galilee. Ap. 169. who: i.e. such as.

L³ M¹ N

(p. 1379)

27. 56.

MATTHEW.

 \mathbf{M}^2

29 56 °Among ° which was Mary Magdalene, and Mary the mother of James and Joses, and the mother of ° Zebedee's 9 children.

0 p 57 When the even was come, there came a

rich man 21 of Arimathæa, named Joseph, who (p. 1379) ° also himself ° was ' Jesus' disciple:

- 58 $^{\circ}$ S_t went to Pilate, and begged the body q of 1 Jesus.
- Then Pilate commanded the body to be ° der livered.
- 59 And when Joseph had taken the body, he s wrapped it in a clean linen cloth, 60 And °laid it ⁵ in his own °new °tomb, which he had hewn out 5 in the rock : and he rolled a great stone to the door of the ° sepulchre, and ° departed.
- M² N 61 *And there was ° Mary Magdalene, and the other ° Mary, sitting over against the ° sepulchre.
 - 62 Now the next day, "that followed "the day of the preparation, the chief priests and Phari-0 psees came together 19 unto Pilate,
 - 63 Saying, ""Sir, we "remember that that q °deceiver said, while He was yet alive, °'After three days I will rise again. 64 Command therefore that the ⁶¹ sepulchre be ° made sure until ° the third day, lest His disciples come by night, and steal Him away, and say unto the People, 'He is risen 40 from °the dead:' so the last °error shall be worse
 - than ° the first.' 65 Pilate said unto them, ""Ye have "a r watch: go your way, 64 make it as sure as ye ° can.'
 - 66 So they went, and made the ⁶¹ sepulchre s sure, sealing the stone, ° and setting 65 a watch.
- 28 °In ° the end of ° the sabbath, as it be-gan to dawn ° toward the first day of the week, came ° Mary Magdalene and ° the other Mary ° to see the ° sepulchre. $L^4 M^2 P$
 - 2 And, ° behold, there ° was a great earth-Qt quake:
 - for the angel of °the LORD descended ° from u ° heaven, and came and ° rolled back the stone ° from the door, and °sat ° upon it.

- 27. 55-28. 15 (L³, p. 1373). BURIAL AND RESURRECTION. (Division.)
- L³ | M¹ | 27. 55-66. Burial.
- L⁴ M² 28. 1-15. Resurrection.

27. 55-66 (M¹, above). BURIAL. (Alternations.)

N | 55, 56. The Women. Mary and the others. O | p | 57. Joseph of Arimathæa. Мı

- q | 58-. His application to Pilate.

 $r \mid -58$. Pilate's compliance. s $\mid 59, 60$. Tomb. Body placed. $N \mid 61$. The Women. Mary and the others.

 $O \mid p \mid 62$. Chief Priests and Pharisees.

q | 63, 64. Their application to Pilate.

r | 65. Pilate's compliance.

s | 66. Tomb secured.

56 Among. Gr. en. Ap. 104. viii. 2.

which. Denoting a class : referring to 27. 55.

Zebedee's. See note on 4.21. 57 also himself=himself also.

was, &c. = had been discipled to Jesus. 58 & = This [man]. The Lord was thus buried by two secret disciples. See John 19.38, 39. Cp. Mark 15. 42, 43. Luke 23. 50-53.

delivered=given up. Cp. 18. 25-34. 60 laid it. See note on Isa. 53. 9.

new=Gr. kainos. See note on 9. 17; 26. 28, 29. Here= not newly hewn, but fresh; i.e. unused and as yet undefiled by any dead body.

tomb=monument. Gr. mnēmeion.

sepulchre = tomb, as above. Not the same word as in v. 61.

departed. When Joseph rolled the stone against the door he departed; when the angel rolled it away, he

"sat upon it." (Matt. 28. 2). **61** Mary... Mary. See Ap. 100. sepulchre. Gr. taphos=burying-place. Not the same word as in v. 60.

62 that followed. This was the "high Sabbath" of John 19. 42, not the weekly Sabbath of 28. 1. See Ap. 156.

the day of the preparation. See Ap. 156 and 166. 63 Sir. See Ap. 98. VI. i. a. 4. B.

remember = [have been] reminded.

deceiver = impostor.

After three days. They had heard the Lord say this in 12. 39, 40. This is how they understood the "three days and three nights". See Ap. 144, 148, and 166; cp. "after" in v. 53.

64 made sure == secured.

the third day. See Ap. 148.

the dead. See Ap. 139, 1. error = deception. the first. They do not say what the first was. It may be the crucifixion itself.

65 Ye have. Or, Ye may have.

a watch = a guard : the word being a transliteration of the Latin custodia, consisting of four soldiers (Acts 12. 4). See note there. Gr. koustodia. Occ. only in Matthew (here, and in 28. 11). can = know [how] 66 and setting a watch=with (Gr. meta, as in vv. 34, 41, 54. Not as in Gr. oida. Ap. 132. I. i. vv. 7, 38) the watch : i.e. in the presence of the watch, leaving them to keep guard.

28. 1-15 (L4, above). RESURRECTION. (Alternation.)

L⁴ | P | 1. The Women. Seeing.

Q | 2-4. Events at the Sepulchre.

P | 5-10. The Women. Seeking.

 $Q \mid 11-15$. Events in the city.

1 In, &c. For the sequence of events connected with the resurrection see Ap. 166. In. Gr. en. Ap. 104. viii. the end of = late on, &c. the sabbath. The weekly sabbath. The seventh day; not the high sabbath of v. 62 or John 19. 42, because that was the first day of the feast (following the "preparation day"). See Ap. 156. toward. Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi. Mary ... the other Ma: to gaze upon. Gr. theoreo. Ap. 133. I. 11. Not the same as in vv. 6, 7, 10, 17. Mary... the other Mary. See Ap. 100. to see sepulchre. Gr. taphos. As in 27. 61, 64, 66. Not the same as in "tomb" (27. 60).

28. 2-4 [For Structure see next page].

2 behold. Fig. Asterismos. Ap. 6. was = happened.the LORD = Jehovah (Ap. 4. II). See Ap. 98. VI. i. a. 1. B. b. from=out of. Gr. ek. Ap. 104. vii. heaven. Sing. See note on 6. 9, 10. rolled back = had rolled back. from = away from. Gr. apo. Cp. 27. 37. Ap. 104. iv. sat upon it. See note on 27. 60. Sat that it might be known by what power it was rolled back. upon. Gr. epano.

28. 2.

	28. 3. MATTHEW. 28.			28 . 20.
<i>u</i> (p. 1380)	3 His ° countenance was ° his raiment white as snow :	like lightning, and	28. 2-4 (Q, p. 1379). EVENTS AT (Introversion.)	THE SEPULCHEE.
29 t	4 And $^{\circ}$ for fear of him the and became as $^{\circ}$ dead men.	keepers did shake,	Q t 2 Effect. Earthquake. u -2. Cause. Action. u 3. Cause. Appearance. t 4. Effect. Terror of the W.	The Angel.
PRv	5 And the angel answered women, "Fear ° not ge: for seek ° Jesus, Which was cru 6 He is ° not here: for H said. Come, °see the place w	r °I know that ye ucified. le is risen, °as He	3 countenance = general app	earance. Gr. <i>idea.</i> ng: in effulgence.
w	7 And go quickly, and tell He is risen ² from [°] the de He goeth before you [°] into shall ye [°] see Him : lo, I hav	ad; and, ² behold, o [°] Galilee; there	28. 5-10 (P, p. 1379). THE WC (Introversion and Alter P R v 5, 6. Words of the angel w 7. Their Commission.	r nation.) L
S x	chre ° with fear and great jo	by;	$\begin{array}{c c} S & x & s Their departure of the line of t$	$\left. \begin{array}{c} \text{sture.} \\ \text{ssion.} \end{array} \right\}$ The Women.
У	and did run to bring His dis	sciples ° word.	w -10. His Commission	
R v	9 And as they °went to tel hold, ⁵ Jesus °met them, s And they came and °held and °worshipped Him. 10 Then said ⁵ Jesus unto afraid:	aying, "All hail." Him by the feet,	5 not. Gr. mē. Ap. 105. II. I know. Gr. oida. See Ap. 132 6 not. Gr. ou. Ap. 105. I. a. see. Gr. eidon. Ap. 133. I. 1. the Lord. Ap. 98. VI. i. a. 4. B. lay = was (lately) lying.	as=according as. 2.
v	go tell My brethren that the and there shall they 7 see M		7 the dead. See Ap. 139. 4. (H into=unto. Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi. see. Gr. opsomai. Ap. 133. I. 8.	Galilee. Ap.169.
Q z	11 Now when they were go of ° the watch came ⁷ into the unto the chief priests all the done.	e city, and ° shewed	8 with. Gr. meta. Ap. 104. xi. 9 went=were going. met=confronted. As from an Cp. the noun (25. 1, 6. Acts 28. 18 held Him by the feet=seized J	opposite direction 5. 1 Thess. 4. 17).
а	12 And when they were as elders, and had taken co ° large money unto the sold	ounsel, they gave	worshipped = prostrated themse 137. 1.	elves before. See Ap.
z	13 ° Saying, "Say ye, 'His night, and stole Him away 14 And ° if this come ° to the we will ° persuade him, and	while we slept.' ne governor's ears,	28. 11-15 (Q, p. 1379). EVEN (Alternation.) Q z 11. The Watch. Their repo a 12. Bribe offered. z 13, 14. The Watch. Report	ort.
a	15 So they took the mone were taught: and this °say reported ° among the Jews	ying ° is commonly	a 15. Bribe accepted. 11 the watch. See note on 27. shewed=told. See <i>vv</i> . 8, 9, 10.	65, 66.
B (p. 1305)	16 Then the eleven disciple Galilee, ⁷ into [°] a mountain w pointed them. 17 And when they ⁶ saw shipped Him: but some [°] do 18 And ⁵ Jesus [°] came and [°] saying, "All [°] power [°] is a [°] heaven and [°] in earth.	es went away ⁷ into here ⁸ Jesus had ap- Him, they ⁹ wor- pubted. ⁹ spake unto them,	were done=had come to pass. 12 large=sufficient: i.e. to brih 13 Saying, Say ye=Telling th 14 if this come, &c.=Should th dition of uncertainty. Ap. 118. 1 to. Gr. epi. Ap. 104. ix. 1. persuade=satisfy: i.e. bribe. C 150. II. secure you=free you from care or screen you. Cn. 1 Cor. 7, 32	em to say. nis come, &c. A con- b. p. Gal. 1. 10. See Ap
A	19 °Go ye therefore, and ° ° baptizing them ° in ° the na and of the Son, and of ° the 20 Teaching them to obser soever I have commanded y ⁸ with you ° alway, even ° un ° world." Amen.	the of the °Father, Holy Ghost : ve all things what- you: and, °lo, 3 am	or screen you. Cp. 1 Cor. 7. 32. 15 saying=story. Gr. logos. State is=has been. among. Gr. para. Ap. 104. xii. 16 a=the. 17 doubted=hesitated. Gr. d Matthew (here and in 14. 31). The rendered, especially in a parenth dered in 16. 5. Luke 8. 29. John 1 26. 48 and in Luke 22. 44 also.	. 2. <i>istazō</i> . Occ. only ir 6 Gr. aorist may be so lesis; and is so ren 18. 24: it should be ir
	18 came = approached (as in v. 9). spake saying. "Spake" referring to the act, and "saying" referring to the substance. power = authority. Gr. exousia. Ap. 172. 5. is given = has (just, or lately) been given. in. Gr. en. Ap. 104 vii. heaven. Sing. See note on 6. 9, 10. in = upon. Gr. epi. Ap. 104. ix. 1. 19 Go ye, &c See Ap. 167. teach=disciple. Not the same word as in v. 20. nations=the nations. bap tizing in. See Ap. 115. I. iv. 4. Tr. and WH m. read "having baptized". in=into. Ap 104. vi. Denoting object and purpose. Cp. 3. 11. Acts 2. 38. the name. Sing. Not "names". This is the final definition of "the Name" of the One true God. Father. Ap. 98. III. the Holy Ghost= the Holy Spirit. Gr. pneuma. See Ap. 101. II. 3. 20 lo. Fig. Asterismos. Ap. 6. alway=all the days. unto=until. the end of the world=the completion, or consummation, of the age: i. e. that then current dispensation, when this apostolic commission might have ended. See Ap. 129. 2, and note on 18. 39. But as Israel did not then repent (Acts 3. 19-26; 28. 25-28), hence all is postponed till Matt. 24. 14 shall be taken up and fulfilled, "then shall the end (telos) of the sunteleia come". This particular commission was therefore postponed. See Ap. 167. world=age. Gr. aion. Ap. 129. 2.			

1